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TWENTY-EIGHTH BIENNIAL REPORT

of the

NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES AND HISTORY

JULY 1, 1958

TO

JUNE 30, 1960

RALEIGH

NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES AND HISTORY

1960

NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES AND HISTORY

EXECUTIVE BOARD¹

McDaniel Lewis, *Chairman*, Greensboro
James W. Atkins, Gastonia
Gertrude Sprague Carraway, New Bern
Fletcher M. Green, Chapel Hill
Ralph P. Hanes, Winston-Salem
Josh L. Horne, Jr., Rocky Mount
Daniel J. Whitener, Boone

Christopher Crittenden, *Director*, Raleigh

IN MEMORIAM

HERSCHELL V. ROSE

On May 7, 1959, Herschell V. Rose, member of the Executive Board of the Department of Archives and History, died at the age of 72 in his home town of Smithfield, Johnston County. Born and reared on Bentonville Battleground, for many years he worked to secure proper recognition and maintenance of that historic site, and it was largely due to his influence that funds were raised and a State appropriation was made to purchase part of the area and to make that part a State Historic Site in 1957. The same year the Governor appointed him a member of the Department's Executive Board. He was the first Superintendent of Public Welfare of Johnston County, 1919, and from 1926 until his death he served as Clerk of the County Superior Court. So popular was he that he never had opposition in the Democratic primaries, and only twice did he have opposition, which he easily overcame, in the general elections.

¹ For terms of office of members of the Executive Board, see Appendix I, p. 92.

LETTER OF TRANSMISSION

To His Excellency

Luther H. Hodges

Governor of North Carolina

Dear Governor Hodges:

In compliance with Chapter 543, *Session Laws of 1955*, I have the honor to submit herewith for your Excellency's consideration the *Biennial Report* of the North Carolina Department of Archives and History for the period, July 1, 1958-June 30, 1960.

Respectfully,

CHRISTOPHER CRITTENDEN

Director

Raleigh, July 1, 1960

CONTENTS

Preserving the Past for the Future	7
Division of Archives and Manuscripts	13
Division of Historic Sites	37
Division of Museums	52
Division of Publications	68
Tryon Palace	79
The Carolina Charter Tercentenary Commission	83
The North Carolina Confederate Centennial Commission	88

Appendixes:

I The Executive Board, June 30, 1960	92
II Appropriations and Expenditures, 1930-1960	93
III Appropriations and Expenditures, 1958-1960	93
IV Number of Employees as of June 30 at the End of Each Biennium	94
V Positions and Salary Ranges, June 30, 1960	95
VI List of Employees, Showing Name, Title, and Period of Service	95
VII Publications of Staff Members	98
VIII Division of Archives and Manuscripts Pages Laminated	101
IX Photographic Copies Furnished by the Division of Archives and Manuscripts	102
X Division of Archives and Manuscripts Visitors and Correspondents	103
XI Number of Visits to Search Room for Each Biennium	104
XII Colleges and Universities Represented by Visitors and Mail Inquirers	104
XIII Topics of Research of Visitors and Mail Inquirers	105
XIV Archives and Manuscripts Accessioned	106
XV Administrative Histories and Inventories	125
XVI Records Turnover at Records Center	126
XVII Use of Records at Records Center	127
XVIII State Records Microfilmed	128
XIX Activities of the Local Records Section	129
XX Records Microfilmed by Counties	130
XXI New Historical Markers Erected During the Biennium	131
XXII Museum Items Accessioned	133
XXIII Registration at the Hall of History by State and Foreign Country	151
XXIV Volumes, Pamphlets, Leaflets, and Charts Mailed Per Quarter	152
XXV Paid-Up Subscriptions, New or Renewal, Received for <i>The North Carolina Historical Review</i> , Per Quarter	152

XXVI	Copies of <i>The North Carolina Historical Review</i> Mailed Per Issue	152
XXVII	Back Issues of <i>The North Carolina Historical Review</i> Mailed Per Quarter	153
XXVIII	Articles Published in <i>The North Carolina Historical Review</i>	153
XXIX	Documents Published in <i>The North Carolina Historical Review</i>	155
XXX	Copies of <i>Carolina Comments</i> Mailed Per Issue	155

BIENNIAL REPORT OF THE
NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES AND HISTORY

July 1, 1958-June 30, 1960

PRESERVING THE PAST FOR THE FUTURE

During the biennium 1958-1960 the Department rendered improved and expanded service to the four and one-half million citizens of North Carolina, to the agencies of the State government, the counties, the municipalities, the colleges and universities, the public schools—an enlargement and improvement, indeed, in every phase and facet of the over-all program.

The Executive Board continued to supervise and support the program of the Department, and the Director and all members of the staff wish to express their great appreciation to the Chairman and to all the members of the Board for giving their time, energy, and most of all their valuable advice and assistance. On May 7, 1959, we lost by death a valuable member of the Board, Herschell V. Rose of Smithfield, who lived to see the State acquire a historic site that he had long been interested in developing, Bentonville Battleground.¹ On August 25, 1959, Governor Hodges appointed Mr. Ralph P. Hanes of Winston-Salem to fill the unexpired portion of Mr. Rose's term, ending on March 31, 1963. Earlier, on June 18, 1959, the Governor had reappointed Miss Gertrude S. Carraway of New Bern and Mr. McDaniel Lewis of Greensboro and had appointed Dean Daniel J. Whitener of Boone, all for terms expiring on March 31, 1965.²

The budget increased from \$540,668 in 1956-1958 to \$725,788 in 1958-1960. This was indeed a far cry from the depression low of 1933-1935, when the total for the two years was only \$24,141. The increase from earlier biennium to the present is some 3,000 per cent. Even allowing for the erosion of the dollar's purchasing power, this is still a sizeable growth.³

¹ For an "In Memoriam" to Herschell V. Rose, see back of title page.

² For data on the Executive Board, see Appendix I, p. 92.

³ For detailed data on the budget, see Appendixes II and III, p. 93.

The number of employees grew from 8 in 1934 to 72 in 1960. At least as significant, however, was the raising of the requirements of training and experience and the improvement of the caliber of staff members, thanks to the fine cooperation and aid of the State Personnel Department. The staff of the Department has come to be known as one of the best trained and most competent of that of any agency of the State, and this has been recognized in a material way by the substantial upping of salary ranges all up and down the line.⁴

One much-appreciated improvement in physical facilities, which made for more efficient work and service, was the air conditioning of the offices and public rooms of the Department in both the Education Building and at the Records Center (the latter just after the close of the biennium). The archives areas had been air conditioned for almost 20 years, but only very recently were these other areas thus improved.

The greatest single need of the Department at the end of the biennium was for a new building. At present the Department is housed on the first floor and part of the ground floor of the Education Building, an office structure which is in many ways unsuitable for duties and functions in the specialized fields of archives, museums, historic sites, and others. What is needed is a specially designed structure, planned for the Department's complex and specialized needs. The Carolina Charter Tercentenary Commission and the North Carolina Confederate Centennial Commission, both established by the 1959 General Assembly, have approved the erection of such a building as their Number One project, and we are hopeful of success.⁵

For the Division of Archives and Manuscripts, the period was one of great and rapid expansion. In the Archives proper, progress was made in the repair, arrangement, description, and making available for use of large quantities of materials that had been in the custody of the Department for years but which, for lack of an adequate staff, had

⁴ For the number of employees, positions and salary ranges, and a list of employees during the biennium, see Appendixes IV, V, and VI, pp. 94, 95. Salary ranges were due to be upped, effective July 1, 1960, and still further, effective the following October 1.

⁵ For reports of these two Commissions, see below, pp. 83, 88.

not been open to the public. The Division undertook a program of microfilming North Carolina newspapers from the establishment of the first one, *The North Carolina Gazette* of New Bern, in 1751, to the approximate year 1870. It was planned later to extend the program to cover recent years, when paper pulp with its short longevity had come into use, provided the necessary funds could be made available. The State Records Administration program grew more efficient and smooth-working month by month, and it was extended to include more and more State agencies. The law controlling this program was clarified in 1959, so that beyond any shadow of doubt it was made the legal function and duty of the Department of Archives and History. By the installation of steel shelving reaching to the ceiling in the Records Center, the number of usable cubic feet for records was increased by nearly one-third. The General Assembly of 1959 appropriated funds for the conduct of a State-wide Local Records program, which, ably administered and executed, may serve as a model for other states.

Though the Department was assigned the Historic Sites program only as late as 1955 and though funds made available for the purpose were limited, a great deal of progress was made. Notable was the completion of the restoration of the Charles B. Aycock Birthplace in Wayne County and its dedication on November 1, 1959, the exact 100th anniversary of Aycock's birth. In connection with the approaching Civil War centennial, a great deal was accomplished at three Sites: Bentonville, in Johnston County, where a large part of the work of restoring the Harper House (used as a hospital during the battle by both armies in succession) and of marking the battlefield was completed; the Bennett Place, in Durham County, where a beginning was made in reconstructing the two chief structures, with funds available to complete them; and a good deal of the work of restoring the Zebulon B. Vance birthplace, in Buncombe County, with funds in hand to complete the work on this particular house. As the program took shape, it

⁶ For a detailed report of the Division of Archives and Manuscripts, see below, p. 13.

could be comprehended more and more clearly as a planned, State-wide system and not as a mere scattered hodgepodge of old houses and the like that somebody happened to want to preserve.⁷

By far the most expensive and largest-scale historical restoration of the period was Tryon Palace, the colonial capitol of North Carolina, at New Bern. Administered by the Tryon Palace Commission, in cooperation with the Department of Archives and History, the project by June 30, 1960, had cost a total of more than \$3,000,000, of which more than nine-tenths had been contributed by the late Mrs. J. E. Latham of Greensboro, with the State appropriating less than one-tenth of the total. Landscaping the grounds and certain other work had not yet been completed, and all of this was expected to add several hundred thousand dollars to the total cost. The Palace was officially opened in a series of ceremonies, April 8-10, 1959, and from that date through June 30, 1960, paid admissions totalled 42,638 with visitors from all 50 States of the Union and many foreign countries. The Palace and its furnishings won high praise from many sources.⁸

Unless one has actually served in a museum, it is hardly possible to visualize and understand the volume of work that has to be done and the many and varied activities that must be carried on, if the museum is to render even a major portion of its potential services. The Division of Museums during the period under review turned out a great deal of work and served the people of our State in many ways. A number of new exhibits, both permanent and special, were opened, and several of the old ones were completely renovated. Among the many acquisitions some of the most notable were the Cutten Collection of Early American Silver, the silver service presented by the teachers of the State to Governor Aycock, the Mary Lyde Hicks Williams group of oil paintings titled "Plantation Scenes from Life," many costumes, and a large number of firearms and related items. The educational program was expanded and improved, particularly for school children. A tremendous

⁷ For a more thorough report on the Historic Sites program, see below, p. 37.

⁸ For a detailed statement regarding Tryon Palace, see below, p. 79.

amount of photography was done, with more than 14,000 items produced. Service was rendered to other museums and museum groups throughout the State, the Division assisted in a number of celebrations of anniversaries, the staff played a prominent part in national and regional professional activities and programs, a great deal was done in the audio-visual field, and several special receptions and events were conducted or participated in at the Museum or elsewhere.⁹

The Division of Publications issued and distributed the largest number of publications in any two-year period, sold them for more money, and (if the comments of many critics may be believed) maintained the highest quality. A great many pamphlets and leaflets were published, especially for school children, but at the same time the division continued its scholarly publishing program. The quarterly *North Carolina Historical Review* was issued regularly, and many of the articles and documents have been praised for both their scholarly accuracy and balance and also for their readability. Furthermore, arrangements have been made with various authors and editors to prepare many additional publications in the future. We were delighted to be able to make arrangements during the biennium to pay a fee to the editor of each documentary volume—something that had been done many years previously but that had of necessity been discontinued during the economic depression of the 1930's. Enough material is in hand or in sight to continue the Department's documentary publication program, at the present rate, for a number of years to come.¹⁰

The General Assembly of 1955 passed a bill authorizing the Department of Archives and History to have a portrait painted of each Governor in succession during his term of office, and making an appropriation therefor.¹¹ In accordance therewith, the Department appointed an Advisory Committee consisting of Dr. Robert Lee Humber, Chairman; Mr. George Geoghegan; Mrs. Elizabeth House Hughey; Representative Cloyd Philpott; and Mr. Charles

⁹ For the report of the Division of Museums, see below, p. 52.

¹⁰ For a detailed report on the Publications program, see below, p. 68.

¹¹ *Session Laws of North Carolina*, 1955, Chapter 1248.

Stanford. Having issued a general invitation to artists to submit samples of their work, the Advisory Committee carefully studied these samples and recommended to the Department that the commission to paint the portrait of Governor Luther H. Hodges be awarded to Mr. Albert K. Murray of New York City. The Department followed this recommendation, Mr. Murray in due course painted the portrait, and it was unveiled at the annual meeting of the North Carolina Literary and Historical Association on Friday evening, December 4. Afterward the portrait was hung in the Governor's Mansion.

DIVISION OF ARCHIVES AND MANUSCRIPTS

H. G. JONES, *State Archivist*

The most dramatic biennium in the growth of the Division of Archives and Manuscripts has just ended. Again North Carolina leads the States of the Union in its archival program.

This growth may be shown statistically: The size of the Division's staff was doubled, its budget almost tripled, and its program greatly expanded. It is a simple fact that the Division has the largest staff, the largest budget, and the most comprehensive program of any State archival agency in the country.

Thus this will be a report of progress—progress toward an outstanding program of public records management and preservation. While the accomplishments of the last two years are a source of great pride to the Division, the following report is made not in boastful but in appreciative terms. Only through the assistance of many individuals and organizations throughout the State were the forward steps taken, a fact that bears out the belief that legislators and the public will come to the aid of a program which can demonstrate its merits in terms of culture, education, efficient management, and economy.

By far the most significant improvements in the Division were made possible by increased appropriations by the General Assembly. One additional employee (a stenographer in the State Archivist's office) was provided for in the "A" Budget, and three more employees (two in the Archives for newspaper microfilming and one in the Records Center for State records microfilming) were made possible by approval of certain "B" Budget requests. Passage of S. B. 101 (*Session Laws of 1959*, Chapter 1162) provided eleven additional employees for local records work. Other funds made possible several temporary part-time positions.

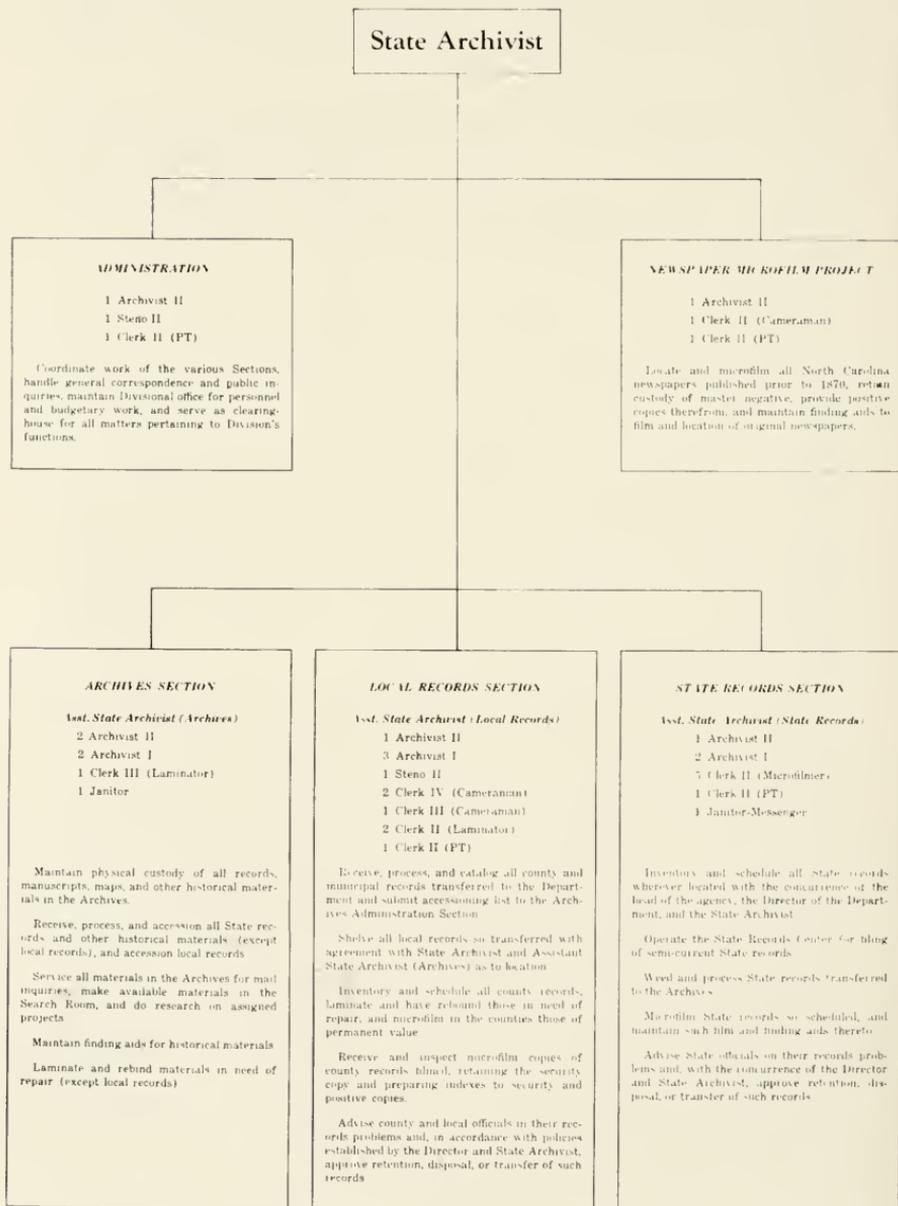
With this increase in staff and duties, a re-organization of the Division was effected.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES AND HISTORY

DIVISION OF ARCHIVES AND MANUSCRIPTS

Organization Chart

October 1, 1960



As is shown by the accompanying organizational chart, the Division was re-organized along lines of function: (1) The Archives, headed by the Assistant State Archivist (Archives) and having physical charge of all records transferred to it for permanent preservation, plus the Newspaper Microfilm Project; (2) the State Records Section, headed by the Assistant State Archivist (State Records) and having charge of inventorying, scheduling, weeding, and microfilming State records; and (3) the Local Records Section, headed by the Assistant State Archivist (Local Records) and having charge of inventorying, scheduling, arranging, and microfilming local records. The State Archivist and his administrative staff co-ordinate the work of the three sections. Physically, the entire Division is housed in the Education Building except the State Records Section which operates the State Records Center at the corner of West Lane and North McDowell streets in Raleigh, and three cameramen who microfilm permanent records in the counties for the Local Records Section.

More detailed reports for the Sections appear below. Here it is sufficient to summarize the major accomplishments.

The most striking advance was the inauguration of the new local records program. In August, 1958, the position of Public Records Examiner (now Assistant State Archivist in Charge of Local Records) was filled by the employment of Rear Admiral A. M. Patterson, U. S. Navy (Retired). Thus began a concerted program of field service to county and municipal officials. During the next several months the State Archivist and Admiral Patterson, or the latter alone, visited every one of the State's 100 counties. These visits resulted in suggestions to many officials as to improvements in their record-keeping activities, the disposal of useless records, and the more efficient use of space.

In a letter to county officials in January, 1958, the State Archivist suggested a State program of inventorying, scheduling, and microfilming county records. For the next year and a half, this idea was promoted among interested organizations and individuals, and the effort culminated in

the passage of S.B. 101 in June, 1959, which appropriated approximately \$147,000 for the biennium to undertake such a program. These funds made possible the establishment of an entire new Local Records Section, comprising eleven employees, and immediately the most comprehensive local records program in the United States was undertaken. By June 30, 1960, public records in seven counties had been inventoried and scheduled, and the records of permanent value had been microfilmed for security. In addition, the State Archivist and Assistant State Archivist (Local Records) edited *The County Records Manual* (73 pages), the first guide of its type in the country. Copies of this manual were made available to all county officials having custody of public records.¹

Another new program provided for by the 1959 General Assembly was a Newspaper Microfilm Project, designed to locate and place on microfilm a copy of all known issues of North Carolina newspapers published prior to 1870. By June 30, 1960, more than a dozen newspaper titles had been completed and positive microfilm copies soon would be available for purchase by libraries throughout the country. Thus papers that are fast disappearing are now securely recorded on film.²

In the Archives special emphasis was placed upon arranging bodies of records already in the Archives but which had not been properly arranged. Work was completed on the Governor's Papers and the records of the Departments of Conservation and Development, Local Government, Agriculture, Attorney General, and many others. Much new equipment was acquired, including a new Photostat machine. A new program was instituted designed to bring under better control the valuable personal collections in the Archives.³

Conversion from metal filing cabinets to a system of steel shelf-corrugated box filing increased the capacity of the State Records Center and resulted in a vastly more efficient way of housing semi-current records. Millions of documents

¹ For further discussion of this program, see below, p. 28.

² For further discussion of this program, see below, p. 22.

³ For further discussion of this program, see below, p. 18.

were recorded on microfilm, and hundreds of cubic feet of records of no further value were destroyed.⁴

In the Laminating Shop, more than 78,000 pages of historical records were restored, and those in volume form were re-bound.⁵ Many of these were county deed and will books which were returned to the courthouse upon their restoration. In addition, several thousand pages of historical records belonging to institutions and individuals were laminated outside of office hours. More than 7,000 copies—photographic and typed—of records in the Archives were furnished, most of them to individuals in nearly every State of the Union.⁶ A total of 5,656 persons registered for research in the Division, and more than 5,600 were given information by mail, not including letters handled by the State Archivist and his assistants without reference to the Search Room.⁷

The State Archivist during the biennium attended the two annual meetings of the Society of American Archivists, participating in panels at each, and in 1959-1960 he was a member of the State Records Committee and chairman of the Society's Civil War Centennial Committee. He edited the *Directory of State Archival Agencies 1959* which was distributed to members of the Society by the State Records Committee. He attended a number of other meetings relating to archival activities, and on July 1, 1960, lectured at the Institute on Historical and Archival Management at Cambridge, Massachusetts. He also visited and observed facilities and procedures in a number of other archival institutions throughout the country.

Ten Meredith College students received a one-semester course of training and experience in the Division in 1959-1960, and a number of persons prominent in the archival and historical fields visited the Division and observed its program.

A more detailed resume of the activities of the Sections follows.

⁴ For further discussion of this program, see below, p. 21.

⁵ For statistics on laminating, see Appendix VIII, p. 101.

⁶ For statistics on copies furnished, see Appendix IX, p. 102.

⁷ For statistics on visitors and correspondents, see Appendix X, p. 103.

ARCHIVES SECTION

For years the Archives suffered from a shortage of staff members. From this situation arose a condition not peculiar among archival agencies but one which must not long be allowed to exist. That condition is one of acceptance of records that cannot be properly arranged and made available for public use. It is the duty of the archivist to make records available, not just to store them.

Beginning four years ago, major emphasis was placed on processing the large quantities of records already in the Archives. The additional employees assigned to the Archives Section have thus undertaken this mammoth task, and the advances have been noticeable.

For the first time the papers of the governors through 1958 have been properly arranged, and are now available to the public. Among the official records already in the Archives which were arranged during the biennium were those of the Economic and Geological Survey, Department of Conservation and Development, Comptroller's Office, Local Government Commission, Attorney General's Office, Department of Agriculture, State Planning Board, and the Civilian Conservation Corps. Work was begun on processing a huge group of papers from the Department of Public Instruction, and World War II separation papers were alphabetized for counties beginning with letters through "F."

Because the local records functions of the Archives were transferred to the new Local Records Section on July 1, 1959, information concerning the arranging of county records will be included in the report of the latter section below.

In the early years of the Department, much attention was given to obtaining and arranging private papers. As a result, the Department has a valuable collection of such papers. Unfortunately, however, as the demands for attention to public records increased, less and less time was devoted to private papers. Consequently, no guide to these papers has been published since 1942, and many of the newer collections have not been properly arranged. To cor-

Among the Activities of the Division . . .



Early newspapers and essential county records are microfilmed.



The microfilm is proofread for accuracy.



Errors are cut out and corrected images are spliced in.



Deteriorating record books are disassembled . . .



. . . "sandwiched" . . .



