

| Fastest Growing Industry Groups | Annualized Percentage Growth Rate³ |
|--|--|
| Ambulatory Health Care Services | 3.49 |
| Nursing & Residential Care Facilities | 3.18 |
| Pipeline Transportation | 2.98 |
| Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation | 2.92 |
| Support Activities for Transportation | 2.84 |
| Administrative & Support Services | 2.82 |
| Hospitals | 2.71 |
| Warehousing & Storage | 2.68 |
| Food Services & Drinking Places | 2.56 |
| Support Activities for Ag. & Forestry | 2.52 |

Source: 3 - LMI Projections Program, 2004-2014

Greensboro/High Point/Guilford WDB Guilford County



I mportant factors to consider when exploring different occupations are the annual growth potential, number of openings in the occupation, educational requirements and salary. The Employment Security Commission of North Carolina's Long Term Occupational Projections provide this information, which can be used in a variety of ways:

- **Students, Job Seekers and Counselors:** To explore employment in occupations and industries.
- **Employers:** To examine expected employment in industries and occupations.
- **Educational Institutions:** To determine course offerings.
- **Researchers:** To analyze North Carolina's labor market.
- **Planners:** To develop training opportunities for clients.
- **Economic Developers:** To assess job growth opportunities.

For complete projections reports, go to:

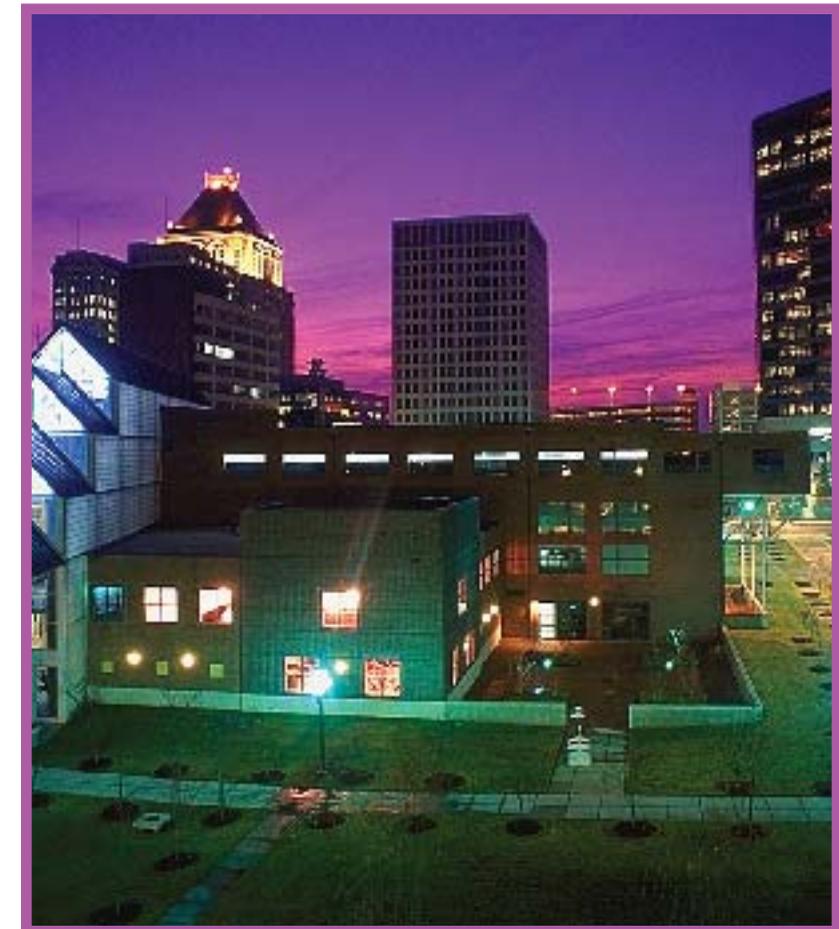
**Employment Security Commission
of North Carolina**



Labor Market Information Division
P.O. Box 25903
Raleigh, NC 27611-5903
Phone: 919-733-2936
Fax: 919-733-8662
www.ncesc.com

Greensboro/High Point/ Guilford Workforce Development Board

Long Term Occupational Projections 2004-2014



Greensboro Skyline. Photo courtesy of Bill Russ, NC Division of Tourism.