. . . and laminated for permanent preservation.

rect this situation, Miss Beth Crabtree, now Archivist II, transferred from the Publications Division to the Archives and Manuscripts Division on January 1, 1960, and began an intensive project of re-working all private papers received since 1938 with a view toward (1) preparing better finding aids for their immediate use and (2) preparing a supplement to the old guide. In the first six months of the project, register sheets containing a description of each collection, along with various new finding aids in card form, were prepared for many of the collections. Copies of the register sheets will be furnished the Library of Congress for its use in compiling the Union List of Manuscript Collections.

In years past, a considerable volume of printed matter concerning North Carolina was collected, including such items as pamphlets, broadsides, and catalogs. An archival agency is not particularly well adapted to the handling of material of this nature and it was decided that history would best be served by combining the Department's collection with similar material in the North Carolina Collection of the University of North Carolina Library. Accordingly, in 1959 an agreement was reached between the Department, the University of North Carolina Library, and the East Carolina College Library, concerning the disposition of the Department's collection. It was agreed that the University Library might select items desired to augment its collection and that others would be transferred to the East Carolina College Library. Both libraries agreed to furnish the Department with a list of its pamphlet holdings for inclusion in the card catalog of the latter. One group of uncataloged pamphlets was transferred to the North Carolina State Library.

Significant accessions during the biennium included the following: the personal papers of Governor J. C. B. Ehringhaus, Alma Sanford Hough Jackson, Calvin Graves, Charles M. Heck, and J. M. Pugh; and additions to the papers of Governor Charles B. Aycock and Clarence Poe. Official records of many State agencies and local governments were accessioned.⁸

⁸ For a list of accessions in the Division of Archives and Manuscripts, see Appendix XIV, p. 106.

Funds were provided by the General Assembly for new equipment, including a new continuous Photostat machine which was purchased for \$13,600, two additional microfilm readers for public use, and a variety of other long-needed items. In addition, the offices of the Section were air conditioned.

On September 30, 1959, Mrs. Julia C. Meconnahey, Archivist II, retired after 35 years of service in the Department. No better tribute can be paid to Mrs. Meconnahey than to refer to the work of the Department as recorded in previous biennial reports, work in which she played a major role.

Mr. J. Ray Hocutt, Clerk III, received a week's training in the laboratories of Mr. W. J. Barrow, inventor of the Barrow Laminator, in Richmond, Virginia, and Miss Beth Crabtree, Archivist II, observed procedures in several manuscript depositories.

A total of 5,656 persons, representing thirty-nine States and two foreign countries, registered for research in the Search Room. More than 5,600 persons, representing forty-eight states and eight foreign countries, were given information by mail or by telephone. These figures do not include the visitors and letters handled directly by the State Archivist and Section heads.⁹ Photographic copies furnished totalled 6,848, and 372 typed copies were made. Public orders for microfilm totalled 2,806 feet.¹⁰

Space has become a critical problem. It has been necessary to transfer some archives into the Records Center in order to provide for incoming records. A corner of the Search Room (already too small) had to be cut off for an office, and the hallway had to be closed off to make room for the Department's large map collection. No additional space was obtained for use by the Section and as many as four archivists are crowded into one office.

Thus the Archives Section can report substantial progress in all areas of its work. Additional staff members have made possible a concerted attack on the long-range

⁹ For statistics on visitors and correspondents, see Appendixes X, XI, XII, and XIII, pp. 103, 104, 105.

¹⁰ For statistics on copies furnished, see Appendix IX, p. 102.

problem of bringing under better control materials in its possession. Even so, much remains to be done, and the size of the staff is still not adequate for the job that needs to be undertaken. It is hoped that the 1961 General Assembly will lend further aid in this direction. And of course no branch of the Department is more fervent in its plea for a new building than the Archives Section which is bursting at the seams in an effort to house the records being acquired in increasing quantities.

NEWSPAPER MICROFILM PROJECT

The General Assembly in 1959 appropriated \$28,000 for the biennium to the Division for a program of microfilming all North Carolina newspapers published prior to 1870. Mr. T. G. Britt, formerly with the State Personnel Department, was employed as Archivist II to head up the new program.

The microfilming of early newspapers is one of the most complex programs ever undertaken by the Department. The actual filming is a relatively simple operation. But it is also only a part of the over-all operation. First, the staff must determine, through various checklists and by direct contacts, the locations of all issues of pre-1870 North Carolina newspapers. Often copies will be located in a dozen different libraries across the country. The staff then must determine upon which library to rely for copying that particular issue. When the issues in the libraries of the State are in acceptable condition, the Department borrows the original files and films them in Raleigh. When no acceptable copy of a particular issue is found in the State, the copy is ordered from another source. It is not unusual, therefore, to have copies of a title for a single year ordered from five or six different libraries.

Upon receipt of the film copies from out-of-State institutions, this film has to be spliced into the master negative roll. The location of every issue used is noted on a "credit sheet" for each year.

Because of the preliminary work, splicing, and checking, the progress of this program is slower than might be

imagined. Even so, as of June 30, 1960, the project had completed the filming of *The Raleigh Register*, 1799-1886; *The North Carolina Standard* (Raleigh), 1834-1870; and the *North Carolina Star* (Raleigh), 1808-1856, and positive copies were available. These titles comprise respectively 21, 16, and 8 reels of 35 mm. microfilm.

In addition, the following titles had been filmed within the State, and were awaiting delivery of film copies from other libraries for splicing into the master negative: *North Carolina Journal* (Halifax), 1792-1814; *Miners' and Farmers' Journal* (Charlotte), 1830-1835; *Charlotte Journal*, 1835-1851; *North Carolina Whig* (Charlotte), 1852-1863; *Carolina Centinel* (New Bern), 1818-1837; *North Carolina Argus* (Wadesboro), 1848-1876; *Southern Citizen* (Asheboro), 1836-1844; *Weekly News* (New Bern), 1853-1854; *New Bern Spectator*, 1828-1842; *Carolina Watchman* (Salisbury), 1832-1870; *New Bernian* (New Bern), 1843-1853; *North Carolina Sentinel* (Raleigh), 1865-1877; *Western Carolinian* (Salisbury), 1820-1844; *Hillsborough Recorder* (Hillsboro and Durham), 1820-1911; *Edenton Gazette*, 1805-1831.

Finally, the following titles had been checked within the State, and master lists had been made showing the location of copies in other libraries: *Greensborough Patriot*, 1826-1946; the *Times* (Greensboro), 1856-1868; and the *Raleigh Journal*, 1854-1859.

Probably no program undertaken by the Department will be of more significance to historians throughout the country. Papers now deteriorating in libraries will be available on film in any institution desiring to purchase positive copies.

STATE RECORDS SECTION

The State records program, under the capable leadership of Mrs. Memory F. Blackwelder, Assistant State Archivist (State Records), has experienced expansion and progress during the biennium. Records of twenty State agencies were inventoried, resulting in participation in the records man-

agement program of these agencies for the first time.¹¹ This brings to 41 the total number of up-to-date, workable inventories, including all of the large departments of government.

The brochure on records management was revised early in 1960, and copies were made available to all State agencies.

To meet the requirements of agencies coming into the program for the first time, as well as to provide for expanded needs of agencies already taking advantage of records management, changes and additions to the physical equipment were imperative. Space was one of the chief needs. Plans for converting the stack areas from a system of filing cabinets and transfile drawers to the use of shelving and corrugated boxes were carried out. This resulted in approximately a 30 per cent increase in the filing capacity, from 18,000 cubic feet to 25,318 cubic feet. This accomplishment entailed the transfer of thousands of cubic feet of records to boxes, erection of steel shelving, placement of boxes on the shelves, and indexing the entire new system. Surplus filing equipment was sold for a total of \$11,419, the proceeds being applied to the cost of the shelving. In making arrangements for the conversion, the Department worked closely with the Department of Administration.

Additional space was made available when a corner of the Records Center, formerly used for storage by the Department of Conservation and Development, was cleared out and the space turned over to the Department of Archives and History.

To use the new system of shelving, which extends to the ceiling, several types of accessory equipment were needed. Twelve ladders, ten book trucks, two flat trucks, two work tables for the stacks, and additional chairs were purchased. Records were filed by a system whereby those most frequently used were placed on the most accessible shelves and those seldom used were placed on top shelves.

In addition to accessories for the shelving system, two new Recordak RM microfilm machines were purchased in

¹¹ For a list of agencies whose records were inventoried during the biennium, see Appendix XV, p. 125.

June, 1960, and an additional MPE reader was transferred to the Records Center from the Archives. Two older microfilm machines were overhauled; one is in use at the State Treasurer's office, where the Records Center staff microfilms three times each month, and one is in use at the Records Center. Having three machines in operation means that there is now a machine for each two microfilmmers. The additional machine will mean increased efficiency in the microfilm program.

Another physical improvement was made when a partition was erected to divide the Supervisor's office from the hall. This has afforded privacy when needed and has separated the office from the flow of traffic to and from the records areas.

Near the end of the biennium arrangements were made for the installation of air conditioning in the office areas at the Records Center. A duct system was being installed; this improvement should mean increased efficiency and comfort as well as protection of Records Center microfilm, both raw and processed, from excessive heat and humidity.

Not only has additional equipment been acquired, but the staff at the Records Center has been increased. One full-time and one part-time Clerk II were added in 1959 to work on the microfilm program. This brings the microfilm staff to five full-time and one part-time workers. A temporary Clerk II was employed for approximately four months of 1960 to prepare material from the Adjutant General's Department so that it could be microfilmed.

Another of the positions at the Records Center was reclassified by the State Personnel Department from Archivist I to Archivist II. This means that the staff is now composed of the Assistant State Archivist (State Records), one Archivist II, two Archivists I, and a Janitor-Messenger, in addition to the six Clerks II. A prisoner has been assigned to the Records Center by the General Services Division since July, 1959, to assist with the janitorial duties and to help handle the records being brought in and taken out of the Center.

The records turnover has increased rapidly as more and more agencies are participating in the records management program. Thirty-four agencies had records either admitted or removed during the biennium. There were 13,174 cubic feet of records brought in from 33 State agencies; and 8,331 cubic feet of records of 29 State agencies were removed. Of those removed, the greatest number—6,074—were destroyed according to scheduled provisions; others were destroyed after being microfilmed, were destroyed after being weeded, were sent to the Archives, or were returned to the agency which created them.¹²

Use of records has also increased. Records were serviced for 17 State agencies a total of 2,022 times. The largest number of requests, 1,263, came from the Department of Motor Vehicles. Representatives of 21 agencies visited the Records Center to use records 1,445 times. In addition, the Department of Revenue sent an employee to work in its records several hours each day. In all, 24 State agencies used records in the Center.¹³

Some of the most important microfilming to be done since the initiation of the project in 1951 was undertaken during the biennium. Perhaps the outstanding project is that of filming the original case records of the North Carolina Supreme Court, dating back to the late 1700's. This project is one of several requiring extensive preparation of the documents before they can be filmed; many of the papers are old, dirty, and torn. It is impossible to use the automatic feeder on projects such as this, but having the documents on film will be of importance both to the Court and to the Archives. During the biennium, 8,194,238 images were filmed on 1,193 reels for nineteen State agencies.¹⁴

The Archivists continued their program of weeding records which contain a mixture of routine matter and important documents. Various records from ten agencies were weeded during the biennium. The Archivists have spent more time than formerly in working with State agencies

¹² For detailed information on records turnover at the Records Center, see Appendix XVI, p. 126.

¹³ For further information on the use of records during the biennium, see Appendix XVII, p. 127.

¹⁴ For a list of State records microfilmed, including agencies, images, and reels, see Appendix XVIII, p. 128.

to see that schedules previously adopted are carried out promptly. This follow-up has resulted in more efficiency and a closer relationship with the agencies which have been in the program for several years.

In an effort further to systematize the inventorying of records, uniform schedules for records common to all agencies were worked out.

With expanded use of the program, detailed and complete controls were imperative. A card system was set up which enables staff members to know at any time which records are to be destroyed, which are to be filmed, which are to be transferred to the Archives, which are scheduled to come to the Records Center from the agencies, which have already been destroyed, filmed, or transferred, and the date on which such action is to take place or has taken place. A card for each series of records in the Records Center indicates the location of that group of records.

Chapter 68, *Session Laws of 1959*, Strengthened the program by specifically requiring the Department of Archives and History to conduct, and State agencies to co-operate with the Department in carrying out, a records management program. A provision of a 1957 statute, making the General Services Division responsible for the operation of a records center or centers, was deleted. The question as to the place of records management in State government was thereby answered and affirmation given to the idea that such a program was a proper function of the Department of Archives and History. This legislation was sponsored by the Commission on Reorganization of State Government. The Commission issued a report highly complimentary to the program being carried on by the Department.

Appropriations are being requested for additional personnel and equipment for the next biennium. Unless the staff is enlarged, it will be impossible to render adequate service to agencies already participating in the program, even if no additional agencies seek assistance. Steps are also being taken toward the realization of the recommendation of the Commission on Reorganization of State Government that the Records Center be expanded into the entire building

and that the agency now occupying the first floor be moved elsewhere. It is hoped that within two years this recommendation will be put into effect and that further expansion and progress will thereby be made possible.

LOCAL RECORDS SECTION

The newly created position of Public Records Examiner, now Assistant State Archivist (Local Records), was filled on August 1, 1958, by the appointment of Rear Admiral Alex M. Patterson, U. S. Navy (Retired), a native North Carolinian, whose education and training well prepared him to undertake the establishment of a new program.

As a first step in plans to be of greater service to the counties, visits to county seats were scheduled, and during the period September 1, 1958, to March 31, 1959, the Assistant State Archivist (Local Records) alone, or in company with the State Archivist, visited every courthouse in the State. Efforts were made to meet as many county officials as possible during these visits. Records problems were discussed and the Department's available and planned facilities and services, including the proposed microfilm plan, were explained. Subsequently the Assistant State Archivist made 121 additional visits to the counties in connection with the microfilm program and other county records matters.¹⁵

Among the New Programs . . .



County records of permanent value are being microfilmed. Personal Collections are being recataloged in the Archives. Steel shelving has replaced filing cabinets in the Records Center.

¹⁵ For a record of visits to counties, see Appendix XIX, p. 129.

In order to maintain close relationship with county officials, and in an effort to keep them informed of the progress of the Department's plans for greater service to the counties, the Assistant State Archivist (Local Records) accepted invitations in 1959 and 1960 to attend the annual conventions of the three separate North Carolina associations of County Commissioners, Clerks of Superior Court, and Registers of Deeds. At each of these conventions, he had the opportunity to speak briefly on county records matters. Of far greater importance, however, were the opportunities afforded him to become better acquainted with a large number of county officials.

During the week of April 5-11, 1959, the Assistant State Archivist (Local Records) attended a conference on archival management, conducted at the Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, by Dr. T. R. Schellenberg, Assistant Archivist of the National Archives. During the week he also visited the Georgia Department of Archives and History and observed the county microfilm program in operation in Fulton and Savannah counties.

For years the serious losses of county records which have occurred and are continuing to occur have been matters of grave concern to the Department. At least thirty-three counties have experienced serious courthouse fires with accompanying losses of many, if not all, of their permanently valuable records. Other records have been lost due to a wide variety of causes, including enemy action, theft, loss, vermin, heat, wide variations in humidity, water, steam, and general wear and tear.

As a result of experience gained in the microfilming of records of State agencies in the State Records Program, it was decided that microfilm provided the quickest, cheapest, and most convenient insurance against the loss of valuable county records. A very few counties have microfilmed some of their records. Discussions with county officials revealed, however, that although they were almost without exception enthusiastically in favor of a program of microfilming for security purposes, only a few felt that their counties could afford to embark on such a program at their own expense.

Studies of the problem convinced the Director and his staff that such a program could be carried out more effectively by the Department than by the individual counties, or by commercial companies. It was the consensus that by utilizing the services of Department personnel, trained as archivists and microfilm camera operators, the work could be done at a lower cost per volume and that greater uniformity would result from close Departmental supervision.

Consequently the Department sponsored legislation in the 1959 General Assembly which would provide funds for a State-wide program of inventorying, repairing, and microfilming permanently valuable county records. The North Carolina associations of County Commissioners, Clerks of Superior Court, and Registers of Deeds, bar associations, and individuals throughout the State enthusiastically supported the measure, and it was enacted into law without opposition (*G. S. 121-5.1*).

As enacted, Senate Bill 101 authorized and directed the Department to formulate and execute a program of inventorying, repairing, and microfilming in the counties for security purposes those official records of the several counties which the Department determined to have permanent value, and of providing safe storage for microfilm copies of such records. To finance the program there was appropriated to the Department from the General Fund the sum of \$75,730 for 1959-1960 and \$71,680 for 1960-1961.

In order to provide an adequate staff for the program, a Local Records Section, with the Assistant State Archivist (Local Records) as Section head, was formed in July, 1959, and initially ten people were assigned to the new section. This total was increased to eleven on February 1, 1960. In addition to the Assistant State Archivist (Local Records) and a stenographer, the staff now consists of four archivists to evaluate and process the county records received for permanent preservation in the Archives, and to proofread, splice, file, and catalog the microfilm copies of county records; three microfilm camera operators; and two laminators to repair, by the laminating process, county records in need of repair.

A serious problem facing the newly created section was the lack of office space. No suitable space was available in the Education Building. As a last resort two basement storerooms were assigned to the Section. They were the large double room (Room 8-10) used as a book storeroom by the Publications Division, and Room 12, a Department of Conservation and Development storeroom. Occupancy of Room 8-10, in turn, posed a serious storage problem for the Publications Division, and again it was necessary to resort to an unsatisfactory expedient; the large stock of publications was stored in the passageway, with no protection against theft or damage, and in the Archives where space was already at a premium. Four archivists engaged in the processing of county records and proofreading, splicing, cataloging, and filing of microfilm are assigned to Room 8-10. Designed as a storeroom without adequate ventilation, it is unsatisfactory for its present use.

A procedure has been developed in which, with the concurrence of the Board of County Commissioners, the Assistant State Archivist (Local Records), and one or more archivist assistants conduct an inventory of all public records in each office of a county. The results of the inventories are written up, mimeographed, assembled in book form, and distributed to all interested county officials. These inventories are of great value, both to the Department and to county officials concerned. The inventory serves as a catalog of the records in the county and also lists those records from the county which are now in the Archives. It indicates those records to be microfilmed for security purposes and includes recommended schedules of retention and disposal of all county records. Adherence to these schedules will result in the preservation of all essential records and the timely disposal of non-essential records, with resulting economy in space, personnel, and money, and in improved efficiency in office operation.

As soon as the inventory is completed the work of microfilming begins. Three Recordak Model MRE 35 mm. planetary cameras are used for microfilming bound volumes and a Recordak portable 16 mm. rotary camera is used for

marriage licenses and other loose papers. The work is done in space provided in, or near, the courthouse. Permanently valuable records in need of repair are brought back to the Department where they are laminated, rebound by a commercial binder, and returned to the county. In a number of counties a considerable number of older records were microfilmed in the 1940's and early 1950's by the Genealogical Society of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, Salt Lake City, Utah. Also in some instances county officials have microfilmed some of their records. As a rule, when such film is of acceptable archival quality, records concerned are not re-filmed, but copies, if not already on hand, are obtained for the security files of the Department.

In December, 1959, arrangements were made through the Division of Purchase and Contract to purchase microfilm from the Genealogical Society of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints. The contract also provided that the Society would process the film, return the negatives to the Department for inspection, and prepare positive copies as required by the Department.

Realizing that complications would inevitably arise during the early stages of the new microfilm program, it was decided to begin in Wake County so that the initial effort might be under close supervision of staff members of the Department. Work began in Wake County on August 17, 1959, and was completed on December 15, 1959. Thereafter, the permanently valuable records of Chatham, Wilson, Chowan, Currituck, and Camden counties were microfilmed and those of Pasquotank were practically finished by the end of the biennium. A total of 3,441 bound volumes (1,740 reels of 35 mm. film), and 156 boxes of loose papers (30 reels of 16 mm. film), were microfilmed for the counties listed above.¹⁶

During the biennium 1,658 negative reels were processed by the Genealogical Society and returned to the Department where each reel was carefully inspected by staff personnel. Unsatisfactory pages and sections were noted and the camera operators directed to refile them. Corrections were

¹⁶ For details of county records microfilmed, see Appendixes XIX and XX, pp. 129, 130.

spliced into 590 reels.¹⁷ All negative reels are stored in security files in the Archives.

Positive copies of 228 negative reels of the older and more historically valuable Wake County records were processed and filed in the Search Room for research purposes. The same procedure will be followed for other counties.

A need had long existed for a manual for the guidance of county officials and Department personnel in matters pertaining to the preservation, repair, retention, and disposal of county records. The need for such a manual became more urgent and acute as plans for the microfilm program developed. Chapter 121, *General Statutes of North Carolina*, pertaining to the functions of the State Department of Archives and History, empowers the Department to establish advisory boards or committees to assist it in performance of its duties (*G. S. 121-2(12)*), and to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper to implement the section (*G. S. 121-5*) pertaining to the Department's authority and responsibilities with respect to public records. Under these statutory provisions, work on *The County Records Manual* began in January, 1959.

In order that the best talent available might be utilized in the preparation of the Manual, the Director appointed the County Records Advisory Committee, consisting of nine county officials, representing many years of experience in various county offices, and four members of the Institute of Government, with the State Archivist and Assistant State Archivist (Local Records) serving as *ex officio* members and editors.

The Advisory Committee held its first meeting in Raleigh on February 8, 1959, to begin work on the Manual. The Committee was divided into subcommittees and each was allocated sections to prepare. Thereafter the subcommittees met as necessity arose until the first draft of the Manual was prepared. It then fell to the editors to complete the job, which was done in January, 1960. Distribution was made in March to county officials, to interested State agencies, to a number of libraries in the State and selected libraries

¹⁷ For details of microfilm proofread and spliced, see Appendix XIX, p. 129.

and archival institutions in other States. Due to its limited application, it is not available for purchase by the public.

The Manual contains two chapters of general instructions, eight chapters in which records of the different county offices are listed, with schedules of retention and disposal, and with indication of those to be microfilmed, and an appendix which contains general statutes pertaining to public records. It is the first such Manual to be published in the United States and its enthusiastic reception by county officials and others has been most encouraging.

During the biennium a large quantity of permanently valuable records has been received from thirty counties for permanent preservation in the Archives. In most instances records were transferred as a result of negotiations between the Assistant State Archivist (Local Records) and county officials concerned.¹⁸

Upon receipt in the Department, records are first fumigated and cleaned. Bound volumes are then carefully inspected and those in need of repair are laminated if necessary and rebound. They are labeled, cataloged, accessioned, and made available for research purposes. Papers are evaluated by trained archivists who arrange, box, label, catalog, accession, and place them on shelves for convenient access to researchers. Those in poor condition are laminated.

In addition to the records received during the biennium, a large number of Lincoln, Mecklenburg, and Wake County papers already in the Archives were arranged and made available to the public.¹⁹

The importance of the work done by the Laminating Shop personnel cannot be overemphasized. Laminating is a tedious and expensive process, requiring skillful and well-trained operators. During the biennium the Shop restored to use by laminating a total of 142 volumes, or 47,292 pages of such invaluable county records as deeds and will books, minute dockets, and estates records.²⁰ Most of these records had deteriorated to the point that they could no longer be used, but after laminating and rebinding, they have been

¹⁸ For details of records received, see Appendix XIV, p. 106.

¹⁹ For details of records processed, see Appendix XIX, p. 129.

²⁰ For details of records laminated, see Appendix XIX, p. 129.

restored to almost indefinite service. Many county officials, especially in the older counties, look upon this service as the most important contribution which the Department is making toward the preservation of their records. The cost of laminating, as well as rebinding by a commercial binder, is borne by the State.

Thus a program which at the beginning of the biennium was only an idea has grown to maturity. The support of the program throughout the State, especially the whole-hearted co-operation of county officials, has been most gratifying. The interest in the program manifested in other States has been a source of great satisfaction to the staff. It is generally recognized that the successful launching of the new Local Records Program is an important milestone in the history of this Department.

SUMMARY

In retrospect, it may be concluded that the past biennium was one of growth and expansion. The Division broadened its program to include an extensive local records program and a newspaper microfilming project, both in addition to strengthening its older programs.

This means that today the Division is operating what may be described as a comprehensive archival program. Yet, one more area of activity needs to be entered to complete the cycle and bring North Carolina in line with the best archival program that can be undertaken. That area is in records creation, filing, and the like in the various agencies. The remedy for the problem of records management appears to lie largely in the creation end of the records, rather than in the disposal and preservation end. Problems of space, arrangement, and accessibility can be—and should be—solved primarily by reducing the quantity of records being created, using papers and inks of good quality, and filing the records properly. The Department expects to seek funds from the 1961 General Assembly to provide for such a program.

Finally, space needs are critical. Only through sufficient and properly constructed space can these fine programs be

made to function as efficiently as they should. Of all the needs of the Division, space is the most urgent. The dedication of an Archives and History building on the 300th anniversary of the granting of the Carolina Charter and the 100th anniversary of the climactic year of the Civil War will be the most appropriate birthday present that North Carolinians can give themselves, and no function of State government will be benefitted more than the Division of Archives and Manuscripts.

DIVISION OF HISTORIC SITES

WILLIAM S. TARLTON, *Historic Sites Superintendent*

The chief and fundamental purpose of the Historic Sites Program is to preserve and develop for public use sites and structural properties that are significant in the history of our State. It is a practical program of conservation and development. The difference between this type of conservation and that involving forestry and wildlife is largely one of subject.

Since 1955, when the fragmentized and scattered responsibility for developing the State's important historic places was transferred from various State agencies and commissions to the Department of Archives and History, a system of nine State-owned projects has been established under the Department. Seven of the nine are administered directly by the Department through the Historic Sites Division. The other two, though deeded to the State, are in the custody of local organizations which administer them under contract with the Department.

This Historic Sites Program has been developed with an eye to four important objectives, among others: (1) State-wide or national importance of sites or structures brought under the program, (2) authenticity, (3) intrinsic interest of the sites for education and visitor appeal, and (4) geographical distribution of the projects in all parts of the State, not in just one or two of the most "historic" areas.

There are other considerations besides these, all of which have their place in a set of standards, or criteria, adopted by the Department in the beginning to guide the program. These criteria are designed to control the program, to prevent taking on properties of dubious value or importance, and to maintain in general a high level of professional integrity in selection and development.

The present system of nine projects scattered throughout the State represents a wide range of historical interest. Together with such projects as may be added in the future, these constitute a balanced and comprehensive total system. Since 1955 the outlines of a good, not an overly ambitious,

program have been established and a number of properties have been placed under development. We can count all this as real progress, but there is much more that must be done before North Carolina will have a complete, or even effective, program. The Historic Sites Program has not yet won nearly enough financial support to fill out the framework that has been established.

During the 1959-1961 biennium the operating budget for Historic Sites totaled \$181,085. For 1961-1963 we have requested a substantial increase in operating funds. These extra funds, if provided, will allow a general strengthening of the program by making possible better maintenance of the properties, acceleration of restoration work at several of the projects, acceleration of the archeological work at the two archeological sites, the provision of many minor improvements at all the properties, and the addition to the system of two new projects (the Bennett Place and the President Polk Birthplace). This enrichment of the operational and maintenance program, together with the capital improvements mentioned below, will (if approved) place the Historic Sites program in a state of progress which within two or three years will render it fully useful and effective as an educational and tourist asset to the State.

The capital improvements budget for improvements projected since 1958 has totaled \$132,089, of which \$42,770 has been raised from private and local sources. A proposed bond issue of \$250,000 for Historic Sites failed to carry by a handful of votes in the bond referendum of October, 1959. This loss has prevented the program from advancing as it should have and has created something of a hiatus in the schedule of development. We have again submitted requests for capital improvements as follows: (1) dwelling houses at Alamance Battleground, Bentonville Battleground, and Vance Birthplace in order that the Historic Site Specialists in charge may live on the projects and give them full time surveillance and protection. (2) visitor center-museum buildings at Town Creek Indian Mound, Bentonville Battleground, Aycock Birthplace, and Fort Fisher.

Further delay in obtaining these funds for capital improvements will mean that the program will be that much

slower in reaching a level of efficiency and usefulness that will justify the investment that has already been made in getting started. We will continue to be in the position, as now, of administering a half-finished program, which, due to the lack of facilities for receiving the visiting public, offers all too little appeal to the otherwise interested populace.

Despite these serious handicaps in advancing and developing the program, some substantial progress is being made. This is primarily due to the fact that all of the projects have been or still are in the very early stages of development. In other words, given the raw undeveloped sites we started with, they could only advance. They could not go backward. The following reports on the various projects show what has been and is being accomplished, and also what is needed to further the program.

1. *Brunswick Town*, site of the extinct colonial town on the Lower Cape Fear River, Brunswick County. This is an



Brunswick Town showing the Nath Moore house foundation following archeological excavation. Cape Fear River in background.

archeological project and is being treated as such, much on the order of the methods followed by the National Park Service at Jamestown in Virginia. The project was started at the beginning of the biennium. Since then much of the town site has been cleared of the heavy undergrowth that formerly concealed it, the site has been completely surveyed and mapped, some dozen house sites have been excavated and permanently opened to public view, large masses of artifacts dug up in the course of archeological excavation have been processed and preserved, and a number of trails, interpretive exhibits, and other facilities have been provided. An access road and parking lot have been built and a considerable area of the 119-acre site has been brought under regular park maintenance. An informational leaflet was published for general distribution.

Public interest has been surprisingly keen and we estimate that even now approximately 20,000 visitors a year tour the site—this despite the fact that there are none of the usual comfort or other facilities for receiving the public.

2. *Fort Fisher*, site of the great Confederate fort which kept the Cape Fear River and the port of Wilmington open to blockade-running until almost the end of the Civil War, providing the Confederacy with a "lifeline" for critical foreign supplies. The site is on the beach below Carolina Beach, New Hanover County.

This project was begun in July, 1960, on 189 acres leased from the Federal Government. Since that time most of the surviving large earthworks have been cleared of undergrowth and the surrounding areas opened. A detailed survey of the site is now in process. This survey will be the basis for further planning. A Historic Site Specialist has been assigned to the project to perform historical research, plan the over-all development, and place the property under regular administration and maintenance.

The most important improvement needed is a visitor center-museum building to serve as an information and orientation center for the visiting public and as a museum in which to house and exhibit the impressive collections of relics, maps, photographs, and other museum materials

available. This visitor center-museum will be the heart of the entire project and is necessary for the proper exhibition of the site and the fort remains. In addition, selected portions of the fort works should be restored—one or two gun emplacements and an underground ammunition magazine. The fort's unique engineering may in this way be demonstrated.

3. *Aycock Birthplace*, the farm home, near Goldsboro, Wayne County, where Charles B. Aycock, North Carolina's great "Educational Governor" (1901-1905), was born in 1859. The dwelling house and several outbuildings were restored in 1958-1959 by the Charles B. Aycock Memorial Commission, working in close cooperation with the Department of Archives and History which has administered the project since 1957. The restoration was formally dedicated



Aycock Birthplace after restoration. Dwelling house on the left, kitchen on the right.

on November 1, 1959, the exact 100th anniversary of Aycock's birth. Since that time the grounds have been largely restored and the remainder of the 10-acre site has been opened and improved for public use. An access road and parking area have been constructed and stabilized. An informational leaflet has been published for general distribution.

Needs for the future include the critical one of a museum-visitor center building in which to orient the visiting public and particularly in which to exhibit mementoes and other items that illustrate Aycock's public career as Governor and the founder of North Carolina's modern public education program. In the restored dwelling house and outbuildings we are able to reflect his family background and early life but until the museum program dealing with his governorship is provided, there is little that can be done to make Aycock the boy meaningful in the light of his later achievements.

Another need is to round out and complete the Aycock homestead restoration by adding several outbuildings known to have been on the site originally, such as slave quarters, a cotton gin, chicken houses, and smaller appurtenances. At present the project looks and is incomplete. It should have the full realism of a complete farm home, including the barnyard arrangements.

A revised edition of the informational leaflet was published in 1959.

4. *Bentonville Battleground*, site of the great battle of March 19-21, 1865, between General W. T. Sherman's Federal army and General Joseph E. Johnston's Confederate army, near Smithfield, Johnston County. This was the largest and bloodiest battle ever fought on North Carolina soil. It was the only serious Confederate effort made to stop Sherman after he left Atlanta on his swing through the South.

The problem of developing this large battlefield (over 6,000 acres, of which the State has title to 51 acres) is difficult and complex. Battle lines and positions must be marked out and sections of these lines restored and made

accessible to the visiting public; the Confederate Hospital (Harper House) must be completely restored as it was in 1865; above all, a visitor center-museum building is needed to serve as a central place for information and orientation in touring the large battlefield and in which to exhibit the extensive collections already made of battle relics, documents, pictures, and other materials that illustrate the battle.

During the past two years some of this work has been accomplished but a lack of funds has hampered progress. The Confederate Hospital has been 60% restored and is now used to house a small temporary museum exhibit; 29 permanent markers have been erected at the major sites in the battle area; about 10 acres of ground, including the Confederate Cemetery, have been brought under park maintenance; and a county road has been relocated to allow for better development of the main area. A revised edition



Harper House at Bentonville Battleground as photographed in October, 1960. Used first as Federal and later as Confederate hospital during and following the Battle of March 19-21, 1865.

of the informational leaflet on Bentonville was published in 1960.

At present we have no way of knowing how many visitors come into the battle area and follow the markers on automobile tours. A rough estimate is 10,000 a year. During the Civil War Centennial years, and as the battlefield is better developed for visitors, the number will doubtless increase many fold.

5. *Alamance Battleground*, site near Burlington, Alamance County, of the battle between the Regulators and Governor William Tryon's colonial militia, May 16, 1771. In 1959-1960 a new visitor center-museum building was constructed and is now being fitted with a complete set of museum exhibits illustrating the history of the Regulator movement and of the Battle of Alamance. This facility, made possible with State and local funds on a 50-50 matching basis, will be formally opened to the public in the spring of 1961.



Alamance Battleground museum just after completion, June, 1960.

About 15 acres of ground have been brought under park maintenance, an access road and a parking lot have been built, and modest picnicking facilities provided. A revised edition of the informational leaflet on Alamance was published in 1960.

The chief immediate needs are: a dwelling house on the site where the Historic Site Specialist in charge will live in order to give the project around-the-clock protection and security, intensive marking of the battle positions and other features, and the restoration of a frontier-type home such as the Regulators lived in—this to give better illustration of the type of people these early revolutionaries were.

6. *Town Creek Indian Mound*, site near Mt. Gilead, Montgomery County, of a sixteenth century Indian ceremonial village, now being restored as one of the unique Indian restorations in the country. This village was established by a primitive cultural offshoot of the pyramid builders in Mexico. At Town Creek the equivalent of the Mexican pyramids is an earth mound, surmounted by a thatched temple.



View of the ceremonial center, Town Creek Indian Mound. The mound and temple dominate the area. In the foreground are stockade and fortified entrance tower.

Archeological excavation of the site has been in progress since 1936, resulting in the recovery of an impressive collection of Indian artifacts and other relics and also extensive data about the original village. This work makes it possible to restore the Indian village (now approximately 50% complete) and to establish an Indian archeological museum second to none in the country.

The most pressing needs are: a museum building of adequate size to house and exhibit the large collections of archeological objects and additional funds to speed up the archeological work and the restoration of village structures—such as burial houses, secondary temples, and priests' dwellings.

The archeological work has steadily continued, but on a scale that is limited by paucity of available funds, the 15-acre open area has been maintained, and increasingly large numbers of visitors have been given guided tours. Visitation has increased from less than 20,000 in 1958-1959 to 30,000 in 1959-1960.

Two large illustrated markers of cast aluminum have been erected on the two highway approaches. The informational leaflet on Town Creek was twice revised and republished during the biennium.

7. *Zebulon B. Vance Birthplace*, the farm home near Asheville, Buncombe County, where Governor Vance, North Carolina's great and popular Civil War Governor and later United States Senator, was born in 1830.

By means of joint financing by the State, the City of Asheville, and Buncombe County, the large log dwelling house is presently being reconstructed on the original foundation and according to plans drawn from early photographs and surviving portions of the original building. Some of the original material is being re-used in the reconstruction. The house will be completed before the end of 1960 and will be formally opened to the public in 1961.

In order to complete the project the following improvements are needed: restoration of several outbuildings, such as a spring house, corn crib, stable, smokehouse, and slave



Vance Birthplace from an old photograph taken about 1895.



Vance Birthplace during restoration, October, 1960.

cabins; construction of a parking lot; and above all construction of a visitor center-museum in which to exhibit mementoes of Governor Vance's public life. The restored dwelling house serves to reflect Vance's family background and early life. The museum dealing with his later life as statesman and public figure is needed to give meaning to Vance the boy and to the project.

In addition to the seven projects enumerated above, the Department has custody of the House in the Horseshoe (Alston House) in Moore County and the James Iredell House in Edenton, Chowan County, both State-owned properties. These two are administered respectively by the Moore County Historical Association and the James Iredell House Association. The rear portions of the Iredell House have been further restored and a colonial type garden has been added recently. The Department published an informational leaflet on the House in the Horseshoe in 1959. The House has recently been improved as to furnishings.



House in the Horseshoe after restoration, 1958.

The Department is authorized by law to assist local and private non-profit organizations in similar work of historical restoration and site development. In accord with this authorization, a good deal of time is given to non-State projects. In some cases the Department takes full responsibility for the technical and professional aspects of these projects.

The most important examples of this type of assistance during the biennium are:

1. *Richmond Temperance and Literary Society Hall* restoration near Wagram, Scotland County. This project was completed and opened to the public in 1960. It is owned and administered by the Richmond Temperance and Literary Society Hall Commission, Inc., of Laurinburg.

2. *Historic Halifax*, Halifax County. The Dutch colonial Owens House, built about 1760, was successfully restored in 1959 by the Historical Halifax Restoration Association, Inc., assisted financially and technically by the Department. The Association owns and administers other historic properties in Halifax.

3. *Colonial Bath*, Beaufort County. The Marsh House, a large mansion built about 1745, was acquired by the Beaufort County Historical Society (assisted from State funds) and is being restored by the Colonial Bath Commission. The Department is rendering technical assistance.

4. *Bennett Place*, Durham County. This is the farmhouse in which, more than a month after the battle of Bentonville, General Joseph E. Johnston surrendered his Confederate army to General William T. Sherman on April 26, 1865. The Bennett Place Memorial Commission, a State agency, is reconstructing the two units of the dwelling with funds from private sources and the Department is directing the restoration processes. The project is expected to be completed in time for a formal opening in the spring of 1961.

The Bennett Place is one of the most significant Civil War sites in North Carolina and the Department feels it can with full justification be added to the regular Historic Sites Program for administration and maintenance. We



Bennett Place as photographed in the early 1900's.



Bennett Place during reconstruction, August, 1960. Dwelling house on the left, kitchen on the right.

have accordingly requested operating funds for the project to begin July 1, 1961.

The Historical Highway Marker Program, commenced in 1935, continues to be conducted as a part of the Historic Sites Program, but on a more limited basis than formerly. This curtailment is due to the fact that the Department does not have adequate staff as in earlier years to administer the program at full capacity. Nevertheless, 64 new markers have been authorized and erected during the biennium, and 17 replacements for markers lost or destroyed in the field were erected.¹

¹ A list of the new markers appears in Appendix XXI, p. 131.

DIVISION OF MUSEUMS

Mrs. Joye E. Jordan, *Museum Administrator*

It has been only little more than half a century that the State of North Carolina has been actively interested in the preservation of her visual history. To try to measure the progress that has been made in tangible results in this length of time would be an impossible task. Yet many of the objectives which have been realized by today's history museums are the self-same ones which were the aspirations of the founding fathers. Fundamentally, it is the responsibility of the museums of history to preserve and disseminate a knowledge of the past in order that it may become an inspirational basis for building the future.

At the close of each biennium, an evaluation of the progress of the history museum program toward the realization of these objectives is made. The report for the latest two years will include not only the accomplishments of the Division of Museums toward this major objective but also phases of the work of lesser significance. The museum staff invites criticism and suggestions on all parts of its program. Active interest and definite requests on the part of the public will tend to influence future planning.

The Hall of History serves as a showcase which depicts the principles and ideals upon which the State was founded. Literally thousands of her citizens as well as tourists from every other State in the Union and many foreign countries view these exhibits annually. This serves as an incentive to our staff to render the best possible service to all our people.

EXHIBITS

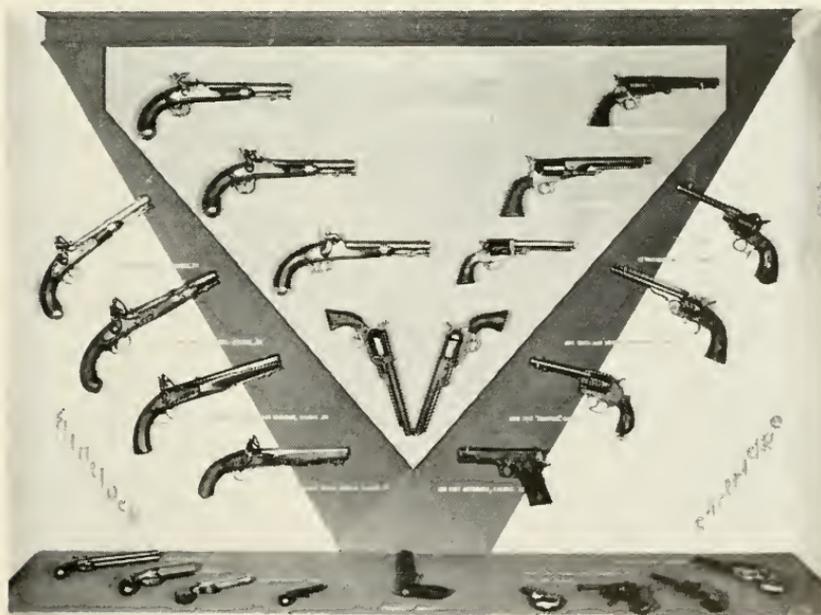
Museums, whether they like it or not, are having to modernize the techniques and devices with which they present visual information to the public. The practice of placing an old musty item in a cluttered case, accompanied by a hard-to-read, often inaccurate label, is no longer acceptable to people who are now being educated to demand something better.

In recognition of this responsibility to the museum visitor, the staff has been striving to design and execute exhibits which will present not only the desired information but will do it in such a way that it becomes palatable to the individual viewing the display.

Since funds provided in the budget for this purpose are very limited, the descriptive adjective "inadequate" is much too weak a word to describe the situation. The task of providing exhibits which measure up to present-day museum standards has proven somewhat difficult this past biennium. Nevertheless, some progress has been made in the way of adding new permanent exhibits. Since the Special Exhibits Gallery has become full to overflowing, a new elevated display area has been installed in the first half of the gallery formerly designated as the Ante-Bellum Room in order that an occasional temporary exhibit can be accommodated.

Permanent Exhibits:

The Roanoke Island Room has been completely renovated and now includes a new Indian exhibit utilizing plywood



An exhibit of side arms used by North Carolinians. Arms & Armor Room, Hall of History.

cut-out figures of Indians to illustrate their crafts and use of artifacts, and a new display depicting life in Elizabethan England.

A display of articles which belonged to Andrew Johnson and to his family was loaned to the Hall of History by Mrs. Margaret Patterson Bartlett of Greeneville, Tennessee, Johnson's great-granddaughter.

After many months of work, a large-scale exhibit was constructed on "Raleigh, the Capital City." This exhibit traces Raleigh as the Capital City from its founding in 1792, through its changes and developments, down to the present time.

A display of oil paintings, "Plantation Scenes from Life," by the late Mrs. Mary Lyde Hicks Williams of Duplin County, was installed in the Portrait Gallery. These are portraits of actual people who worked on Mrs. Williams' uncle's farm many years ago.

The Arms and Armor Room has been completely renovated and an exhibit of North Carolina Guns and Gunsmiths installed. This display includes North Carolina-made guns; guns that were used by a number of North Carolinians; swords that belonged to prominent North Carolinians; special vignettes on dueling, the Lowery Gang, and a pistol captured from a North Carolina major during the Civil War; and a display showing the evolution of side arms from the Revolutionary flintlock to the modern United States Army .45 automatic.

The Cutten Collection of Early American Silver, which has been on display for a number of years, was purchased by the Department during the biennium. The collection consists of 154 pieces among which are a Nicholas Roosevelt tankard, two Paul Revere spoons, 25 salt spoons, and a number of table spoons showing the development of the various styles.

Special Exhibits:

The silver service which was presented by the Teachers of North Carolina to Charles Brantley Aycock, the "Educational Governor," has been placed in the Special Room.

The individual pieces were donated by Governor Aycock's children and will remain in the Hall of History until the completion of restoration of the Aycock Birthplace.

An exhibit of illustrations from *Home and Highway Magazine* was hung in the Portrait Gallery. It was replaced by an exhibit of portraits of North Carolina Confederate leaders.

An exhibit of a ladies' fashion salon in the latter part of the nineteenth century was installed. Temporary exhibits of North Carolina tobacco products, old-fashioned valentines, and artifacts from Old Brunswick Town were placed in the lobby of the Education Building.

The exhibit of the nineteenth century fashion salon was followed by a display of household and office mechanical devices of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. The display in the lobby was replaced by an exhibit of military medals.



A staff member at work in the Museums Division's Accession Room.

The medals exhibit was superseded by an exhibit titled "How It Began—Organized Nursing in North Carolina."

Outstanding Junior Historian materials prepared by some of our clubs were placed in a new elevated display area designated for special exhibits. This exhibit was followed by late nineteenth and twentieth century clothing.

An exhibit of the styles of military helmets from the Mexican War to World War II was installed along with a companion case showing other types of military headgear.

Each year an old-fashioned Christmas exhibit with a tree, toys, Christmas stockings, and a family scene is placed in the Special Exhibits Room.

Accessions:

During the biennium a special effort was made to complete the Hall of History's costume collection. With the addition of a large collection of women's and children's wearing apparel which was donated by Mrs. Sidney Howell of Upper Montclair, New Jersey, the costume collection is now fairly complete from 1775 to the 1940's.

"Plantation Scenes from Life" (referred to above), by Mrs. Mary Lyde Hicks Williams, placed in the museum by Mr. Virginus Faison Williams, was one of the most significant accessions.

Particular attention was paid to the Department's collection of antique firearms and related materials, one of the most complete in this area. A special effort was made to obtain works by North Carolina gunsmiths and firearms of the Civil War period.

Other accessions of interest include a silver spoon made by C. B. Root, a North Carolina silversmith, and a one-dollar gold piece from the United States Mint in Charlotte, 1855.¹

EDUCATION

Too often the history museums' education program is confined to either individual students or school groups who have an opportunity to visit the museum. As important as

¹ For a list of Museum items accessioned, see Appendix XXII, p. 133.



"Pipe Smoking Man" from the collection, Plantation Scenes, by Mary Lyde Hicks Williams.

this phase of the work may be, it should not completely over-balance all other components which go to make up a well-rounded program in the field of educational activity.

Lack of sufficient staff has handicapped the Division of Museums in rendering adequate service. To provide anything like the comprehensive coverage needed to supplement the scant formal knowledge of North Carolina history for the vast majority of our State's citizens would require half again as many staff members as we have presently. Therefore, once more the report for this biennium will relate for the most part to what has been accomplished for the benefit of groups who have North Carolina history as an assignment.

School Visitation:

A line graph of school visits during the year always shows an increase during the spring months. It reaches its peak in the month of April. To document this fact, the first



An eighth-grade school group viewing a street scene exhibit in the Hall of History.

paragraph under the topic of education in the Division of Museums quarterly report for April, May, June, 1960 reads: "This quarter 685 school groups, totaling 31,221 individuals, visited the Hall of History and were shown the introductory slide program."

For the school term 1958-1959, the total number of groups who registered their visit to the museum was 858; the total number of students was 37,540. For 1959-1960 groups totaled 849, and the total number of students was 37,798. For the biennium this made a grand total of 75,338 individual students who received some instruction by a staff member on the history of their State. There are still a number of teachers who plan their visit to the Capital City so poorly that they do not allow sufficient time to make their tour of the museum of any benefit to their group as an educational experience. The above statistics do not include these groups that just "go through" the museum with their teacher, so that they do not reflect a completely accurate picture of school visitation.²

The museum staff assists the teacher in making preparation for their visit to the Hall of History by providing three mailing pieces: "Let's Visit the Hall of History," a small folder designed for teachers of eighth grade groups who are planning to "spend a day" in Raleigh; "The Hall of History—A Museum in Action," which is actually a guide to the exhibits; and the "Hall of History Workbook," which gives a very elementary historical sketch of the period of history illustrated by the museum exhibits. The workbook also contains questions for the students to use as part of their follow-up work. These questions can be answered correctly only if the student gives careful attention to the exhibits and the introductory slide program during the visit.