Greensboro/High Point/Guilford WDB Area Occupational Projections 2004-2014

| Bachelor's Degree Growing Occupations Based on Annual Total Openings ¹ | State Median Wage² | Associate Degree Growing Occupations Based on Annual Total Openings ¹ | State Median Wage² | Vocational Training Growing Occupations Based on Annual Total Openings ¹ | State Median Wage² |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| <i>Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education</i> | \$36,718/year* | <i>Registered Nurses</i> | \$24.14/hour | <i>Nursing Aides, Orderlies & Attendants</i> | \$9.77/hour |
| <i>Accountants & Auditors</i> | \$24.03/hour | <i>Computer Support Specialists</i> | \$19.20/hour | <i>Automotive Service Tech. & Mechanics</i> | \$16.15/hour |
| <i>Secondary School Teachers, Except Special & Vocational Education</i> | \$38,032/year* | <i>Medical & Clinical Laboratory Technicians</i> | \$14.97/hour | <i>Aircraft Mechanics & Service Technicians</i> | \$19.43/hour |
| <i>Middle School Teachers, Except Special & Vocational Education</i> | \$37,064/year* | <i>Radiologic Technologists & Technicians</i> | \$21.67/hour | <i>Licensed Practical & Vocational Nurses</i> | \$16.69/hour |
| <i>Computer Systems Analysts</i> | \$31.22/hour | <i>Medical Records & Health Information Technicians</i> | \$11.73/hour | <i>Medical Secretaries</i> | \$12.23/hour |
| <i>Computer Software Engineers, Applications</i> | \$36.16/hour | <i>Dental Hygienists</i> | \$28.39/hour | <i>Preschool Teachers, Except Special Ed.</i> | \$8.31/hour |
| <i>Insurance Sales Agents</i> | \$16.94/hour | <i>Paralegals & Legal Assistants</i> | \$16.21/hour | <i>Hairdressers, Hairstylists & Cosmetologists</i> | \$10.04/hour |
| <i>Loan Officers</i> | \$21.47/hour | <i>Electrical & Electronic Engineering Technicians</i> | \$22.63/hour | <i>Bus & Truck Mechanics & Diesel Engine Specialists</i> | \$16.80/hour |
| <i>Network Systems & Data Communications Analysts</i> | \$29.19/hour | <i>Respiratory Therapists</i> | \$20.73/hour | <i>Medical Transcriptionists</i> | \$13.62/hour |
| <i>Construction Managers</i> | \$30.91/hour | <i>Veterinary Technologists & Technicians</i> | \$11.83/hour | <i>Real Estate Sales Agents</i> | \$20.36/hour |
| <i>Computer Software Engineers, Sys. Software</i> | \$38.97/hour | <i>Physical Therapist Assistants</i> | \$19.41/hour | <i>Fitness Trainers & Aerobics Instructors</i> | \$11.65/hour |
| <i>Network & Computer Systems Admin.</i> | \$27.41/hour | <i>Diagnostic Medical Sonographers</i> | \$26.77/hour | <i>Emergency Medical Tech. & Paramedics</i> | \$12.91/hour |
| <i>Medical & Clinical Lab. Technologists</i> | \$21.20/hour | <i>Interior Designers</i> | \$17.10/hour | <i>Legal Secretaries</i> | \$15.36/hour |
| <i>Employment, Recruitment & Placement Specialists</i> | \$19.20/hour | <i>Biological Technicians</i> | \$16.86/hour | <i>Mobile Heavy Equip. Mech., Except. Engines</i> | \$17.03/hour |
| <i>Special Education Teachers, Preschool & K-5</i> | \$37,617/year* | <i>Cardiovascular Technologists & Technicians</i> | \$19.49/hour | <i>Prepress Technicians & Workers</i> | \$14.90/hour |

Sources: 1-LMI Projections Program: 2004-2014 job growth and replacement (total openings) for occupational and industrial employment. 2-Occupational Employment and Wages (OES) program annual survey. NOTE: Median wage is the midpoint between the highest and lowest wage. *Projected teacher salaries only available on an annual basis.

Occupational employment projections and related job outlook information are valuable sources of labor market information widely used for planning and preparation of educational and training programs for future labor force needs and for developing career information. The occupational projections presented in this brochure were produced by analysts in the Labor Market Information Division of the Employment Security Commission of North Carolina. Guidelines and procedures defined by the U.S. Department of Labor's (DOL) Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) are used to ensure consistency in the gathering and dissemination of industry and occupational projections. Analysts use industrial data to review historical trends, staffing patterns, and to predict future employment growth or decline of an occupation within a geographical area. The accuracy of projections for individual occupations is subject to error because of many unknown factors that may affect the economy over the 10-year projection period and should not be used as a sole source of decision-making information.

The occupational projections listed in this brochure represent two aspects of employment opportunity growth—new job creation and existing job replacement.