The Demonstration Exhibit still proves popular with many groups. With fewer classes coming in during the first half of the school term, it is possible for the staff to arrange appointments for those who are interested in learning something of the early home crafts. At present the demon-

² For figures of registration at the Hall of History, by state and foreign country, see Appendix XXIII, p. 151.

strations emphasize the preparation, spinning, and weaving of both cotton and flax. The students see early weaving and quilt patterns. Quilting is also demonstrated upon request.

School Extension:

Even though the 35,000 or 40,000 students who visit the Hall of History annually may represent practically every county in the State, this is still a far cry from any sort of comprehensive coverage even for the eighth grade groups. It does not touch the other grade levels where history is taught. In order to provide supplementary material for these youngsters and to adult groups as well, the staff has compiled a number of slide lecture programs. Upon the teacher's request, these programs, consisting of from 40 to 100 slides and an accompanying script, are made available for classroom use. It would be difficult to estimate the number of requests received annually for these programs. We know of several teachers, however, who have adopted them as a regular part of their course of study.

Staff members make it a point to comply with requests from school authorities who are planning an assembly program which is to have a North Carolina history emphasis. Even an occasional classroom visit is made when a special history project is being introduced.

School children throughout the State have come to look on the history museum as a source of material and information when they are making scrapbooks or writing term papers on a related subject. During the school term it is an exceptional day when no requests are received, and a total of eight or ten a day is not unusual. These range from a request for a specific item or picture to "Please send me all the information there is on North Carolina. I need it right away for my scrapbook."

The traveling exhibit on North Carolina Indian artifacts—a number of which came from Town Creek—was sent to Charlotte for use in the Children's Nature Museum. Miss Jean Agnew, Chairman of Educational Exhibits of the American Camping Association, borrowed the exhibit for display during their convention at Asheville. It is presently located at the Arts and Science Museum in Statesville.

The Tarheel Junior Historian Program:

The Tarheel Junior Historian Association has become an important part of the work of the Museums Division. The two years covered by this report offer a good example of what can be accomplished when more than token attention can be given to such a program.

Due to the fact that no additional staff had been provided to initiate this work, very little was accomplished during the school year of 1958-1959. Only 25 clubs became members of the Association. A newsletter, which for the most part was a report on the club projects, was sent to the membership at the close of the school term.

In August, 1959, the Division employed a new staff member to assist in the education program. The Tarheel Junior Historian Association was included in the work assigned, and results for the school year 1959-1960 show a marked improvement.

Some 1,000 teachers received information on the Tarheel Junior Historian program. Approximately 30 schools were visited in response to requests for assistance in organizing history clubs. The school year closed with 44 clubs which had joined the Association. The total membership of these clubs was 1,343. A newsletter was written and reports were received on the progress of the projects which will constitute a Tarheel Junior Historian Display in the Hall of History.

The program needs to be brought to the attention of the State in general as well as to the schools. It is not a new unproven idea. In several States it is an established organization with strong backing on both local and statewide levels. Bringing the North Carolina program up to the same strength as in other States will be a slow process, but it can be accomplished if the program receives the proper emphasis.

PHOTOGRAPHY

Too often the work of the technical staff is merely taken for granted without any real comprehension of what is

contributed by their efforts. A case in point is that of the photographer. Before giving the cold statistics on the number of photographs taken, prints made, negatives filed, and other related work accomplished, it may be of interest to note the where and whyfords that necessitate the taking of so many pictures.

Although a large percentage of the photographer's work is for the Museums Division, other Divisions of the Department are served as well. The Publications Division requires a great many photographs for illustrations. Photographs and colored slides are often requested by the Historic Sites Division for lectures and publications, and occasionally a document from the Division of Archives and Manuscripts must be photographed.

Extensive use of the negative collection is made by newspapers, magazines, authors, and publishers. The Museum's extension service requires an ever-increasing number of kodachrome slides.

A few paragraphs from the quarterly reports during the biennium may give a clearer insight into the subject. Even with this, it may be difficult to realize just how much work and skill the following paragraphs encompass:

"During the first week of December the photographer was present at all the Departmental related sessions of Culture Week for the purpose of compiling a photographic record of this event" (October-December, 1959).

Or take this paragraph from a spring report, 1960: "The photographer made the following trips: April 13-14: Aycock Birthplace to make photographs; April 21-23: Durham to attend Southern Short Course in Photography; May 6: Alamance Battleground to make photographs of the new museum building; May 18: New Bern to make pictures of Tryon Palace furnishings." This is part of the photographic program for insurance and accession records.

The photographer made seven color photographs of the loading and firing of an early North Carolina-made gun. These photographs were enlarged and used in the new exhibit on guns.

Negatives have been made for a photographic inventory of all the items of furnishings at the Charles B. Aycock Birthplace, and 366 of these negatives have been printed. The photographic inventory of the Tryon Palace furnishings has been brought up to date.

The following compilation of the statistical reports relating to photography for the 1958-1960 biennium shows the volume of work that has been accomplished.

Pictures copied	666
Black and white prints	9,099
Negatives made and filed	3,096
Color slides	1,456

CO-OPERATION WITH OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

Each *Biennial Report* shows that the work of the Division of Museums tends to become more State-wide in scope. In evaluating the work for the past two years, it was found that the requests from allied history museums throughout the State have more than doubled. These requests come not only from the museums already established which want to initiate new exhibits and programs but also from groups planning new history museums. Several of the requests have come from county historical societies, two from municipalities, and one was a cooperative effort involving four counties, encompassing the old Albemarle area.

Other Museums:

One of the most time-consuming projects has been the Tryon Palace Restoration. The Museum Administrator and members of the staff have worked on accession problems, plans for a museum, and a photographic inventory of all the furnishings in the Palace. The Museum Administrator has attended the Commission meetings, made a trip to Colonial Williamsburg and to the Smithsonian Institution to study costumes of the period, helped design and choose the materials for both summer and winter costumes for the Hostesses, and conducted classes in Hostessing Techniques for Palace personnel. Several members of the staff attended the official opening of the Palace.

The Orange County Museum in Hillsboro requested and received assistance on both the planning and the execution of exhibits. Members of the Hall of History staff conferred with members of the staff of the Rowan Museum in Salisbury on exhibits and an educational program for that museum. The Museum Administrator worked with the committee which plans to establish a four-county historical museum in the old Albemarle area.

Assistance was given to the Greensboro Historical Museum in routine problems and in planning their thirty-fifth anniversary celebration which was held November 10, 1959. Members of the Junior League of Durham conferred with staff members about plans for a Durham Historical Museum. The Museum Administrator served as a consultant to the committee planning a High Point City Museum.

The Museums Division worked with two other State agencies and with the Historic Sites Division on museum problems. In cooperation with the State Museum of Art, a survey of all the oil paintings which belong to the State of North Carolina was completed. This survey was made at the request of the Governor with the idea of ascertaining the amount of restoration and repair that is needed for the paintings. The Museum Administrator worked with the Department of Agriculture on plans for a North Carolina Agricultural Hall of Fame. In cooperation with the Historic Sites program, assistance was given in the following areas: The Charles B. Aycock Birthplace received assistance on architectural plans for a museum building, furnishings for the Birthplace, plans for the formal opening of the site, and a photographic accessions inventory. Alamance Battleground received aid on architectural plans for a museum building and preliminary plans for exhibits in the museum. A temporary exhibit was installed in the Harper House at Bentonville Battleground. Assistance was also given to the Bennett Place Memorial Commission and to the Historic Bath Commission.

Other museums which received information and assistance were the Old Temperance Hall Restoration in Wagram, the proposed memorial museum to the late Governor

Angus W. McLean in Lumberton, and the House in the Horseshoe in Moore County.

Celebrations:

On October 31, 1958, an Andrew Johnson day was held at the Andrew Johnson Birthplace in Raleigh. The entire staff of the Museums Division worked on plans which included an open house at the Birthplace; a visit from Mrs. Margaret Patterson Bartlett, great-granddaughter of Andrew Johnson; continuous showings of the movie, *Tennessee Johnson*; music by the State College Band and the 30th Infantry Division Band; a reception sponsored by the Caswell-Nash Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution; and a banquet at which former Governor Frank B. Heintzleman of Alaska was the principal speaker. An invitation list was compiled and some 3,000 invitations were mailed throughout the State. An original play, "The Uncommon Man," by Dr. Jack Suberman on the life of Andrew Johnson, was sponsored by the North Carolina Society for the Preservation of Antiquities and was presented at their annual meeting in December.

The Museum Administrator and other members of the staff have worked with the North Carolina Confederate Centennial Commission and with the Carolina Charter Tercentenary Commission.

The Museums Division gave technical assistance to the State College Woman's Club in producing a fashion show using costumes covering the forty-year history of the club.

Professional Organizations:

Members of the staff attended the Southeastern Museums Conference annual meetings held during the biennium: 1958, Winston-Salem, and 1959, Memphis. The Museum Administrator resigned as Secretary-Treasurer of this organization and was elected to the Conference Council. She attended Council meetings in Memphis, Pittsburgh, and Columbia.

The Education Curator attended the six-weeks Seminar for Historical Administrators at Colonial Williamsburg in

1959. This Seminar was under the joint auspices of the National Trust for Historic Preservation and Colonial Williamsburg.

Staff members attended the American Association of Museums meetings in Pittsburgh in June, 1958, and in Boston in May, 1959. The Museum Administrator continues to serve as a member of the Association's Placement Service and Job Information Committee.

Radio, TV, and Publications:

Under the sponsorship of the All-State Insurance Company, the Education Curator toured the State for the purpose of tape recording interviews with the oldest living North Carolina citizens. Approximately 1,700 miles were covered on the trip, and interviews were collected from fifteen people. These interviews were edited and combined with color slides to make a program. On August 21, 1959, in special ceremonies held in the Governor's Office, copies of these recordings were presented to the State of North Carolina, the Library of Congress, the University of North Carolina Library, and the Clinic for the Study of Aging at Duke University.

The Exhibits Curator wrote an article on Library Exhibit Techniques for the North Carolina Library publication, and the Education Curator wrote an article on the Tarheel Junior Historian Association for the North Carolina Education Association Journal.

Receptions and Other Special Events:

On April 14, 1959, the Department and the All-State Insurance Company entertained the Sir Walter Cabinet with a program consisting of the slide program and tape recordings of North Carolina's elder citizens and four scenes enacted by children in period costume depicting events which the elderly people remembered. This was followed by a coffee hour.

The exhibit of "Plantation Scenes from Life" (referred to previously) was opened in the Portrait Gallery of the Hall

of History with a special viewing on July 9, 1959. This was followed by a coffee hour sponsored by Mrs. David I. Fort and Mrs. Faison Hicks, both of Raleigh.

On Saturday, May 7, 1960, the Department entertained a convention of the Daughters of the Revolution with a reception and program.

During the biennium special programs or speeches were provided for the following organizations: The Tuesday Afternoon Book Club of Raleigh; the Alice Broughton Book Club of Garner; the Samplers Book Club of Raleigh; the Wake County Colonial Dames; the Lanier Book Club of Raleigh; the Woman's Club of Lillington; the Winston-Salem Garden Club; the Roundtable Book Club of Raleigh; the Women of the First Presbyterian Church of Raleigh; the Bloomsbury Chapter of the Daughters of the Revolution; the Ad Libertum Book Club of Raleigh; the Clio Book Club of Raleigh; the Garden Department of the Woman's Club of Wilson; and the North Carolina State College Woman's Club.

DIVISION OF PUBLICATIONS

D. L. Corbitt, *Editor*

The biennium ending June 30, 1960, has been one in which the Division has distributed the greatest number of publications in any like period. It is also the biennium in which the largest amount of money has been collected. More people purchased its pamphlets and leaflets and more school children visited its offices than ever before.

In the beginning of its history the Department did not issue pamphlets covering such a variety of subjects as it is now doing. Neither did it charge for such items, but in 1956 the policy was changed and now a charge is made. This changed policy has benefited the State financially and it has caused adults and students alike to have a better appreciation of the publications issued by the Department. When a person purchases an item, he will ordinarily put a different value on it and will prize it more highly than if it were free material.

The Department has added several new items to the old list of pamphlets and leaflets and these have been well received. Others will appear as materials can be prepared and published.

During part of the biennium two groups of pamphlets and leaflets were available for distribution. The items in Group A individually sold for \$1.70, those in Group B for \$1.80; but collectively each group cost \$1.00. Many teachers and school children purchased both groups.

While expanding the pamphlet program, the Department at the same time is continuing its interest in scholarly publications such as *The North Carolina Historical Review* and documentary volumes. In publishing both types of material, the Department continues to serve scholars and laymen, teachers and students—all persons in the State who are interested in our history.

The State Textbook Commission has added to its recommended reading list another volume issued by the Department. This makes a total of four volumes on its list, as

follows: *The Carolina Charter of 1663; Explorations, Descriptions, and Attempted Settlements of Carolina, 1584-1590; North Carolina Governors, 1585-1958: Brief Sketches; and The Formation of North Carolina Counties, 1663-1943.* This indicates the Department's co-operation with and service to the public schools of the State.

Since its establishment in 1903 the Department has published a total of 452 items, either original material or



A staff member stamping the day's mail.



A few of the Department's recent publications.

reprints. These include documentary volumes, finding media of our archives and manuscripts, pamphlets, leaflets, maps, charts, biennial reports, *The North Carolina Historical Review*, and *Carolina Comments*.

A total of 57,706 volumes, leaflets, pamphlets, and charts was distributed.¹ The increased emphasis on the more popular publications for the general public as well as the public schools has expanded the publication program. Public and school libraries, college and university libraries have continued to make use of the services available.

The Division received a sum of \$24,389—an increase of 37.5 per cent—of which \$6,682 was for membership dues in The North Carolina Literary and Historical Association—an increase of 19.5 per cent. The remaining \$17,707 represented an increase of 45.8 per cent for the State. This sum was collected for subscriptions to *The North Carolina Historical Review* and the Department's other publications.

For the past several years The North Carolina Literary and Historical Association has had a Committee on Local Historical Societies. The Editor of the Division has served as Chairman of the Committee and during the biennium he has assisted in organizing groups in the following counties: Burke, Lee, and Wilson. During the years he has served as Chairman, groups have been organized in thirty-seven counties. Some of the groups are now inactive, but many continue to function actively.

The number of subscribers to *The North Carolina Historical Review* has increased,² and at the same time there has been an increase in the distribution of other publications. The number of books, pamphlets, maps, and charts distributed shows an increase of more than 31,950 copies. Also the amount of mail has increased. During the two-year period 112,842 items were placed in the post office or otherwise distributed—an average of 4,701 items each month. This was an increase of 29.5 per cent for the biennium. Thus it is evident that the services of the Division are reaching more people than formerly.

¹ For a list of the number of volumes, pamphlets, leaflets, and charts mailed per quarter, see Appendix XXIV, p. 152.

² For a list of the number of paid-up subscribers, new or renewal, received per quarter, see Appendix XXV, p. 152.

PUBLICATIONS

A total of forty-five items was published—two documentary volumes, eight numbers of *The North Carolina Historical Review*, eleven issues of *Carolina Comments* (the issues of November, 1958, and January, 1959, were combined into one issue), and pamphlets, leaflets, maps, and charts.

Documentary Volumes:

The John Gray Blount Papers. Edited by Alice Barnwell Keith. Volume II, 1790-1795. 1959. Pp. xxvi, 689. Illustrated.

The Papers of William Alexander Graham. Edited by J. G. de Roulhac Hamilton. Volume II, 1838-1844. 1959. Pp. xviii, 552.

Pamphlets and Leaflets:

Twenty-Seventh Biennial Report of the North Carolina Department of Archives and History, 1956-1958. 1958. Pp. 125. Illustrated.

Pictures of the Civil War Period in North Carolina. By D. L. Corbitt. 1958. Pp. 82. Illustrated.

Secretaries of the U. S. Navy, Brief Sketches of Five North Carolinians. By D. L. Corbitt. 1958. Pp. 18. Illustrated.

North Carolina in the American Revolution. By Hugh F. Rankin. 1959. Pp. viii, 75. Illustrated.

Indians in North Carolina. By Stanley A. South. 1959. Pp. vii, 69. Illustrated.

Hall of History — A Museum in Action. By Joye E. Jordan. 1959. Pp. 42. Illustrated.

Alamance Battleground State Historic Site. 1959. Pp. 8. Illustrated.

Land of Beginnings. 1959. Pp. 4. Illustrated.

Charles B. Aycock Birthplace State Historic Site. 1959. Revised 1960. Pp. 8. Illustrated.

North Carolina in the Mexican War, 1846-1848. By William S. Hoffmann. 1959. Pp. vii, 48. Illustrated.

Town Creek Indian Mound State Historic Site. 1959. Pp. 6. Illustrated.

The House in the Horseshoe, Moore County, North Carolina. 1959. Pp. 6. Illustrated.

Genealogical Research in the North Carolina Department of Archives and History. 1959. Pp. 8. Illustrated.

Laws Pertaining to the Activities and Functions of the State Department of Archives and History. 1960. Pp. 19.

Money Problems of Early Tar Heels. By Mattie Erma Parker. 1960. Fifth Printing. Pp. 14. Illustrated.

North Carolina as a Civil War Battleground, 1861-1865. By John G. Barrett. 1960. Pp. viii, 101. Illustrated.

Hall of History Railroad. By Ann Beal. 1960. Second printing. Pp. 12. Illustrated.

The County Records Manual. Edited by H. G. Jones and A. M. Patterson. 1960. Pp. iv, 73. Illustrated.

The Pirates of Colonial North Carolina. By Hugh F. Rankin. 1960. Pp. viii, 72. Illustrated.

Bentonville Battleground State Historic Site. 1959. Revised 1960. Pp. 8. Illustrated.

Records Management in North Carolina. 1960. Revised. Pp. 12. Illustrated.

Tar Heel Legends. Pp. 4. Mimeographed. Illustrated.

The North Carolina Historical Review:

The Review was published regularly during this period. Two thousand copies of each issue were published and 12,363 copies³ of all issues were mailed including 1,057 back issues.⁴ The total cost of printing *The Review* was \$11,030, an average of \$1,378 per issue. Paid-up subscriptions, either new or renewal, totaling 2,504 were received, averaging 104 per month. Subscribers are located in thirty-eight States, the District of Columbia, and three foreign countries. It is mailed on exchange to institutions and organizations in thirty-three States, the District of Columbia, and three foreign countries.

During the two-year period ending June 30, 1960, thirty-eight articles,⁵ one of which was in two parts, and seven

³ For a list of the number of copies of *The Review* mailed per issue, see Appendix XXVI, p. 152.

⁴ For a list of the number of copies of back issues of *The Review* mailed per quarter, see Appendix XXVII, p. 153.

⁵ For a list of articles published in *The Review*, see Appendix XXVIII, p. 153.

documents or collections of letters, one of which was in two sections, and two bibliographies were published in *The Review*. Thirty-four articles were on North Carolina subjects and four were on the South or related subjects. All documentary sections dealt with North Carolina or North Carolinians or had some connection with the State.⁶ Twenty-one authors were North Carolinians or resided in the State, and thirteen resided outside the State.

One hundred and nineteen books were reviewed, with twenty-six on North Carolina history and one on North Carolina biography, and the ninety-two others were generally about the South. These books were reviewed by sixty-eight resident North Carolinians and fifty-one scholars outside the State.

Carolina Comments:

This four-page newsheet has continued to be issued every two months except that the November, 1958, and January, 1959, issues were combined as one issue. Each issue is usually illustrated and 2,500 copies⁷ have been published. The number of copies was increased to 2,700 in May, 1959. It is mailed free to subscribers of *The Review*, to members of The North Carolina Literary and Historical Association, to college and university libraries and public school libraries in the State, and to some of the larger libraries and archival agencies throughout the United States.

The North Carolina Literary and Historical Association:

When the Department in 1924 began to publish *The North Carolina Historical Review*, which carries narrative articles, documentary material, book reviews, and historical news, it was sent to all members of the Association who were annual subscribers. One dollar of the membership dues was to pay for the subscription, which to non-members was \$2.00 per year. In 1956 the subscription rate was increased to \$3.00 per year and the annual dues in the Association were increased to \$5.00 per year, which still includes an

⁶ For a list of documents or letters published in *The Review*, see Appendix XXIX, p. 155.

⁷ For a list of the number of copies of *Carolina Comments* mailed per issue, see Appendix XXX, p. 155.

annual subscription. The dues then as now are divided equally. The Department receives \$2.50 and the Association \$2.50.

During the biennium the average mailing of *The Review* was 1,400 copies per issue. This was a slight increase over the previous biennium, an average of 1,314 copies of each issue was mailed.

FUTURE PUBLICATIONS

In 1908 when the Department began to publish documentary volumes, it was able to pay a nominal stipend to editors who prepared the material for publication and saw it through the press. In the 1930's, when the Department as well as other State agencies had to retrench its work and activities, it was not possible to pay anyone for this type of work. During the budget biennium 1959-1961, the Department can again pay a fee for such work. This is a very encouraging development because it was unrealistic to expect scholars without compensation to spend so much time and effort in collecting and preparing material for publication. Such work involves travel expenses in order to visit archives and other research centers where important relevant materials are housed. When more young scholars who are interested in establishing a reputation in the field of North Carolina history learn about this, it is believed that it will not be so difficult to interest historians in undertaking such work.

The Department has in hand enough edited material for several volumes, and as soon as funds become available this material will be published. The funds now in hand are enough to publish one volume annually.

Zebulon B. Vance Papers:

Volume I in this series has been in page proof for several years except the material for the front part including a brief sketch of Vance, list of letters in the volume, table of contents, and the like. Dr. Frontis W. Johnston, now Dean of Davidson College, has been unable to find time to prepare this material. Thus no progress is being made on this series

of which there is enough material for some six or seven volumes. Governor Vance was one of the most popular Governors the State has ever had. He was a Congressman; Colonel of the twenty-sixth North Carolina Regiment, C. S. A.; three-time Governor; and United States Senator, 1879-1894. Due to the fact that North Carolina will be commemorating in 1961-1965 the centennial of the Civil War, it is important that this interesting and valuable series of documents and letters be published and made available to scholars and to the public in general.

Blount Papers:

Volume II of this series became available for distribution during the biennium. Dr. Alice B. Keith of Meredith College is editing the series and the Department hopes to publish Volume III as soon as it can be compiled and edited. The material in this series is from the family papers of John Gray, Thomas, and William Blount and other members of the Blount family. The period covers the late Colonial, Revolutionary, and early National periods. These were businessmen and land speculators as well as public officials.

William A. Graham Papers:

Volume II of this series has been published and volume III is in page proof. There will be approximately six volumes in the series. William A. Graham was Governor of the State, United States Senator, Secretary of the Navy, Confederate States Senator, and Vice Presidential nominee on the Whig ticket in 1852. Dr. J. G. de Roulhac Hamilton is editor of this series. He has edited three other series for the Department.

Thomas Jordan Jarvis Papers:

Dr. W. B. Yearns of Wake Forest College is editing this series. Even though he has done some work on the material, it will be some time yet before volume I will be ready for the printer. Jarvis was a Confederate soldier, member of the General Assembly from Tyrrell County in 1868 and 1870, member of the Constitutional Convention of 1865 from Currituck County and of the Constitutional Conven-

tion of 1875 from Pitt County, Lieutenant Governor, Governor, United States Senator, and Minister to Brazil. He was interested in internal improvements, sound financial government, and public education.

Robert B. Glenn Papers:

Glenn was a member of the General Assembly from Forsyth County in 1899 and was Governor of the State, 1905-1909, following the administration of Charles B. Aycock. He was interested in the railroads of the State. Dr. Joseph R. Steelman of East Carolina College has agreed to edit these papers. Some progress has been made.

The Willie Person Mangum Papers:

This series of five volumes was edited by Dr. Henry T. Shanks of Birmingham Southern College, who died in December, 1959. At one time it was expected that enough valuable material would be available for another volume, but the new material which has been located is not sufficient to justify such a volume. Copies of all volumes are still available from the Department.

The Pettigrew Papers:

Dr. C. O. Cathey of the University of North Carolina has agreed to edit a series of volumes of these papers. The material will include papers of Charles Pettigrew, a school-teacher, planter, Episcopal minister, and the first Bishop-elect of the Episcopal Church of North Carolina; Ebenezer Pettigrew, his son, who was a planter and a member of Congress; James Johnston Pettigrew, a grandson, who practiced law in South Carolina and died of wounds he received during a skirmish while Lee's army was retreating after the Battle of Gettysburg.

Pamphlets:

Several new pamphlets were issued during the biennium, and several others are under consideration. Dr. Percival Perry of Wake Forest College has agreed to prepare a pamphlet on railroad development in the State in the

1850's, Dr. C. O. Cathey of the University of North Carolina one on agriculture in ante-bellum North Carolina, and Dr. Joseph R. Steelman of East Carolina College is preparing one on North Carolina and the Spanish-American War. No doubt other subjects will be undertaken during the coming biennium.

Publications for School Children:

Since the Department enlarged its emphasis to include more publications of a popular nature, the number of its publications distributed has nearly tripled. More teachers, public school students, and laymen are reading about North Carolina history than ever before. During the biennium 1952-1954 the Division mailed or otherwise distributed 21,056 volumes, pamphlets, leaflets, and charts. During the biennium 1958-1960 the Division distributed 56,706 volumes, pamphlets, and leaflets, an increase of 36,550 or 174 per cent. When young people are eager to learn, the material should be provided. This is our thought in providing a greater variety of topics and in greater quantities.

TRYON PALACE

Miss Gertrude S. Carraway, *Restoration Director*

The General Assembly of North Carolina in 1945 passed an act "to authorize the Department of Conservation and Development to accept gifts, acquire property and restore Tryon's Palace in New Bern."

For the purpose of supervising the restoration of the Palace and supervising and managing it after its completion a Tryon's Palace Commission was authorized to be composed of 25 persons named by the Governor and six ex-officio members: the Governor, Attorney General, Director of the Department of Conservation and Development, Director of the Department of Archives and History, the Mayor of the City of New Bern, and the Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners of Craven County.

The sum of \$150,000 was appropriated by the General Assembly for the purchase of property on the original site of this First State Capitol.

Governor R. Gregg Cherry appointed the 25 Commission members on October 27, 1945; and their first meeting, with the ex-officio members, was held on November 6, 1945, in the Governor's Office at Raleigh.

Mrs. James Edwin Latham of Greensboro, who had in 1944 established a trust fund of \$100,000 for the Restoration and promised to donate additional funds later, was elected Chairman of the Commission. Mrs. John A. Kellenberger of Greensboro, her daughter, was named First Vice Chairman; Mrs. Charles A. Cannon of Concord, Second Vice Chairman; and Miss Gertrude S. Carraway of New Bern, Secretary.

In 1949 the General Assembly amended the 1945 act to provide that the Department of Conservation and Development could proceed with acquiring the necessary property in New Bern when as much as \$250,000 or its equivalent has been made available by private contributions for the restoration. Mrs. Latham deposited with the State securities valued at \$150,000 to supplement her first \$100,000, in order to meet the requirements of this amendment.

Following the death of Mrs. Latham on April 8, 1951, it was learned that in addition to her two trust funds and the gift of a collection of antique furnishings valued at \$125,000, she had bequeathed the residue of her estate, then valued at \$1,160,000, to the Tryon Palace Commission to assure the complete and authentic restoration of what had been described as "the most beautiful building in the Colonial Americas."

With additional appropriations for the purchase of more land, bringing the State's total appropriations for this purpose to \$227,477.70, the Department of Conservation and Development acquired property for the restoration. Physical research on the site began during August, 1952, with the stripping of the modern work from the surviving West Wing of the Palace.

When Mr. John A. Kellenberger, of Greensboro, was appointed by Governor W. Kerr Scott to succeed his mother-in-law on the Commission, he was elected as its Finance Officer. The 1953 General Assembly provided for the organization of the Commission as a receiving and disbursing agency in order to accept Mrs. Latham's bequest and under the provisions of this act Mr. Kellenberger was elected by the Commission as its Finance Officer and Treasurer.

Through his able direction, with Mrs. Kellenberger's aid, the valuation of the Latham trusts and bequest substantially increased, not only to pay for the reconstruction of the famed Capitol, its outbuildings, all the furnishings, the landscaping of the extensive grounds, and the developing of 18th century gardens but also to buy far more than twice as much real estate as that bought by the State, so that the Restoration might include almost the entire original site as well as other needed property nearby.

As of June 9, 1960, the total investment in the Restoration from Commission funds remitted to the State amounted to \$2,964,845.35. All the buildings and their contents are listed in the name of the State of North Carolina.

In 1955 the General Assembly transferred the affiliation of the Tryon Palace Commission from the Department of Conservation and Development to that of the Department

of Archives and History, along with other historic sites in the State. Through this Department, the State makes annual appropriations for the maintenance and operation of the Palace Restoration.

The official opening of the Palace was held on April 8, 1959, with meetings of both Houses of the General Assembly held there. Next day there were previews for historians, statesmen, directors of museums, and other distinguished guests from many parts of the country. The Restoration was formally opened to the general public on April 10, 1959.

From that date through June 30, 1960, there were 42,638 paid admissions, including 33,047 adults at \$2 each and 9,591 children at \$1 each. All these revenues were deposited to the credit of the State Treasurer. The visitors came from all 50 States, the District of Columbia, Canal Zone, Puerto Rico, and 32 foreign countries. They were enthusiastic in praise of the Palace.

Although the Restoration is well furnished, additional antiques are being added continually by the Tryon Palace Commission. A dovecote, smoke house, and poultry house, of 18th century design, have been erected on the grounds, for Josiah Martin contracted for three such structures by John Hawks, supervising architect of the original Palace, after Martin had succeeded William Tryon as the Royal Governor of North Carolina.

The Palace grounds are being landscaped all the way to the Trent River waterfront, the former block of South Front Street there having been closed and replaced by a curving riverside "Tryon Palace Drive."

Across Eden Street a parking lot has been established by the Tryon Palace Commission. Across Pollock Street a new auditorium and public facilities are nearing completion.

Members of the Tryon Palace Commission meet twice annually and Commission committees meet much more often. They give liberally and cheerfully of their time, attention, and money. Under State law they receive no compensation, per diem, or payment of expense accounts.

The members of this Commission, as of June 30, 1960, follow:

Mr. Kellenberger, Chairman; Mrs. Cannon, First Vice Chairman; Miss Virginia Horne of Wadesboro, Second Vice Chairman; Mrs. Paul L. Borden of Goldsboro, Secretary; and Mr. Kellenberger, Finance Officer and Treasurer;

Mrs. William Henry Belk of Charlotte, Mrs. J. Melville Broughton and Mrs. J. Wilbur Bunn of Raleigh, Mrs. Lyman A. Cotten of Chapel Hill, Mrs. Henry F. DuPont of Wintertur, Delaware, Mrs. Inglis Fletcher of Edenton, Mrs. O. Max Gardner of Shelby, Mr. Alexander H. Graham of Hillsboro, Mrs. Edwin C. Gregory of Salisbury, Dr. Robert Lee Humber of Greenville, Mrs. P. P. McCain of Wilson, Mrs. J. S. Mitchener of Raleigh, Mrs. Thomas V. Moseley of Kinston, Mrs. Elizabeth Dillard Reynolds of Winston-Salem, Mr. Carroll P. Rogers of Tryon, Mr. George R. Ross of Jackson Springs, Mrs. J. Laurence Sprunt of Wilmington, Mrs. Andrew Burnet Stoney of Morganton, Mr. D. L. Ward of New Bern, and Mrs. Stanley S. Wohl of Annapolis, Maryland;

Ex-officio members: the Governor, the Attorney General, the Director of the State Department of Conservation and Development, the Director of the State Department of Archives and History, the Mayor of the City of New Bern, and the Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners of Craven County.

THE CAROLINA CHARTER TERCENTENARY COMMISSION

John D. F. Phillips, *Executive Secretary*

The General Assembly in 1959 authorized the Carolina Charter Tercentenary Commission (*Session Laws of 1959*, Chapter 1238). The Commission was charged with the task of planning a program for the celebration of the 300th anniversary of the granting of the Carolina Charter of 1663 by King Charles II of England to the eight Lords Proprietors. At the appropriate time the Commission is required by the act to conduct a celebration or series of celebrations.

The Commission consists ex officio of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Director of the Department of Conservation and Development, and the Director of the Department of Archives and History, and in addition 22 members to be appointed by the Governor for terms of two years each. The Director of the Department of Archives and History, or a member of his staff, is designated as Secretary of the Commission.

On June 3, 1959, the following members of the Commission were appointed by the Governor: Honorable Francis E. Winslow of Rocky Mount, Chairman, Mr. Henry Belk of Goldsboro, Mr. Winston Broadfoot of Hillsboro, Dr. H. H. Cunningham of Elon College, Dr. Chalmers G. Davidson of Davidson, Mr. Lambert Davis of Chapel Hill, Mrs. Inglis Fletcher of Edenton, Mr. Paul Green of Chapel Hill, Mr. Grayson Harding of Edenton, Mrs. William Daniel Holmes, Jr., of Edenton, Mrs. Robert Grady Johnson of Burgaw, Mrs. Kauno A. Lehto of Wilmington, Mr. James G. W. MacLamroc of Greensboro, Mr. Ben Dixon MacNeill of Buxton, Mrs. Harry McMullan of Washington, Dr. Paul Murray of Greenville, Dr. Robert H. Spiro, Jr., of Black Mountain, Mr. George M. Stephens of Asheville, Mr. Gilbert T. Stephenson of Pendleton, Mr. David Stick of Kill Devil Hills, Mrs. J. O. Tally, Jr., of Fayetteville, and Senator J. Emmett Winslow of Hertford.

On July 30, 1960, Mr. D. Victor Meekins of Manteo was appointed to fill the unexpired term of Ben Dixon MacNeill who had died May 27, 1960.

The Commission held its first plenary meeting in Raleigh on October 15, 1959, at which time it authorized the appointment of an Executive Committee comprising Mr. Francis E. Winslow as Chairman, Dr. Christopher Crittenden as Secretary, and Mr. Bclk, Dr. Cunningham, Mr. Davis, Mrs. Johnson, and Mr. Stick. Other actions taken at this meeting included a directive to the Executive Committee to prepare and submit to the Council of State a budget for the expenses of the Commission. For, while members of the Commission serve without pay, they are entitled to the travel and subsistence allowances provided by law for State boards and commissions generally. These costs, as well as expenses incident to employing necessary personnel, procuring supplies and equipment were authorized by the act establishing the Commission to be defrayed from the Contingency and Emergency Fund.

Accordingly, when the Executive Committee assembled in Raleigh, December 11, 1959, it recommended the following budget for the period February 1-June 30, 1960, which was later appropriated by the Council of State from the Contingency and Emergency Fund.

Salary—Director	\$3,000
Salaries and Wages—Staff	1,330
Supplies and Materials	500
Postage, Tel., Tel., Express	600
Travel Expense	1,200
Printing and Binding	300
Repairs and Alterations	200
General Expense	100
Equipment	1,600
Total	\$8,830

At this meeting it was unanimously decided to adopt as one of the objectives of the Commission's program the erection of a suitable building to serve as a repository for the State archives and other historical items and as a modern, efficient historical museum. The Executive Committee instructed the Chairman and the Secretary to canvass the

field and to recommend a candidate for the position of Director or Executive Secretary of the Commission. Following consideration of a number of individuals, Brigadier General John D. F. Phillips USA (Retired) ., was selected for appointment as of May 16, 1960. Miss Julia Lee Ribet was employed as General Phillips' secretary, May 20, 1960. Arrangements were made to secure quarters for the Commission in the State-owned house at 121 Halifax Street, Raleigh.

Meanwhile, on May 20, 1960, the second plenary meeting of the Charter Commission was held at Raleigh to consider the outline program proposed by the Executive Secretary. This program envisaged the organization of a number of functional committees which would be composed of members of the Commission supplemented by prominent citizens whose interests lay in the fields of interest of the proposed committee. The following groups were contemplated:

Committee on Scholarly Research—would consider projects of a scholarly nature, determining their feasibility and priority, and make recommendations to the Executive Committee. These projects would be in the area of identifying scholarly materials for exhibition, publication, and micro-filming; developing programs of study and publication by graduate students of North Carolina and other scholars; and selecting national and regional learned societies for invitation to conduct conferences and conventions in North Carolina in 1963.

Committee on the Arts—would recommend activities in the field of fine arts, music, and literature, including play-writing and dramatic presentations; essay contests; musical compositions and performances; and procurement and exhibition of works of art.

Committee on Religious Activities—would recommend ways in which the Commission can stress the contribution of the Carolina Charter and subsequent documents to establishing and strengthening the concept of freedom of religion in North Carolina and in the United States.

Committee on Commemorative Events—would recommend and develop plans for observances such as pageants, recep-

tions, dinners, socials, ceremonies, resolutions by the General Assembly, and other suitable activities.

Committee on Programs in Schools, Colleges, and Universities—would formulate and recommend programs for observance of the Carolina Charter Tercentenary in and by the elementary and high schools and institutions of higher learning in North Carolina. Activities considered are pageants, musical and dramatic programs; publications, both student and institutional; films; visits to historic sites; convocations; and founders' day observances.

Finance and Building Committee—would work to find ways and means of defraying the expenses of the Tercentenary, including the construction of the proposed Archives building, not provided from State appropriations.

The foregoing proposals were accepted by the Commission as was the following budget request for the 1960-1961 fiscal year (approved by the Governor and Council of State, from the Contingency and Emergency Fund, June, 1960) :

Expenses of Members	\$ 1,500
Salary—Executive Secretary	7,200
Salary and Wages—Staff	3,200
Supplies and Materials	1,200
Postage, Tel., Tel., and Express	1,440
Travel Expense	1,380
Printing and Binding	3,720
Repairs and Alterations	480
General Expenses	240
Equipment	840
Total	\$21,200

Just prior to the close of the reporting period another meeting of the Executive Committee was held in Raleigh (June 22, 1960). This group instructed the Executive Secretary to initiate action looking to the formation of a non-profit corporation, subject to the advice and approval of the State Attorney General, to be known as The Carolina Charter Corporation, for the purposes of receiving, accounting for, and disbursing such Non-State funds as might be received.

The Executive Committee appointed the following members of the Commission to serve as chairmen of the committees authorized at the plenary meeting of May 20, 1960:

Arts	Mrs. J. O. Tally, Jr.
Commemorative Events	Mrs. Inglis Fletcher and Mrs. Harry J. McMullan (co-chairmen)
Finance and Building Programs in Schools, Colleges and Universities	Mr. James G. W. MacLamroc
Religious Activities	Dr. H. H. Cunningham
Scholarly Activities	Mr. Gilbert T. Stephenson
	Messrs. Lambert Davis and William S. Powell (co-chairmen)

As the period closed the Executive Secretary was engaged in dispatching invitations signed by the Chairman addressed to civic leaders throughout the State requesting their participation in the work of one or more of the Commission's committees. Preliminary response was highly favorable and augured well for the success of the Commission's program.

THE NORTH CAROLINA
CONFEDERATE CENTENNIAL COMMISSION

Norman C. Larson, *Executive Secretary*

The North Carolina Confederate Centennial Commission, authorized by the 1959 General Assembly (*Session Laws*, chapter 323), has as its charge the planning and conduct of the 100th anniversary of the War Between the States. It is further directed to co-operate insofar as practicable with agencies of the United States Government, individual States, unofficial organizations, and individuals, in the execution of this program.

As established by the General Assembly, the Confederate Centennial Commission consists ex officio of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Director of the Department of Conservation and Development, the Director of the Department of Archives and History, and twenty-five members appointed by the Governor, each for a two-year term.

The following members of the Commission were appointed: Colonel Hugh Dortch, Chairman, of Goldsboro, Mrs. E. A. Anderson of Charlotte, Judge W. H. S. Burgwyn of Woodland, Mrs. D. S. Coltrane of Raleigh, Mrs. G. W. Cover of Andrews, Mr. Burke Davis of Greensboro, Mrs. Bettie Sue Gardner of Reidsville, Mr. Robert Garvey of Winston-Salem, Dr. W. S. Jenkins of Chapel Hill, Dr. Frontis W. Johnston of Davidson, Mr. Fitzhugh Lee of Goldsboro, Dr. Hugh T. Lefler of Chapel Hill, Mr. James S. Lewis, Jr., of Goldsboro, Mrs. Mary Jane McCrary of Brevard, Honorable Hector MacLean of Lumberton, Judge R. Hunt Parker of Raleigh, Mr. John R. Peacock of High Point, Mr. Hoke Pollock of Southern Pines, Judge William B. Rodman, Jr., of Raleigh, Mr. Reed Sarratt of Winston-Salem, Senator James G. Stikeleather, Jr., of Asheville, Dr. Henry S. Stroupe of Winston-Salem, Mr. Glenn Tucker of Flat Rock, Dr. Robert H. Woody of Durham, and Mr. Thomas H. Wright, Jr. of Wilmington.

The first meeting of the North Carolina Confederate Centennial Commission was held in Raleigh on October 28,

1959. An Executive Committee consisting of the following was appointed: Colonel Hugh Dortch, Chairman, Mrs. E. A. Anderson, Mrs. D. S. Coltrane, Dr. Christopher Crittenden, Mr. Robert Garvey, Dr. Hugh T. Lefler, Mr. Hector MacLean, Judge William B. Rodman, Jr., Senator James G. Stikeleather, Jr., Dr. Henry S. Stroupe, and Mr. Thomas H. Wright, Jr. Dr. Crittenden was appointed Secretary of the group. The Executive Committee was directed to prepare and submit to the Council of State an operating budget for the expenses of the Commission.

The Executive Committee, meeting on January 22, 1960, authorized a budget request for the remainder of the fiscal year 1959-1960 of \$7,344. This request was duly submitted to the Council of State and the appropriation was made. The Chairman, Colonel Dortch, and the Secretary, Dr. Crittenden, were authorized to select an Executive Secretary for the Commission. On April 1, 1960, Norman C. Larson, formerly of the Department of Archives and History, was appointed to this position. Mrs. Patsy Graham Harris was employed as Administrative Assistant on April 15.

On June 3, 1960, the second plenary meeting of the Commission was held in Raleigh. At that time a proposed program for the Commission was submitted by the Executive Secretary. A request for a budget of \$21,780 was approved for the fiscal year 1960-1961, with a provision added for the request of additional funds.

The program for the Centennial, as presented by the Executive Secretary, was accepted by the Commission. It is designed so as to plan and co-ordinate Centennial activities at both the State and local level. The following outline indicates the nature of this program:

Formation of a Non-Profit Corporation:

It was suggested by the Executive Secretary that a non-profit corporation be formed by the Commission for the purpose of supplementing State funds. This organization would have as its charge the acquisition and disbursement of all funds necessary for the execution of the Commission's program other than those appropriated by the State.

Publications Program:

As a means of informing North Carolinians of the part played by their State during the War Between the States, it was suggested that a Publications Committee be formed. This Committee would outline a series of publications to be prepared and distributed by the Commission during the four year period of commemoration. The committee will consist of members of the Commission as well as other interested and capable individuals.

Audio-Visual Aids:

One of the most graphic means of presenting the story of North Carolina's part in the Confederacy will be through visual aids. Motion picture films, slides, and film strips will be planned by an audio-visual aid committee. It is hoped that the Communications Department of the University of North Carolina will work very closely with this group.

Historical Drama:

The summer of 1963 will mark the high point of the Confederacy and of North Carolina's participation in its behalf. It is hoped that a historical drama of the calibre and scope of "The Lost Colony" will be produced by the Commission during this period.

School Education:

With the co-operation of the Department of Public Instruction a re-emphasis on North Carolina history during the 1861-1865 period will be effected in the Public Schools of the State. This committee will be charged with the responsibility of planning such a program and assisting in the provision of supplementary materials for its execution.

Sites and Markers, Graves, Local Commemorations:

These three committees will assist local committees in the preparation and carrying out of the Centennial program at the local level. A guide will be prepared by the State office in order to conduct a uniform program throughout the State.

Re-enactments:

Many of the States are planning full scale battle re-enactments during the Centennial. The feasibility of such an endeavor in North Carolina will be decided by the committee on re-enactments.

Documents, Manuscripts, and Museum Items:

A precise, thorough program for the collection and preservation of documents, manuscripts, newspapers, and museum items relating to the period is necessary. This committee, in co-operation with the Department of Archives and History, will arrange such a program.

Other phases of the Centennial program as presented by the Executive Secretary to the Commission include the planning of a Lee-Jackson Ball to be held early in 1961; an effort, in co-operation with other Southern Centennial Commissions, to promote the restoration of the White House of the Confederacy and the construction of a new Confederate Museum in Richmond, Virginia; and the erection by the State of a new Archives and History building to be known as the Carolina Charter and Confederate Memorial Building.

As the period closed, the Executive Secretary was in the process of putting this program into effect. Response of local organizations has been quite favorable. This commemoration should prove to be one of the most outstanding events in the history of our State and Nation.

APPENDIX 1

THE EXECUTIVE BOARD, JUNE 30, 1960

<i>Name of Member</i>	<i>Residence</i>	<i>Date Appointed</i>	<i>Date Term Expires</i>
Dr. Fletcher M. Green	Chapel Hill	July 18, 1955	March 31, 1961
Mr. Josh L. Horne	Rocky Mount	July 18, 1955	March 31, 1961
Mr. Herschell V. Rose ¹	Smithfield	June 10, 1957	March 31, 1963
Mr. Ralph P. Hanes ²	Winston-Salem	August 25, 1959	March 31, 1963
Mr. James W. Atkins ³	Gastonia	February 3, 1958	March 31, 1963
Miss Gertrude S. Carraway	New Bern	June 18, 1959 (reappointed)	March 31, 1965
Mr. McDaniel Lewis, Chairman	Greensboro	June 18, 1959 (reappointed)	March 31, 1965
Dr. Daniel J. Whitener	Boone	June 18, 1959	March 31, 1965

¹ Deceased, May 7, 1959.² Appointed to fill unexpired portion of term of Herschell V. Rose.³ Appointed to fill unexpired portion of term of Clarence W. Griffin, Forest City, deceased January 10, 1958.

APPENDIX II

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES, 1930-1960

<i>Year</i>	<i>Appropriation</i>	<i>Expenditures</i>
1930-1931	\$30,865	\$23,565
1931-1932	24,865	18,339
1932-1933	20,065	13,286
1933-1934	12,826	11,223
1934-1935	11,315	11,298
1935-1936	19,364	16,157
1936-1937	20,294	19,986
1937-1938	21,843	20,478
1938-1939	22,443	22,088
1939-1940	21,160	20,594
1940-1941	21,160	20,669
1941-1942	23,300	21,253
1942-1943	24,514	23,843
1943-1944	28,707	27,973
1944-1945	28,212	26,941
1945-1946	45,290	30,651
1946-1947	54,827	51,388
1947-1948	68,391	66,642
1948-1949	64,073	63,800
1949-1950	84,851	83,958
1950-1951	93,723	93,629
1951-1952	99,668	97,658
1952-1953	113,528	110,523
1953-1954	161,203	153,265
1954-1955	160,084	148,510
1955-1956	183,182	165,063
1956-1957	194,133	181,530
1957-1958	346,535	262,927
1958-1959	317,111	310,363
1959-1960	408,677	388,105

APPENDIX III

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES, 1958-1960

	<i>1958-1959</i>		<i>1959-1960</i>	
	<i>Appropriation</i>	<i>Expenditures</i>	<i>Appropriation</i>	<i>Expenditures</i>
Salaries and Wages	\$178,527	\$177,013	\$259,401	\$254,792
Supplies and Materials	15,267	14,909	32,740	30,766
Postage, Tel. & Tel., Express	2,935	2,922	4,000	3,921
Travel Expense	6,214	5,998	9,775	9,297
Printing and Binding	17,400	15,955	24,050	23,782

Motor Vehicle Operation	2,250	2,077	3,600	3,229
Light, Power, Water . . .	25	25	175	66
Repairs and Alterations	16,624	15,432	21,693	18,521
General Expense	209	190	1,741	1,594
Insurance and Bonding . .	591	590	1,000	708
Equipment	9,600	9,153	66,327	65,355
Additions and Betterments	67,277	67,277	—	—
Stores for Resale	2,500	2,493	2,500	2,494
Manuscripts	500	490	1,000	975
Museum Purchases	—	—	4,500	4,454
Hodges Letter Book	12,383	693	11,690	2,840
Transferred to 1959-60 for Deferred Obligations		11,690		
Total Requirements	\$332,302	\$326,909	\$444,192	\$422,794
Less Estimated Receipts:	15,191	16,546	35,515	34,689
General Fund Appropriation:	\$317,111	\$310,363	\$408,677	\$388,105

APPENDIX IV

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES AS OF JUNE 30
AT THE END OF EACH BIENNIUM, 1908-1960

1908	3	1936	8
1910	3	1938	9
1912	3	1940	9
1914	5	1942	11
1916	8	1944	11
1918	9	1946	13
1920	9	1948	16
1922	9	1950	18
1924	11	1952	20
1926	11	1954	33
1928	10	1956	33
1930	10	1958	42
1932	10	1960	72
1934	8		

APPENDIX V

POSITIONS AND SALARY RANGES, JUNE 30, 1960

Archives and History Series

Director	\$ 10,000
State Archivist	6,348- 7,692
Archivist III	4,788- 5,964
Archivist II	4,248- 5,256
Archivist I	3,636- 4,476
Public Records Examiner	4,788- 5,964
State Records Center Supervisor	4,788- 5,964
Editor	6,348- 7,692
Editorial Assistant II	4,248- 5,256
Editorial Assistant I	3,636- 4,476
Museum Administrator	6,348- 7,692
Museum Curator II	4,248- 5,256
Museum Curator I	3,636- 4,476
Historic Sites Superintendent	6,348- 7,692
Historic Site Specialist	4,248- 5,256

Clerical and General Series

Accounting Clerk III	4,248- 5,256
Accounting Clerk I	2,880- 3,636
Stenographer II	2,976- 3,732
Photographer	3,312- 4,152

Custodial and Housekeeping Series

Janitor	1,956- 2,544
Janitor-Messenger	2,100- 2,688

APPENDIX VI

LIST OF EMPLOYEES, SHOWING NAME, TITLE, AND PERIOD OF SERVICE
(IF LESS THAN THE FULL BIENNIUM)**Administration:*

Crittenden, Christopher, Director
Bartell, Mrs. Bessie H., Accounting Clerk I (Temporary) May 1, 1959-June 30, 1959
Caudle, R. Corinne, Stenographer II, June 8, 1960-June 30, 1960
Corn'ck, Mary B., Accounting Clerk III, June 21, 1960-June 30, 1960
Hardy, James T., Janitor-Messenger
Harrell, Mrs. Ernestine H., Stenographer II, December 22, 1958- March 31, 1959
Johnson, Mrs. Blanche M., Stenographer III
Thompson, Mrs. Lenore S., Accounting Clerk I, July 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

* Unless specified by calendar dates, listed employees were on the payroll of the Department during the entire two-year period, July 1, 1958-June 30, 1960. Persons employed on an hourly basis are not included.

Worthington, Mrs. Ann Kilby, Stenographer II, July 1, 1958-December 19, 1958, April 1, 1959-May 31, 1960, (née Ann J. Kilby) †

Division of Archives and Manuscripts:

Administration:

Jones, Houston G., State Archivist

Bailey, Nan B., Stenographer II, June 1, 1959-July 30, 1959

Foote, Carole S., Stenographer II, August 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

Penny, Mrs. Lodosca R., Stenographer II (Temporary) January 19, 1959-May 29, 1959

Archives:

Britt, Thomas G., Archivist II, August 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

Burgess, Joshua, Jr., Janitor

Crabtree, Beth G., Archivist II, January 1, 1960-June 30, 1960

Doster, Robert N., Clerk II (Temporary) October 1, 1959-December 31, 1959

Gregory, Mrs. Marion S., Archivist I, September 8, 1959-June 30, 1960 (née Marion Saunders)

Harrell, Mrs. Ernestine H., Stenographer II (Temporary) April 1, 1959-December 15, 1959

Hocutt, James R., Clerk II, June 15, 1959-March 31, 1960

Hocutt, James R., Clerk III, April 1, 1960-June 30, 1960

Hughes, Mrs. Carolyn G., Archivist I, (née Carolyn Green)

Hunter, Wilbert, Janitor, (Temporary) July 1, 1958-February 16, 1959

Long, John L., Archivist I, (Temporary) May 19, 1958-June 30, 1959

Machesko, Michael R., Clerk II, July 15, 1959-June 30, 1960

Miller, Cecil I., Clerk II, December 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

Meconnahey, Mrs. Julia C., Archivist II, July 1, 1958-September 30, 1959

Page, Mrs. Ruth H., Archivist I, July 1, 1958-June 30, 1959

Pritchett, James R., Archivist I, December 1, 1958-January 8, 1959

Robinson, Mrs. Rachel R., Archivist I, July 1, 1958-January 2, 1959

Rogers, Mrs. Mary J., Archivist II

Stevick, Mrs. Betty P., Clerk II (Temporary) March 28, 1960-June 30, 1960

Watkins, Mrs. Elizabeth B., Clerk II, July 1, 1958-March 31, 1959

Woodard, John R., Jr., Clerk II (Temporary) June 6, 1960-June 30, 1960

Wootten, Walter R., Archivist I (Temporary) March 24, 1960-June 30, 1960

State Records:

Blackwelder, Mrs. Memory F., Records Center Supervisor

Alston, Leonard, Janitor-Messenger

Ashford, Mrs. Frances S., Archivist I, March 21, 1960--June 30, 1960

Bailey, Mrs. Elizabeth B., Clerk II, August 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

Benner, Claude J., Jr., Archivist I, September 1, 1958-January 19, 1960

Borchers, Mrs. Ethel E., Clerk II

† Where a woman is listed as "(née -----)", it means that she married during the biennium.

Bowling, Mrs. Bessie W., Clerk II
Fish, James L., Archivist I, July 1, 1958-September 10, 1958
Hall, Robert H., Clerk II (Temporary) May 1, 1960-June 30, 1960
Hilbourn, Mrs. Elizabeth J., Clerk II, July 1, 1958-June 30, 1959
Horton, Bobby Lee, Clerk II, February 15, 1959-June 30, 1960
Kuhn, Mrs. Jo Ann W., Archivist I, July 1, 1958-August 8, 1958
Levings, Mrs. Elizabeth C., Archivist I, June 1, 1959-June 30, 1960
London, Mrs. Betty M., Archivist I, January 1, 1959-May 15, 1959
Moss, Mrs. Elizabeth C., Archivist II
Turner, Karl E., Archivist I, September 22, 1958-December 12, 1958
Wall, Mrs. Betty P., Clerk II (Temporary) March 16, 1960-April 29, 1960
Wall, Mrs. Maxie C., Clerk II

Local Records:

Patterson, Alex M., Public Records Examiner, August 1, 1958-June 30, 1960
Braftord, Patricia A., Stenographer II, August 1, 1959-June 30, 1960
Hampton, Mrs. Ermine B., Clerk II, July 15, 1959-June 30, 1960
Hilbourn, Mrs. Elizabeth J., Archivist I, July 1, 1959-June 30, 1960
Langston, Walter R., Clerk II, February 1, 1960-June 30, 1960
McCoy, Mrs. Lillie H., Clerk II, July 15, 1959-June 30, 1960
McCullough, Charles D., Archivist I, July 15, 1959-January 28, 1960
Moss, William R., Archivist I, February 15, 1960-June 30, 1960
Mozingo, Mrs. Harriet S., Clerk II (Temporary) March 28, 1960-June 30, 1960
Murray, Delores C., Archivist I, July 15, 1959-June 30, 1960
Page, Mrs. Ruth H., Archivist II, July 1, 1959-June 30, 1960
Phillips, Mrs. Mary S., Archivist I, June 1, 1959-June 30, 1960 (née Mary Stevenson)
Stone, Richard G., Jr., Archivist I, October 15, 1959-January 29, 1960
Worsley, Charles K., Archivist I, July 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

Museums:

Jordan, Mrs. Joye S., Museum Administrator
Cole, Mrs. Julia S., Stenographer II, July 1, 1958-May 19, 1960
Ellington, John D., Museum Curator I
Futrell, Mrs. Madlin M., Photographer I
Harrell, Mrs. Ernestine, December 16, 1959-May 31, 1960
Johnson, Sara L., Stenographer II, June 15, 1960-June 30, 1960
Larson, Norman C., Museum Curator II, July 1, 1958-March 31, 1960
Naumer, Carlos, Museum Exhibits Designer, May 15, 1960-June 30, 1960
Rogers, Marvin K., Janitor-Messenger
Shultz, Mrs. Barbara McK., Museum Curator II
Todd, Mrs. Sue R., Museum Curator I, August 15, 1959-June 30, 1960 (née Sue Ridge)
Townsend, Samuel P., Museum Curator I, July 15, 1959-June 30, 1960

Publications:

Corbitt, David L., Editor

Brake, Mrs. Sylvia F., Typist II, (Temporary) April 1, 1959-June 30, 1959, September 1, 1959-October 31, 1959

Crabtree, Beth G., Editorial Assistant II, July 1, 1958-December 31, 1959

Critcher, Annie Doris, Stenographer II, July 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

Johnson, Betsy A., Editorial Assistant I, January 1, 1960-June 30, 1960

Powell, Truby H., Stock Clerk I, February 6, 1960-June 30, 1960

Roberts, Jo Ann, Stenographer II, July 1, 1958-October 1, 1959

Waters, Mrs. Martha B., Stenographer II, December 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

Wilborn, Mrs. Elizabeth W., Editorial Assistant II

Historic Sites:

Tarlton, William S., Historic Sites Superintendent

Bragg, Nicholas B., Historic Site Specialist, October 15, 1959-June 30, 1960 (Bentonville Battleground)

Broadwell, Mrs. Marguerite C., Stenographer II, January 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

Conway, Robert O., Historic Site Specialist, November 1, 1959-June 30, 1960 (Zeb Vance Birthplace)

Gaines, Edward, Ground Maintenance Man, (Town Creek Indian Mound) July 1, 1959-June 30, 1960

Gelbach, George K., Historic Site Specialist, July 1, 1958-August 31, (Bentonville Battleground)

Honeycutt, Ava L., Historic Site Specialist, (Alamance Battleground)

Lee, Enoch L., Jr., Historic Site Specialist, July 1, 1958-August 31, 1958 (Brunswick Town)

Mitchell, Royal J., Historic Site Specialist, July 28, 1958-September 4, 1959 (Bentonville Battleground)

Naumer, Helmuth J., Historic Site Specialist, September 14, 1959-June 30, 1960 (Town Creek Indian Mound)

Phelps, David S., Historic Site Specialist, September 1, 1958-September 15, 1959 (Town Creek Indian Mound)

Sawyer, Richard W., Jr., Historic Site Specialist (Aycock Birthplace)

South, Stanley A., Archeologist, (Brunswick Town) and (Town Creek Indian Mound)

Walls, Mrs. Barbara L., Stenographer II, July 1, 1958-December 19, 1958

APPENDIX VII

PUBLICATIONS OF STAFF MEMBERS

Mrs. Memory F. Blackwelder wrote an article, "The North Carolina Records Management Program," *The North Carolina Historical Review*, XXXVI, Number 3 (July, 1959), 340-357; and the following publication for the Department:

Records Management in North Carolina: A Program of the State Department of Archives and History, leaflet (revised 1960).

Mr. D. L. Corbitt served as Managing Editor of *The North Carolina Historical Review* and reviewed *North Carolina Land Grants in Tennessee, 1778-1791*, compiled by Betty Goff Cartwright and Lillian Johnson Gardiner with Foreword by Robert T. Quarles, Jr. (Memphis: I. C. Harper Company, 1958) in *The Tennessee Historical Quarterly*, XVIII, Number 2 (June, 1959) and *A Bibliography of North Carolina, 1589-1956*, compiled by Mary Lindsay Thornton (Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1958) in *The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography*, LXVII, Number 3 (July, 1959). He also wrote *Secretaries of the U. S. Navy: Brief Sketches of Five North Carolinians*, and *Pictures of the Civil War Period in North Carolina*. (Raleigh: State Department of Archives and History, 1958).

Miss Beth G. Crabtree, Archivist II, wrote *North Carolina Governors* (Raleigh: State Department of Archives and History, 1958, 137 pages).

Dr. Christopher Crittenden served as Editor of *The North Carolina Historical Review*. He also wrote the following articles and book reviews:

Articles

"Let's Make History Live," guest editorial in *The Old Salem Newsletter*, September, 1958.

"Preserving North Carolina History," *The Voice of the Sanatoriums*, quarterly of the North Carolina Sanatoriums, October, 1958. (Address at the fiftieth anniversary of the opening of the first North Carolina Sanatorium, McCain, N. C., April 23, 1958.)

"A New Look at History Museums," *History News*, November, 1958. (Condensation of an address to the American Association of Museums, Charleston, S. C., May, 1958.)

"Historic Sites: A Few Problems and Pitfalls," *The Wi-Iyohi*, monthly bulletin of the South Dakota Historical Society, December, 1958. (Address to the North American Association of Historic Sites Public Officials, New Orleans, October 31, 1958.) Reprinted in *Historic Preservation*, monthly publication of the National Trust for Historic Preservation, Vol. XI, No. 1, 1959.

"The Public Library and Local Historical Sources," *The Bookmark*, published by the New York State Library, January, 1959. Multilithed.

"We've Come a Long Way: History and Historical Activities in North Carolina," *The North Carolina Historical Review*, April, 1959. (Presidential address to the Historical Society of North Carolina, Winston-Salem, November 1, 1957.)

"Raleigh, North Carolina, U.S.A.," article for the *Encyclopedia Britannica*, 1959.

Book Reviews

The American Revolution in Georgia, 1763-1789. (Athens: University of Georgia Press, 1958) *The American Historical Review*, July, 1959.

The Journal of William Stephens, 1741-1743. Edited by E. Merton Coulter. (Athens: University of Georgia Press. 1958) *The American Historical Review*, January, 1959.

The Journal of William Stephens, 1743-1745. Edited by E. Merton Coulter. (Athens: University of Georgia Press. c. 1959) *The American Historical Review*, January, 1960.

Mr. H. G. Jones edited the *Directory of State Archives Agencies, 1959* (Raleigh: State Records Committee, Society of American Archivists, 1959, 60 pages. Mimeographed and bound.) He also edited, with A. M. Patterson, *The County Records Manual* (Raleigh: State Department of Archives and History, 1960, 73 pages. Printed.) He also edited, with A. M. Patterson, a leaflet, *Genealogical Research in the North Carolina Department of Archives and History* (Raleigh: State Department of Archives and History, 1959, 8 pages). During the biennium he wrote the following articles and book reviews:

Articles:

"Three for Independence," *The News and Observer* (Raleigh), July 6, 1958, a speech delivered previously before the Raleigh Kiwanis Club.

"Genealogical Research in the North Carolina Department of Archives and History," *North Carolina Libraries*, Volume 17, Number 2 (January, 1959).

"North Carolina's County Records Program," *The County Officer* (official publication of the National Association of County Officials), Volume 25, Number 6 (June, 1960).

Book Reviews:

A New Geography of North Carolina. Volume II. By Bill Sharpe. (Raleigh: Sharpe Publishing Co., 1958), *The North Carolina Historical Review*, XXXV, Number 3 (July, 1958).

A Bibliography of North Carolina 1589-1956. Compiled by Mary Lindsay Thornton. (Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina Press, 1958), *The North Carolina Historical Review*, XXXVI, Number 2 (April, 1959).

Ye Countie of Albemarle in Carolina: A Collection of Documents 1664-1675. Edited by William S. Powell. (Raleigh: State Department of Archives and History, 1958), *The State*, Volume 26, Number 14 (December 13, 1958).

New Hanover Court Minutes, 1738-1769. Edited by Alexander M. Walker. (Bethesda, Md.: The Editor, 1958), *The State*, Volume 26, Number 10 (October 18, 1958). Mr. Jones also reviewed the same book *The News and Observer* (Raleigh), October 12, 1958.

Rear Admiral A. M. Patterson co-edited, with Mr. H. G. Jones, *The County Records Manual* (Raleigh: State Department of Archives and History, 1960, 73 pages).

Admiral Patterson also edited the following mimeographed inventories of county records: Camden, Chatham, Chowan, Currituck, Pasquotank, Wake, and Wilson.

Mr. William S. Tarlton wrote one leaflet for publication by the Department: *The House in the Horseshoe*, Moore County, North Carolina, 1959. Pp. 6. Illustrated. He also edited a 32-page mimeographed booklet, "Report of the Third Annual Meeting of The Association of Historic Sites Administrators" (1959) of which organization he was elected Secretary-Treasurer for the third consecutive year.

Book Reviews (both of which appeared in *The North Carolina Historical Review*:

The American Heritage Book of Great Historic Places. By the Editors of American Heritage, with the Narrative by Richard M. Ketchum and an Introduction by Bruce Catton. (New York: American Heritage Publishing Company, Inc., in cooperation with Simon and Schuster, Inc. 1957).

William Buckland, 1734-1774: Architect of Virginia and Maryland. By Rosamond Randall Beirne and John Henry Scharff. (Baltimore: The Maryland Historical Society, 1958).

Mr. Stanley A. South wrote a booklet for the Department, *Indians in North Carolina*. 1959. Pp. vii, 69. Illustrated.

Mr. South also wrote a pamphlet *Brunswick Town State Historic Site*. 1960. Pp. 8. Illustrated.

Mr. South also reviewed two books in the *North Carolina Historical Review*:

Southeastern Indians, Life Portraits, A Catalogue of Pictures, 1564-1860. Edited by Emma Lila Fundaburk. (Luverne, Alabama: Privately printed. Illustrations, notes, bibliography and index).

Dictionary of the American Indian. By John Stoutenburgh, Jr. (New York: Philosophical Library, Inc. 1960).

APPENDIX VIII

DIVISION OF ARCHIVES AND MANUSCRIPTS

PAGES LAMINATED

<i>Quarter</i>	<i>Pages Laminated</i>
July-September, 1958	1,318
October-December, 1958	4,334
January-March, 1959	3,512
April-June, 1959	1,176
July-September, 1959	11,931
October-December, 1959	17,666
January-March, 1960	18,992
April-June, 1960	19,402
TOTAL	78,331

APPENDIX IX

PHOTOGRAPHIC COPIES FURNISHED BY THE DIVISION OF
ARCHIVES AND MANUSCRIPTS

Quarter	Photocopies		Prints from Microfilm		Type Copies		Microfilm	
	Number Pages	Receipts	Number Pages	Receipts	Number	Receipts	Feet	Receipts
July-September, 1958	779	\$412	107	\$ 73	42	\$42	1,197	\$61
October-December, 1958	791	376	54	54	38	38	167	13
January-March, 1959	738	518	65	65	42	42	224	40
April-June, 1959	785	460	100	100	70	70	45	13
July-September, 1959	704	336	60	60	57	57	599	71
October-December, 1959	580	312	26	26	38	38	403	49
January-March, 1960	1,005	445	74	74	40	40	—	—
April-June, 1960	902	429	78	78	45	45	171	38
TOTAL	6,284	\$3,288	564	\$530	372	\$372	2,806	\$285

Total Receipts from Copies—\$4,475

APPENDIX X

DIVISION OF ARCHIVES AND MANUSCRIPTS VISITORS

AND CORRESPONDENTS

<i>States</i>	<i>In Person</i>	<i>By Mail and Telephone</i>
Alabama	60	228
Alaska	0	0
Arizona	4	43
Arkansas	6	117
California	59	255
Colorado	3	66
Connecticut	20	21
Delaware	3	15
District of Columbia	129	214
Florida	97	222
Georgia	99	304
Hawaii	0	5
Idaho	0	19
Illinois	43	141
Indiana	14	88
Iowa	0	28
Kansas	5	43
Kentucky	16	80
Louisiana	38	165
Maine	4	2
Maryland	32	64
Massachusetts	1	17
Michigan	18	37
Minnesota	0	6
Mississippi	43	299
Missouri	20	140
Montana	1	10
Nebraska	5	10
Nevada	0	13
New Hampshire	0	1
New Jersey	24	67
New Mexico	6	49
New York	32	85
North Carolina	4,244	1,034
North Dakota	0	1
Ohio	41	47
Oklahoma	28	133
Oregon	3	76
Pennsylvania	9	35
Rhode Island	0	0
South Carolina	41	146

<i>States</i>	<i>In Person</i>	<i>By Mail and Telephone</i>
South Dakota	0	3
Tennessee	122	288
Texas	118	723
Utah	15	49
Vermont	0	1
Virginia	178	205
Washington	4	38
West Virginia	5	14
Wisconsin	61	16
Wyoming	0	9
<i>Countries</i>		
Africa	0	1
Canada	4	7
Canal Zone	0	2
England	0	3
Germany	0	1
Holland	0	1
Ireland	0	1
Mexico	0	1
Panama	1	0
TOTAL	5,656	5,689

APPENDIX XI

NUMBER OF VISITS TO SEARCH ROOM FOR EACH BIENNIUM, 1928-1960

1928-1930	2,859	1944-1946	3,341
1930-1932	3,259	1946-1948	5,105
1932-1934	2,666	1948-1950	6,042
1934-1936	2,999	1950-1952	5,749
1936-1938	3,423	1952-1954	5,402
1938-1940	3,918	1954-1956	5,398
1940-1942	4,253	1956-1958	5,829
1942-1944	2,318	1958-1960	5,656

APPENDIX XII

COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES REPRESENTED BY VISITORS
AND MAIL INQUIRERS

University of California	University of Florida
University of Chicago	University of Georgia
Columbia University	Harvard University
Duke University	University of Illinois
East Carolina College	Indiana University
Emory University	Johns Hopkins University
Florida State University	University of Kentucky

Meredith College	St. Mary's College
University of Nebraska	Shaw University
New York University	State Teacher's College (Fayetteville)
North Carolina College at Durham	University College (Swansea)
North Carolina State College	University of Tennessee
University of North Carolina	University of Texas
University of Pennsylvania	Wake Forest College
Princeton University	College of William and Mary
Santa Monica City College	University of Wisconsin
St. Augustine College	

APPENDIX XIII

TOPICS OF RESEARCH OF VISITORS AND MAIL INQUIRERS

Biography:

John Adams	James K. Polk
Charles B. Aycock	Leonidas Polk
Thomas Baber	Joseph Hyde Pratt
Johnston Blakeley	Barnas Sears
William H. Crawford	Calvin H. Wiley
Andrew Jackson Downing	Rev. Daniel Worth
Mrs. Wharton J. Green	Jonathan Worth
Thomas Jarvis	Sir James Wright
Andrew Pickens	

County Histories:

Ashe County	Halifax County
Beaufort County	Montgomery County
Burke County	Wayne County
Carteret County	Wilkes County

Topics:

Appomattox, The Last Campaign	Development of Raleigh
Battle of Atlanta	Diary of Rev. Amos S. Billingsby, a Presbyterian Minister
Battle of Fort Fisher	Documentary History of Ratification of United States Constitution and Bill of Rights
Bentonville	Georgia Loyalists
Birthplace of Dolley Madison	Governors' Attitude Toward Education
Blair Bill and North Carolina	Historical Urban Geography of Roanoke Rapids
Blockade-Running along the Cape Fear during War between the States	History of: Blackwood's Chapel near Mt. Gilead, N. C. Cherry Hospital
John Gray Blount	
Marion Butler and North Carolina Populism	
Changing Geography of North Carolina at the Middle of the Eighteenth Century	

- Episcopal Churches in Edgecombe Co., 1741-1960
 Constitution of North Carolina
 History of East Carolina College
 Gold Mining
 Liberal Arts Movement in North Carolina
 Naval End of the Civil War
 Negro in North Carolina since 1900
 Negro Education in North Carolina
 Ocmulgee River in Georgia
 Plane Built in 187?
 R. J. Reynolds' Tobacco Company
 Raleigh
 Expansion of Raleigh
 Rolesville
 St. Augustine College
 Southern Railroads
 Swansboro
 Andrew Johnson Papers
 Land Ownership in North Carolina in Co-operation with North Carolina Department of Conservation and Development
 Life in the Old South
 Migration
 Military Operations in North Carolina 1861-1865
 Negro Schools in North Carolina, 1919-1923
 North Carolina History, 1663
 North Carolina Powder Manufacturing Company, Charlotte
 Origin and Development of State Teachers College at Fayetteville
 The Political Career of Jonathan Worth
 The Progressive Movement in North Carolina, 1884-1917
 Public Domain, Tennessee
 Reconstruction and the Ku Klux Klan
 Reconstruction Period
 The Republican Party in North Carolina
 U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service
 U. S. Supreme Court
 War of the Regulators

APPENDIX XIV

ARCHIVES AND MANUSCRIPTS ACCESSIONED

1. *State Agencies:*

Agriculture, Department of. Minutes of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Agriculture, 1899; Minutes of the State Board of Agriculture, January 4, 1887-June 1, 1899; October, 1899-December, 1906; June, 1907-November, 1911; December, 1911-December, 1919; June, 1920-October, 1939. 6 fibredex boxes. Newspaper clipping scrapbooks, July 1, 1948-December 30, 1951; January 1, 1952-July 1, 1954; July 1, 1954-September 23, 1954. 3 volumes. Transferred from the State Department of Agriculture.

Alcoholic Board of Control. Reports and correspondence, 1937-1957. 5 fibredex boxes and 1 scrapbook. Transferred from the Alcoholic Board of Control through the Records Center.

Archives and History, Department of. Division of Museum correspondence, July 1, 1956-June 30, 1957. 4 fibredex boxes. Transferred from the Hall of History.

Archives and History, Department of. Division of Publications correspondence, 1946-1947; 1949-1950; 1951-1952. 10 fibredex boxes. Transferred from the Division of Publications.

Archives and History, Department of. Tryon Palace Restoration files of Mr. Alonzo Thomas Dill, Jr., documentary researcher. Correspondence, 1951-1958; Research notes; Tryon Palace Commission minutes, 1952-1953; Card file—notes and bibliography. 2 fibredex boxes. Given by Mr. A. T. Dill, Jr., West Point, Virginia.

Attorney General. No Opinion Correspondence, 1949-1956. 6 fibredex boxes. Transferred from the Department of Justice, Attorney General's Office.

Banking Department. Personal papers of W. T. Lee, 1923-1925. 1 folder. Transferred from the Banking Department.

Governor's Office. Miscellaneous printed reports and messages issued from the Governor's Office, 1945-1958. ½ fibredex box. Transferred from the Governor's Office.

Governor's Office. William B. Umstead Special File: Public Schools and Mental Care, Inc., 1953; Miscellaneous correspondence and newspaper clippings, 1953. 3 fibredex boxes. Transferred from the Governor's Office.

Governor's Office. Council Journal, 1820-1829, 1835-1836. 1 volume. Transferred from the Southern Historical Collection, University of North Carolina Library, Chapel Hill.

Governor's Office. Luther H. Hodges, Requisitions and Extradition, 1956-1957. 11 fibredex boxes. Transferred from the Governor's Office.

Governor's Office. Luther H. Hodges, 1958 files. 72 fibredex boxes. Transferred from the Governor's Office.

Governor's Office. Notaries Public, 1955-1956. 1 volume. Transferred from the Governor's Office.

Health, State Board of. Birth, stillbirth, and death certificates, 1954-1955. 4 cubic feet of 35 mm. microfilm. Transferred from the State Board of Health, Office of Vital Statistics.

Health, State Board of. Executive Department monthly expenditures, December, 1913-November, 1920; Ledger accounts, appropriations, and expenditures, December, 1914-November, 1920. 40 feet of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Originals transferred to the Department by the State Board of Health where they were filmed and then destroyed.

Pharmacy Examiners, State Board of. Examinations, 1950-1954. 2 fibredex boxes. Transferred from the State Board of Pharmacy Examiners.

Prison Department. Minutes of the State Prison Department, 1913-1931. 1 volume. Transferred from the State Highway Commission.

Probation Commission. Minutes, 1937-1952. 1 folder. Transferred from the State Probation Commission.

Public Instruction, Department of. Division of Vocational Education records, 1936-1954. Memorandums to Distributive Education Co-

ordinators, 1953-1954; Adult Program, 1947-1948, 1949-1950; Final Reports for Trade and Industrial Classes, 1949; All Day Trade, 1948-1949; Part-time Preparation, 1948-1949; Nurses Class Schedule, 1950; Final report sheets, 1949-1950; Trade and Industries Section Monthly Reports, 1936-1937, 1944-1945; 1951-1952; Trade and Industries Section, Diversified Occupation and Trade Reports, 1946-1947, 1949-1950. 11 reels of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Originals transferred to Department where they were filmed and then destroyed.

Real Estate Commission. Minutes and reports, rosters of licensed real estate agents, and miscellaneous correspondence, 1927-1936. 1 fibrebox. Transferred from the Secretary of State's Office.

Secretary of State. Miscellaneous records. 20 volumes and 90 black boxes. Transferred from the Secretary of State's Office.

Secretary of State. Map of the Burke-Yancey County line, 1838. 12 sections. Transferred from the Secretary of State's Office.

Secretary of State. Photocopy of "An Ordinance declaring Null and Void the Ordinance of May Twentieth, Eighteen hundred and sixty-one," October 7, 1865. 1 page. Transferred from the Hall of History, Department of Archives and History.

Tile, Marble, and Terrazo Contractors, North Carolina State Board of. Correspondence, minutes, and examinations, 1937-1957. 4 fibrebox. Transferred from the State Board of Tile, Marble, and Terrazo Contractors.

2. *County Records:*

Brunswick County. "Pleas, Quarter Sessions, Wills (Minute Docket), 1859-1866." 1 volume. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Brunswick County.

Burke County. Records from County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1835-1879; Superior Court Records, 1833-1926; Western Criminal District Court Records, 1899-1900; Journals and Ledgers, 1843-1926; and Miscellaneous Records, 1755-1940. 51 volumes and 124 fibrebox. Transferred by the County Manager, Burke County.

Bute County. Judgment Docket, 1764-1787. 1 volume. Given by Miss Olivia B. Burwell, Greensboro.

Cabarrus County. Minute Docket, Superior Court, 1875-1909; Civil Issue Dockets; Equity Minute Dockets, 1846-1894. 6 volumes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Cabarrus County.

Caswell County. Tax Lists, 1891, 1898, 1899, 1901, 1902, 1907, 1911, and 1917. 2 reels of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Filmed by Department from records previously transferred from county. Originals destroyed after filming.

Catawba County. Marriage Bonds, 1800-1868. 1 small box. Transferred by Register of Deeds, Catawba County.

Chatham County. Records of Office of County Superintendent of Public Instruction, 1883-1887. 1 volume. Tax Scrolls, 1874, 1879, 1884-1889, 1891, 1894-1896, and 1905. 13 volumes. Transferred by Register of Deeds, Chatham County.

Chatham County. Miscellaneous Records, 1821-1920. 23 volumes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Chatham County.

Chowan County. Trial Docket, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1781-1786. 1 volume. Obtained from the courthouse attic, Chowan County.

Columbus County. Tax List, 1925. 1 volume. Transferred by Tax Supervisor, Columbus County, to be filmed and original destroyed.

Cumberland County. Minutes, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1865-1868; Records of Accounts, Book B, 1838-1878; Records of Accounts and Inventories, Book C, 1872-1890; List of Taxables, 1824-1829; Tax Record 1857-1884; Administrators Bonds, 1869-1877; Sales [of estates] Book, 1825. 7 volumes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Cumberland County.

Davie County. Marriage Bonds, A-Z. 1 negative and 1 positive copy. 4 reels of 35 mm. microfilm. Originals loaned for filming by Register of Deeds, Davie County.

Duplin County. Marriage Register, 1867-1872; 1872-1902; 1902-1914; and 1915-1928. 4 volumes. Transferred by Register of Deeds, Duplin County.

Graham County. Deed Book A, 1873-1880; Deed Book C, 1884-1885; Deed Book D, 1887; Deed Book E, 1887-1889; Deed Book F, 1889-1891; Deed Book K, 1901-1902; Deed Book L, 1902. 7 volumes. Transferred by Register of Deeds, Graham County.

Guilford County. Records from County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1779-1885; Superior Court Records, 1829-1899; Superior Court of Equity Records, 1822-1868; and Miscellaneous records, 1774-1935. 106 volumes and 209 fibredex boxes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Guilford County.

Hertford County. Miscellaneous Hertford County records including execution dockets, State dockets, apprentice and bastardy bonds, record of accounts and estates, guardians accounts, Minutes of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Superior Court Minutes, Civil and Criminal papers, election returns, divorces, wills, and miscellaneous papers, 1802-1914. 19 volumes and 70 fibredex boxes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Hertford County.

Jones County. Land Entries, 1841-1898; Deed Book C, 1779-1780; Deed Book, 1779-1784; Deed Book K, 1806-1810; Land Grants, 1788-1795. 5 volumes. Transferred by Register of Deeds, Jones County.

Lenoir County. Index to Vital Statistics, 1914-1928; Marriage Register, 1873-1890; Record of Elections, 1880-1900, 1904-1932; Record of Official Reports; 1874-1901, 1888-1914; Road Overseers Report, 1826-1862. 7 volumes. Transferred by Register of Deeds, Lenoir County.

Lincoln County. Miscellaneous records, 1769-1922. 4 volumes and 170 black boxes. Rearrangement of records already in the Archives.

Mecklenburg County. Minutes, County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1774-1785. 1 volume. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Mecklenburg County.

Moore County. "Minute Docket, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for the County of Moore, Aug. 16, 1784-Nov. 18, 1795, constituting Minute Book A," also an extensive index of proper names. 1 reel of 35 mm. microfilm. Transferred by the Southern Historical Collection, University of North Carolina Library, Chapel Hill.

Moore County. Minute Docket, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Volume A, 1784-1795. 1 volume. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Moore County.

Nash County. Marriage Bond of W. D. Strickland and Charity Medlin, March 19, 1867. 1 item. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Nash County.

New Hanover County. Minutes of Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1841-1843; 1847-1848; 1849-1850; 1864-1865; 1866-1868; 1868. 6 volumes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, New Hanover County.

New Hanover County. Tax List, 1763. Paper bound volume. Transferred from the Southern Historical Collection, University of North Carolina Library, Chapel Hill.

Orange County. Registration of Deeds, 1752-1793. 25 feet of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Filmed from original records already in Archives.

Person County. Records from County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1792-1868; Superior Court Records, 1807-1894; Miscellaneous Records, 1773-1945. 55 volumes and 44 fibredex boxes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Person County.

Pitt County. Tax List, 1763. Paper bound volume. Transferred from the Southern Historical Collection, University of North Carolina Library, Chapel Hill.

Rowan County. Miscellaneous papers of Salisbury District Court, 1755-1806. 28 black boxes. Execution Dockets, 1767-1800; Equity Dockets, 1783-1806; Minutes of Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1788-1806; State Docket, 1782-1790; State Civil Docket, 1791-1805 (includes State Docket, Rowan County Court, 1806-1818); Trial and Appearance Docket, 1784-1789; Trial Docket, 1790-1801. 15 volumes. County Court Minutes, 1753-1869; Salisbury District Court Records, District Court Minutes, 1787-1806; State Docket, 1761-1790; Reference Dockets, 1767-1779. 21 volumes. Miscellaneous Records, 1753-1952. 141 volumes and 202 fibredex boxes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Rowan County.

Stanly County. Miscellaneous Dockets, 1842-1877; Record of Deeds, 1841-1870; Apprentice Bonds, Bastardy Bonds, Civil Issues, 1844-1858; Estates records, 1852-1895. 10 volumes and 11 fibredex boxes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court and Register of Deeds, Stanly County.

Vance County. Tax Scrolls, 1883, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1890, 1894, 1898, 1899, 1903. 3 reels, 35 mm. microfilm. Filmed by Department from original records transferred by Tax Supervisor, Vance County.

Wake County. Superior Court Minutes, 1877-1889. 8 volumes.

Estates papers, 1898. 3½ cubic feet. Miscellaneous Court papers and other records, 1779-1915. 65 black boxes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Wake County.

Warren County. Records from Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1794-1868; Superior Court Records, Appearance Docket, 1823-1867; and Miscellaneous Records, 1781-1867. 52 volumes. Transferred by Clerk of Superior Court, Warren County.

Wayne County. Tax Lists from Captn. John Barnes' District; Captn. Frederick Jernigan's District, Captn. Herring's District; Captn. Green's District. 1796. Also Tax Lists from Captn. Cobb's District, 1797. 10 pages, negative photostats. Loaned to Department for copying by Mrs. Charles Powell, Goldsboro.

3. *Personal Collections:*

Alexander, William, Collection. Letter from Ed. Carrington to William Alexander, July 1, 1787, Charlotte, N. C. Photocopy, 4 pages. Gift of Mr. W. F. Alexander, Harrisburg.

Aycock, Charles B., Collection. Miscellaneous correspondence, speeches, photographs, newspaper clippings, material pertaining to Aycock Memorial and Monument. 5 black boxes. Scrapbook of newspaper clippings, 1901-1911. 1 volume. Letter from Aycock to Professor E. C. Brooks, Trinity College, Durham, April 1, 1912; letter from Aycock to Colonel A. C. Davis, Goldsboro, September 27, 1904. 2 items, photostats. Notes for a speech made by Aycock, memorandum of a conversation held with Clarence Poe, and 2 letters. 4 items. Statement regarding "Governor Aycock's Approach to Voters when Advocating School Taxes," as recalled by Dr. Clarence Poe, 1959. 1 item. Gift of Dr. Clarence Poe, Raleigh.

Barrow, W. B., Collection. Automobile registration certificate and card of W. B. Barrow, 1909. 2 items. Gift of Mr. H. L. Barrow, Raleigh.

Benton, O. Max, Collection. Benton family documents including maps, deed, land plat, and will, 1807-1958. 6 items, photocopies. Originals loaned for copying by Mr. O. Max Benton, Kinston.

Cantwell, John L., Collection. Miscellaneous correspondence including envelopes, 1887-1889. 1 folder. Donor unknown.

Caswell, Richard, Collection. Correspondence, 1777-1786. Negative photostats, 31 sheets. Purchased from the Emmet Collection, New York Public Library, New York, N. Y.

Caswell, Richard, Collection. Correspondence and accounts, 1756-1789. Negative photostats, 30 sheets. Purchased from the Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

Grady, Benjamin, Collection. "List of Lieut. Wilkinson's Company, Feby. 19, 1782." Will of William R. King, Probated May 11, 1853, and will of Michael King, Cumberland County, 1785. Receipt to John Graddy, February, 1756, for Proclamation Money for ten years quitrent, Johnston County. 16 sheets, photostats. Gift of Mr. Benjamin Grady, Washington, D. C.

Graves, Calvin, Collection. Journal of Calvin Graves, 1834-1859; letter from Caroline H. Graves to her father, December 23, 1848; newspaper clipping on estimated cost of N. C. Railroad; miscellaneous bills, accounts, and receipts for Calvin Graves, 1847-1856; handbill, "Notice, Sale of Valuable Law and Miscellaneous Books . . . July 14, 1877, Hugh K. Reid, Adm'r for Calvin Graves, Dec'd." 1 fibredex box. Gift of Mrs. Robert Dula Gapen, Reidsville.

Hall, Louise, Collection. Essex County, Massachusetts, Quarterly Court Files, Volume 23, Leaf 106, Estate of Thomas James, Albemarle Court, to Magistrates of Salem, 12 March 1674/5. Photostat, 1 sheet. Loaned to Department for copying by Dr. Louise Hall, Durham.

Hartsfield, Jacob Andrew, III, Collection. Deed from Lord Granville to Andrew Hartsfield of 357 acres in Johnston County, 1761. Deed from Jacob Hartsfield, Franklin County, to his son Andrew, Wake County, of 960 acres in Franklin County, 1797. Land plat of James Fort's 584¼ acres surveyed for Dempsey Powell. Subscription list for raising money to build a meeting house at Hartsfield Meeting House Wake County, 1829. 6 items. Gift of Jacob Andrew Hartsfield, III, Wake Forest.

Heck, Charles M., Collection. "A City is Born," typed manuscript by C. M. Heck; "Early Families of Wake County and Raleigh, N. C.," typed manuscript compiled by C. M. Heck. 1 black box. *Documents of Early North Carolina and its Establishment of Raleigh as its Capital*, compiled and edited by Charles M. Heck, 1952. 1 volume. (Placed in Map Collection). Gifts of Mrs. Charles M. Heck, Raleigh.

Highsmith, Seavy, Jr., Collection. Cameron family records, Moore County. Land Grants, 1798-1847; Indentures, 1838-1891; Deeds, 1843; Appointment of Administrator for Lauchlin Cameron, Dec'd, 1839; Document assigning Power of Attorney for John A. Cameron, 1870. 1 black box. Gift of Mr. Seavy Highsmith, Jr., Fayetteville.

Hill, Daniel Harvey, Collection. Two binders containing typed draft of 15 chapters of D. H. Hill's book, *Bethel to Sharpsburg*. 1 black box. Transferred from Division of Publications, Department of Archives and History.

Hines, Wait and Leone, Collection. Hines and Peebles family records, Lenoir County. Receipts, deeds, accounts, jury vouchers, 1850-1894. Account Books, 1872-1877. 2 fibredex boxes. Gift of Mrs. Dan W. Parrott, Kinston.

Holloman, Charles R., Collection. "A List of Greene County, N. C., Taxables Showing Acreage of Lands Taxed for the Years 1821-1822." Source: *The Raleigh Register*, February 22, 1825. Typed, 2 pages. Gift of Mr. Charles R. Holloman, Raleigh.

Hyatt, Jacob, Papers. 2 letters from Jacob Hyatt to his wife, April 5 and April 28, 1825. Rutherford, N. C. Transferred from the Southern Historical Collection, University of North Carolina Library, Chapel Hill.

Jackson, Alma Sanford Hough, Collection. Unpublished articles, research notes, correspondence, and newspaper clippings relating to

various family genealogies. Collected by Mrs. Alma S. H. Jackson, Asheville. 5 fibredex boxes. Gift of Mrs. Hal W. Blackstock, Winston-Salem.

Jones, Willie, Collection. "The Willie Jones-John Paul Jones Tradition," by Samuel Eliot Morison. Article printed in *The William and Mary Quarterly*, April, 1959. Photocopy, 9 pages. Copied by the Department.

Kennon, Henry Thomas, Letters. Letter from Hal Tom Kennon to Rachel Crawford, near Kinston, June 9, 1863. Letter from Hal Tom Kennon to "Cousin Mollie," Cape Fear, January 31, 1864. 2 items. Gift of Miss Mary Frances Kennon, Raleigh.

Lewis, McDaniel, Collection. "Eyes Shut—Pocketbooks Open," speech by McDaniel Lewis, Confederate Memorial Day, Greensboro, May 11, 1960. Excerpts from news broadcast from Radio Station WTNC, Thomasville, May 14, 1960, 2 items on Quakers. 3 pages, typed. Gift of Mr. McDaniel Lewis, Greensboro.

London, George, Collection. Description of plantation "Belvedere," once the property of Governor Benjamin Smith. 2 pages, photostats. Original loaned for copying by Mr. George London, Raleigh.

Macon, Nathaniel, Collection. "Letter of Nathaniel Macon, Washington, 2 April 1806, in Regard to Obtaining Authenticated Copies of Several Papers Relating to Carolina from the Proper Offices in Great Britain." Typed copy, 2 pages. Gift of Dr. Philip M. Hamer, the National Archives, Washington, D. C.

Martin, Mrs. Margaret Craig, Collection. Deed from John Hinton to Samuel Atkins, Wake County, October 16, 1830. Affidavits by Samuel, Mourning, and Susan Atkins relative to seizure of property by Union Troops, 1865. Atkins' estimate of the damage and request for remuneration, 1868. Power of Attorney for Atkins assigned to John Jeliffe, Washington, D. C. 5 items. Gift of Mrs. Zeno Martin, Raleigh.

Moore, Louis T., Collection. Notes from files of New Hanover Historical Commission concerning newspaper article [1890] dealing with relative strength of Union and Confederate forces in War Between the States. 2 pages, typed. Gift of Mr. Louis T. Moore, Chairman, New Hanover Historical Commission, Wilmington.

Pate, Burwell S., Collection. Correspondence, 1815-1899; receipts, accounts, and notes, 1815-1899; advertising material; miscellaneous papers including genealogical material, school, and election information; and miscellaneous N. C. newspapers. 4 fibredex boxes and 3 newspaper folios. Gift of Mr. Walter Lee Pate, Dec'd, through Miss Dorothy W. Watkins, Raleigh.

Poe, Clarence, Collection. 5 scrapbooks containing editorial pages from *The Progressive Farmer*, 1915-1956. Gift of Dr. Clarence Poe, Raleigh.

Pugh, J. M., Collection. List of Cadets of D. M. S., 1896, made by J. A. Pugh, Winston, 17 pages. Account Books, 1865, 1868, and 1879;

"Book No. 2" containing lists of notes and mortgages belonging to J. M. Pugh, 1885-1913; Book containing Carding Records, 1868, Accounts, 1875-1878, and Morrisville, N. C., Post Office Accounts, 1881-1895. Receipt Books, 1884-1905. 3 fibrebox boxes. Transferred from the Hall of History, Department of Archives and History.

Richardson, William H., Collection. "Biographical Sketch of Albert Johnson, 1813-1897." (Sketch of Wm. H. Richardson's great grandfather who ran first engine to Raleigh). Typed manuscript, 3 pages. Gift of Mr. William H. Richardson, Raleigh.

Rockwell, Paul A., Collection. Photocopies of material concerning the "Mecklenburg Resolves" from "The South Carolina Gazette and Country Journal," June 13, 1775, and a letter from [James] Wright to the Earl of Dartmouth, Savannah, June 20, 1775. 6 sheets, photostats. Gift of Col. Paul A. Rockwell, Asheville.

Shotwell, Randolph, Collection. "The New Testament . . .," New York, American Bible Society, 1871. Small volume owned by Randolph Shotwell, Charlotte. Gift of Mr. Prentiss Price, Rogersville, Tennessee.

Stroupe, W. S., Collection. 14 deeds pertaining to land in Lincoln (later Catawba) County, and miscellaneous papers including a complaint signed by Henry Rinck, will of Amy Rinck, and a letter to W. S. Stroupe. 1805-1911. 18 items. Gift of Mr. Orin G. Fogle, Everglades, Florida.

Tucker, Charles A., Collection. Miscellaneous documents including tax receipts, estate papers, C. S. A. 2nd Auditor's Regulations, and muster absentees. 1809-1884. 8 items. Gift of Mr. Charles A. Tucker, Warrenton.

Whitford, John D., Collection. Reminiscences of Craven County. Typed manuscript, 351 pages. Gift of Miss Marybelle Delamar, Raleigh.

4. *Church Records:*

Minutes of Baptist Center Church, Johnston County, September, 1871-September, 1878. 10 feet of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Originals loaned for copying by Mrs. J. Marshall Barber, Raleigh.

Register of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Greenville, N. C., 1825-1909. 5 feet of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Original loaned for filming by Mrs. Eva Hodges, Greenville.

Records of the First Presbyterian Church, Fayetteville, N. C., 1809-1957. 6 reels of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Loaned for filming through Mr. Crawford W. McKethan, Fayetteville.

Register of the Bethel Reformed Church, Catawba County, North Carolina, 1883-1912. 5 feet of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Filmed from original loaned for copying by Dr. D. J. Whitener, Appalachian State Teachers College, Boone.

Session Book of Everettsville Presbyterian Church, Wayne County, 1848-1861; Session Books of Goldsboro Presbyterian Church, 1855-1883, and 1889-1913. 50 feet of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Originals

in possession of the Goldsboro Presbyterian Church. Loaned for filming by Mr. Fred B. Parker, Goldsboro.

5. *Diaries:*

"Autobiography of William Bernard Harrell, and 'On the Road to Carolina,'" by Albert B. Harrell. Typed manuscript, 185 pages including photographs and photocopies. Given by Mrs. Guy Withers, Washington, D. C.

Notes on John Willis Council and the Council Family, made by Paul Ayres Rockwell. Inserted in the Confederate War Diary of John Willis Council. 1 page, typed. Given by Col. Paul Ayres Rockwell, Asheville.

6. *Geneological Records:*

Bible Records:

Adams Family Bible. 4 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Miss Ruth Johnson, Fuquay Springs.

Allen, William G., Jr., and Florence L. Allen Family Bible. 4 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mrs. Hazel Shaw, Raleigh.

Avent Family Bible. 3 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mrs. J. Lee Johnson, Fuquay Springs.

Barham-Ballard Family Bible. 16 photocopied pages. Gift of the Virginia State Library.

Barnes, Jesse, Family Bible. 2 typed pages. Gift of Miss Marybelle Delamar, Raleigh.

Clark-Williams Family Bible. Photocopies and typed copy. Also geneological notes by Mr. Henry Peyton Fort. 15 pages. Original in possession of Mr. Fort, Suffolk, Virginia.

Dill Family Bible. 6 typed pages. Gift of Mrs. Willa M. Dill Moore, Kansas City, Missouri.

Fuller Family Bible. 5 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mrs. C. D. Parker, Raleigh.

Garner-Hunter Family Bible. 3 photocopied pages and 3 pages manuscript. Gift of Mrs. Eloise Marshall, Wake Forest.

Gibble-Delamar Family Bible. 9 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Miss Marybelle Delamar, Raleigh.

Guy, Joseph, (State Senator, 1811, Statesville, N. C.), Family Bible. 7 photocopied pages. Original loaned for copying by Mrs. Thomas Hughes, Memphis, Tennessee.

Hays, Thomas Wright, Family Bible. 2 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mr. Fred E. Miller, Ahsokie.

Hendley, William, Family Bible, 1787. 5 photocopied pages. Henley, Henry, Family Bible. 3 photocopied pages. Loaned for copying by Mrs. R. J. Rose, Franklinton.

Hill Family Bible, 1825-1952. 12 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mr. James J. Banks, Orlando, Florida.

Johnson, Tapley, Family Bible. 4 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Miss Lora Johnson, Raleigh.

Kennedy Family Bible. 9 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mrs. J. M. Kennedy, Jr., Raleigh.

Lentz and Messemmer Family Bible. 2 photocopied pages and 7 typed pages of translation and notes pertaining to family history. Gift of Mr. J. P. Lentz, Burlington.

Maddrey Family Bible. 5 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mrs. R. J. Rose, Franklinton.

Norris, Samuel Pearson, Family Bible (Wake County). 2 photocopied pages. Original loaned for copying by Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Carter, Raleigh.

Parham, Sion W. and Ruth E. Summersett Family Bible. George K. Parham and Martha L. Pleasants Family Bible. Christopher H. Summersett and Mary Susan Hines Family Bible. John W. Hines and Sarah Westbrook Family Bible. Jessey Wesbrooke and Susan Standley Family Bible. 20 photocopied pages. Loaned for copying by Mr. Kennon W. Parham, Raleigh.

Robinson Family Bible. 4 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mrs. Tom Goodman, Edenton.

Rowland, William, Family Bible. 2 photocopied pages. Jones, Etheldred, Family Bible. 4 photocopied pages. Originals loaned for copying by Miss Ruth Johnson, Fuquay Springs.

Sanders, John, Family Bible. 7 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mrs. F. O. Bowman, Chapel Hill.

Satterfield Family Bible. 4 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mr. Earl Satterfield, Roxboro.

Thompson Family Bible. 2 photocopied pages. Original loaned for copying by Mrs. W. W. Geggie, Hampton, Virginia.

Weathersby, Joseph, Family Bible. 3 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mrs. James A. Whitehurst, Sr., Hobgood.

Westmoreland Family Bible. 1 photocopied page. Original in possession of Mrs. Elizabeth S. Reece, Winston-Salem.

Whitchard-Whichard Family Bible. 4 photocopied pages. Original in possession of Mr. J. A. Whitehurst, Hobgood.

Woodard, Irving, Family Bible. 1 photocopied page. Whitley, Hardy, Family Bible. 3 photocopied pages. Atkinson, A. D., Family Bible. 3 photocopied pages. Atkinson, Jasper Stanley, Family Bible. 8 photocopied pages. Andrews, Richard F., Family Bible. 3 photocopied pages. Bibles loaned for copying by Mrs. W. G. Andrews, Raleigh.

Wynne, Eliza, Family Bible. 6 photocopied pages. Bible in possession of Miss Eliza Wynne, Raleigh.

Young and Lloyd Family Bible. 4 photocopied pages. Original loaned for copying by Mrs. Dewey W. Huggins, Raleigh.

Cemetery Records:

Cross Creek Cemetery, #2 and #3, located in Fayetteville, Cumber-

land County. 35 feet of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Original records loaned for filming by Mrs. L. W. Southerland, Fayetteville.

Chestnut Level Presbyterian Church, Drumore Township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. Abstracts from Gravestones. 2 typed pages. Compiled and given by Mr. J. L. Betsill, Arlington, Virginia.

Lincoln County. Notes on Hoover cemetery and Houser-Reep-Leatherman-Mosteller Graveyard, Howards Creek Mill, Reepsville. 6 typed pages. Compiled and given by Mr. Larry P. Leonard, Vale.

Birth, marriage, and death records for families of northeastern Greene County, circa 1793-1875. 14 photocopied pages. Copied from records belonging to Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Young, brought in by Mr. Charles R. Holloman, Raleigh.

Alphabetical list of marked graves in old town [Eastside] cemetery. Newspaper clipping from *Rockingham Post-Dispatch*, October 15, 1959. Gift of Mr. I. S. London, Rockingham.

The following three groups of cemetery records were given by the Daughters of the American Revolution through Mrs. Ida B. Kellam, Wilmington:

"Cemetery Records from Sampson County, Clinton, N. C., Volume II." Compiled for the Richard Clinton Chapter, D.A.R., by Mrs. Peter McQueen, Jr., and Mrs. George Worley. 257 typed pages.

"Gravestone Records—Harnett, Sampson, Johnston, and Cumberland Counties." Copied by Mrs. W. S. Mason and Mrs. I. Faison Hicks, Cornelius Harnett Chapter, Dunn. 20 typed pages.

"Cemetery Records . . . Bladen County." 24 typed pages.

Deeds, Grants, Wills, and Other Family Papers:

Land Grant to Mark Robinson from George III for 640 acres in Bladen County, N. C., December 24, 1770. Grant No. 363. Donor unknown.

Land Grant to Andrew Hartsfield, Johnston County, N. C., 1761, by the Right Honorable John Earl of Granville. Gift of Mr. Marshall B. Hartsfield, Raleigh.

Indenture for leasing land in North Carolina between George Augustus, the honourable John Selwyn Esquire and John Cartwright, dated July, 1753. Gift of the British Records Association, London, England.

"The Skinner Kinsmen, Volume I, The Descendants of Richard Skinner of North Carolina," compiled by Doris Seymour Wahl and Cynthia Walker Rummel. 1958. 78 mimeographed pages. Gift of Mrs. Charles G. Rummel, Kenilworth, Illinois.

"The Nash Family," notes from *The Reads and Their Relations*, by Alice Read. 3 typed pages. Gift of Mrs. James Ball, Kilmarnock, Virginia.

"The Life of General Matt W. Ransom," by Jo Burgwyn. 8 typed pages. Gift of Mr. Carl Cannon, Raleigh.

"George Penland (1778-1877) Who Married Rachael Moore (1782-186?) and Some of Their Descendants: Pioneers of Western North

Carolina," Compiled by Blanche Penland Browder. 16 typed pages and 3 photocopied pages. Gift of Mrs. Blanche Penland Browder, Laurel, Maryland.

"Historical and Genealogical Notes of and About the Family Lycan," gathered and written by Harold John Dane . . . Assisted by Dr. Gilbert L. Lycan. 49 mimeographed pages. Gift of Mr. Harold John Dane, Boca Raton, Florida.

Eason, Joiner, Westray Family Records relating to Strickland estate. 6 typed pages. Lee Family Records. 25 typed pages. Strickland Family Records. 88 typed pages. Gift of Miss Marybelle Delamar, Raleigh.

"The de Graffenried Family Honor Roll," prepared by Thomas P. de Graffenried . . . with the cooperation of Baron Helmuth de Graffenried, of Muri-Bern, Switzerland. 1957. 23 mimeographed pages. Gift of Mr. Thomas P. de Graffenried, Long Island, New York.

Pedigree Charts for Ruth Naomi Lott Richmond and Harry Earl Richmond. 2 pages, printed. Gift of Mrs. Harry E. Richmond, Los Angeles, California.

"Marshall Washington Northington, Sr., of North Carolina, Georgia, and Texas." Compiled by S. D. Breeding, March, 1959. 13 mimeographed and manuscript pages. Gift of Mr. S. D. Breeding Austin, Texas.

Shelfer Family Record, gathered and compiled by Miss Frances Baker. 10 mimeographed pages and 6 pages of reproductions of original documents. Gift of Miss Frances Baker, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Helms Family records taken from Anson, Union, and Mecklenburg County Census Records and Wills (1840-1850). 13 typed pages. Data on Mills-Lewis Families of Rutherford County copied from Department records. 30 typed pages. Gift of Miss Marybelle Delamar, Raleigh.

"The Faison Family of Old Duplin," compiled and written by Virginius Faison Williams, 1955. 16 mimeographed pages. "Interesting Kindred of Benjamin Williams, Governor of North Carolina," by Virginius Faison Williams. 11 mimeographed pages. Given by Mr. Virginius Faison Williams, Faison, N. C.

"The 9th Annual Cathey Reunion, Rankins Lake, Gastonia, N. C., August 2, 1959." 9 mimeographed pages. Donor unknown.

Will of Nathaniel Dabbs, Union County. Recorded August 16, 1800. Positive photocopy, 1 page. Gift of Mrs. C. N. Dabbs, Clarksdale, Mississippi.

"Burton's Genealogical Wheel, Genealogy of Burton Hathaway Jones." 1 printed page. Gift of Mrs. John M. Jones, Edenton.

"The Vandever Family, by Mabel Van Dyke Baer. Reprinted from *The Indiana Magazine of History*, Volume LV, March, 1959, Number 1. 3 printed pages. Gift of Mrs. Frank Lewis Baer, Washington, D. C.

"Descendants of Joel Higgins and Margaret Womack Higgins," by Louise Bales Southwick, compiler. 7 pages, mimeographed. Gift of Miss Louise Southwick, Waggoner, Illinois.

DAR Family Sheets for John Dill, Sr., John Dill, Jr., and Stephen Stadler Dill. 2 typed pages. Gift of Mrs. Willa M. Bill Moore, Kansas City, Missouri.

"Thomas Belt of Maryland and Iredell County, North Carolina . . . Some Account of his Ancestry and Descendants," by Mary Elinor Lazenby. 1960. 18 typed pages. Gift of Miss Mary Elinor Lazenby, Washington, D. C.

Birth records of John Newton Austin, May 19, 1837, and John Burton Austin, October 25, 1846. 2 pages. Gift of Mrs. Elizabeth M. Hutchison, Winston-Salem.

Family data on the Austin family, 1780-1790. 1 page. Purchased from Mrs. Elizabeth M. Hutchison, Winston-Salem.

"Moore-Lowe-Lewis Genealogy of North Carolina," compiled by Edward A. Claypool, Chicago, Illinois. 19 photocopied pages. Original belongs to Genealogical Society of Utah. Gift of Mr. McDaniel Lewis, Greensboro.

Certified copy of the Bass Indian ancestry certificate. Excerpts from Minute Book Number 24 of the Quarterly Superior Court of Norfolk County, July 15, 1833, pages 27-28, and July 20, 1833, pages 43-44, and letter explaining significance of certified information. Gift of Rev. Albert D. Bell, Rocky Mount.

Murphree, Murphry, Murphrey, and Murphew family records. Notes taken from Chatham County records in Department. 7 typed pages. Gift of Miss Marybelle Delamar, Raleigh.

"Genealogy of Some of Descendants of James (Jimmy) Holland of Wayne County," 26 typed pages. Gift of Miss Nellie Holland Russell, Long Island, New York.

Notebook of Mrs. Lavinia Cole Roberts, (Mrs. F. C. Roberts), of New Bern, giving Cole and Gillespie genealogies. 5 feet of 35 mm. microfilm. Original in possession of Mr. Frederick R. Boyd, New Bern.

"A Genealogical Tree of the Polk Family." 1 photocopied page. Gift of Mr. Polk Denmark, Raleigh.

7. *Maps:*

"North Carolina," (Carey) Engr. by W. Barber, Philadelphia, 1801. 9½" x 7½". Purchased from the Argosy Book Stores, Inc., New York.

"North and South Carolina," (Burr), New York, 1835. 12½" x 15½". Purchased from the Argosy Book Stores, Inc., New York.

Historical map of Williams Township, Chatham County, [1903]. Manuscript. 23" x 18". Donor unknown.

"Plan of the Town and Port of Bath, in Beaufort County, North Carolina," Surveyed and Drawn in May, 1769. By C. J. Sauthier. Photocopy, 23½" x 17½". Purchased from the Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

"Virginiae Item et Floridae, Americae Provinciarum, nova, Descriptio." Undated. Photostat. 17¾" x 24". Purchased from the Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.

"R. W. Jeffreys Tract." October, 1909. W. P. Massey, County Surveyor. Photostat. 15½" x 18½". Original in possession of Mrs. Mary Rogers, Raleigh.

"Plan of a Tract of Land Situated in the County of Wake, North Carolina, The Property of the Heirs at Law of Robert N. Jeffreys, Dec." Surveyed and Drawn by William A. Jeffreys. Undated. Photo copy, 17" x 23½". Original in possession of Mrs. Mary Rogers, Raleigh.

"Plan of Wilmington, North Carolina. . . ." Surveyed and prepared by L. C. Turner, C. E., 1856. Printed. 15" x 20". Transferred from the North Carolina Collection, University of North Carolina Library, Chapel Hill.

Map of Lockville (Ramsey's Mill), N. C. Manuscript on oil cloth. 12" x 29½". Undated. Gift of Mr. J. L. Bryan, Moncure.

"Map of the State of Tennessee, Taken from Survey by Matthew Rhea." Engd. by H. S. Tanner, E. B. Dawson, and J. Knight, Philadelphia. Undated. 6 sections, 18" x 25". Negative photostat. Loaned for copying by the Southern Historical Collection, University of North Carolina Library, Chapel Hill.

"Historical Map [of] Rowan County in the State of North Carolina, established 1753, re-established 1756." Drawn by Carrie McCannless Hammer, 1932. Printed and colored. 12½" x 16½". Gift of Mr. W. H. Jones, Chapel Hill.

"A Map from the surveys of the late Cherokee purchase made in 1820 by Robert Love. P. Surveyor." Manuscript copy made in 1911. 3 sections. Transferred from the Secretary of State's Office.

"A Map of the British Colonies in North America with the Roads, Distances, Limits, and Extent of the Settlements, Humbly Inscribed to the Right Honourable the Earl of Halifax. . . . By . . . Jno. Mitchell." Dated 1755, but was probably the third edition published after October, 1763. Negative photocopy. 4 sections, 23" x 17½". Original in possession of the Department of Water Resources.

"Plan of the Confederate Defenses of Wilmington, N. C., Circa 1863-65 and the Names and Locations of the Wrecks of some of the blockade running steamers of that era." Compiled May, 1959, by Charles H. Foard, Wilmington, N. C. Photostat. 13" x 20". Gift of the North Carolina Collection, University of North Carolina Library, Chapel Hill.

"Map of Oriental, N. C., Pamlico County. . . ." Compilation by R. C. Holton, County Surveyor. October, 1939, and June 1, 1951. Photostat. 18" x 27". Original in Office of Attorney General.

The following 4 maps were photocopied from William P. Cumming, *The Southeast in Early Maps*:

"A Map of the Whole Territory. . . ." By Lederer. 1672. 11½" x 8½".

"A New and Correct Map of the Province of North Carolina." By Moseley. 1733. 2 sections, 11½" x 17¼".

"Plan of the Town of Salisbury." By Sauthier. 1770. 11½" x 8½".

"A Compleat Map of North Carolina." By Collet. 1770. 2 sections, 11½" x 17¼".

The following 4 maps were given by Mr. C. M. D. Thomas, Wilmington:

John Locke sketch of the Shapley Map of 1662. Printed. From *James Forte*, edited by C. M. D. Thomas. 13" x 15¼".

James Lancaster Map of the Cape Fear River. 1679. Printed. From *James Forte*, edited by C. M. D. Thomas. 13" x 14½".

"Map of the Lower Cape Fear River & Coast of Brunswick County, N. C." by C. M. D. Thomas. 1960. Printed. 13" x 17".

"Horne Map of 1666—Carolina Described." Printed. 6" x 10".

The following 5 maps, all photostats, were purchased from the William L. Clements Library, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan:

"Plan of Wilmington in the Province of North Carolina." circa 1780. 17¼" x 19½".

"[Plan of ground about Wilmington]" circa 1780. 13½" x 16½".

"[Mr. Wilkinsons plot of ye Cherekee Country]" circa 1780. 14" x 17".

"A Plan of part of the principal Roads in the province of North Carolina." circa 1780. 18" x 23".

"Plan of Johnston Fort at Cape Fear with places of Arms." Surveyed and designed by Captain Collet in [November] 1767. 2 sections, 18" x 24".

Map showing Presbyterian Churches, Synod of North Carolina, July, 1958. Printed. 31½" x 21". Gift of the Office Synod of North Carolina, Presbyterian Church in the U. S., Raleigh.

"A Map of the Cherokee Country in North Carolina, Surveyed in the Year 1837, Drawn from the Returns of Deputy Surveyors, by R. Deaver." Manuscript, 53" x 80". Transferred from the Secretary of State's Office.

15 Pitt County Township maps, 1953. Joe M. Dresbach, R. S. Blueprints, each may 25" x 38". Transferred from the Secretary of State's Office.

"North Carolina, Minor Civil Divisions, Townships." Printed. 35" x 68". No date. Transferred from the Secretary of State's Office.

8. Newspapers:

The Raleigh Minerva, Friday, December 29, 1815. Volume 19, Number 1030. Printed by Alex. Lucas. 2 sheets. Found in Rowan County records in the Department.

Raleigh Register, Tuesday, October 22, 1799. Volume I, Number 1, Printed by Joseph Gales. Negative photocopy, 2 sheets. Copied by the Department from original loaned by the State Library.

The Weekly Era, Raleigh, N. C., Thursday, January 16, 1873. Volume II, Number 30. Wm. M. Brown, Manager. 2 sheets. Given by Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rhue, Raleigh.

The State Gazette, North Carolina, Thursday, February 7, 1788. Volume III, New Bern: Printed by Hodge and Wills. 4 sheets. Found on cover of county record book.

Goldsboro Daily Argus, Tuesday, April 7, 1885. Volume I, Number 1. Negative photocopy. 4 sheets. Copied by Department from original loaned by Mr. Hal Tanner, Goldsboro.

Forsyth County, [special edition] published at the North Carolina State Exposition, Raleigh, October, 1884. J. A. Blum, Manager; Uzzell & Gatling, Steam Printers and Binders, Raleigh. 2 sheets. Given by Mrs. Charles L. Dismukes, Union City, Tennessee.

9. Organizations:

American Association of University Women. Raleigh Branch. Minutes, September, 1954-May, 1958. 1 folder. Given by the Association.

The following Daughters of the Revolution records were given by the Society through Miss Irene Pierson and Mrs. James S. Currie, Raleigh.

N. C. Society, Daughters of the Revolution. Minutes, 1905-1915. 3 volumes.

National Society, Daughters of the Revolution. *Proceedings*, annual meetings, 1907, 1909, and 1910. 3 printed pamphlets.

N. C. Society, Daughters of the Revolution. Reports and correspondence from local chapters. 4 folders.

N. C. Society, Daughters of the Revolution. Nine approved applications, 1959.

N. C. Society, Daughters of the Revolution. Applications, 1931-1959, and applications for Junior Sons and Daughters, 1931-1959. 6 black boxes.

N. C. Society, Daughters of the Revolution. First Registrar's Book, 1897-1936. 1 bound volume.

Bloomsbury Chapter, Daughters of the Revolution. Secretary and Treasurer's Report, 1910. 1 bound volume.

Junior Sons and Daughters, Daughters of the Revolution. 4 approved applications.

Health Publications Institute, Inc., Records, including correspondence and publications, 1949-1952. 2 fibredex boxes. Transferred from the State Board of Health.

Lions International. Records for District 31-B, 1956-1957. Records of Cabinet Secretary, 1951-1952. 2 fibredex boxes. Given for the Organization by Mr. A. R. Smith, District Governor, 31-B, Boone.

Lions International. Official Minutes of Cabinet Meetings, 1957-1958. Records of District 31-B, 1957-1958. 1 fibredex box. Given for the Organization by Mr. Robert E. Lee, International Counselor, Lenoir.

North Carolina Federation of Music Clubs. Board Minutes, 1945-1954; Convention Minutes, 1946-1954; Scrapbook, Minutes of Eastern District Meetings, 1927-1942. 2 loose leaf notebooks and 1 scrapbook.

Given for the Organization by Mrs. W. C. Twiddy, Custodian, Raleigh.

North Carolina Federation of Music Clubs. Allstate Scrapbook, 1958-1959. 1 volume. Given for the Organization by Miss HenreEtta Owen, Scrapbook Chairman, Raleigh.

North Carolina Social Service Conference. Treasurer's Book, June 1930. 1 bound volume. Transferred from Department of Conservation and Development Records already in Department.

Sir Walter Cabinet. Scrapbook, 1955, 1957, and 1959. 1 volume. Given by Mrs. Philip R. Whitley, Wendell, for the Cabinet.

Tuesday Afternoon Book Club. "Historical Sketch, Tuesday Afternoon Book Club, 1903-1957." 12 page printed pamphlet. 3 copies. Given by Mrs. A. J. Fletcher, Raleigh, for the Club.

United Daughters of the Confederacy. Education Committee: U.D.C. Scholarship applications and correspondence, 1928-1956. 5 fibredex boxes. Given by Mrs. R. Grady Johnson, Burgaw.

10. *Sound and Tape Recordings:*

"The Silent Siren of the North Carolina Resource-Use Education Commission." A documentary series on the development of the natural, social, and human resources of North Carolina, written and produced by the Communications Center, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill. 13 recordings. Transferred by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Biennial Message, February 5, 1959, and Biennial Budget Message, February 9, 1959, by Governor Luther H. Hodges to the North Carolina General Assembly. Tape recording, 4 reels. Given by Radio Station WPTF, Raleigh.

"Interviews of North Carolinians," by Norman C. Larson, Hall of History, Department of Archives and History. Conversations with sixteen of North Carolina's oldest living citizens. Tape recording, 15 reels. Given by Allstate Insurance Company, Raleigh.

11. *Civil War:*

Minute Book and Roster of the William F. Martin Camp No. 1590, United Confederate Veterans, Elizabeth City, North Carolina, 1905-1925. 1 volume. Gift of the D. H. Hill Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Unofficial list and history of Company E, 71st. Regiment, Second Junior Reserves, N. C. Troops. 3 pages, negative photostats of manuscript. Original loaned for copying by Mrs. W. B. Beasley, Smithfield.

Reprints of articles from the *Rockingham Post-Dispatch*. "Casualty List of Civil War," Company E, 38th Regiment, Richmond County. March 19, 1959. "Roster of Richmond County Soldiers in War Between the States, 1861-65." March 20, 1930. Given by Mr. Isaac S. London, *Rockingham Post-Dispatch*, Rockingham.

12. *Miscellaneous:*

Index to compiled service records of volunteer soldiers from North Carolina who served during the Revolutionary War, War of 1812, and Cherokee Disturbances. 8 reels of 16 mm. positive microfilm. "North Carolina Synonym File of Confederate Units." 1 reel of 16 mm. positive microfilm. Purchased from the National Archives, Washington, D. C.

North Carolina Legislative and Gubernatorial papers relating to Tennessee. Extra copy of film made from records in the N. C. Archives for the Tennessee State Library and Archives. 2 reels of 35 mm. negative microfilm.

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers Report on Construction of Fort Caswell, 1824. 5 feet of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Filmed from original in possession of Rutgers University and purchased from the University.

Record of Shelter Requirements Study made by the Survival Plan Project staff, Council of Civil Defense, 1958. ½ reel of 35 mm. negative microfilm. Transferred from the Council of Civil Defense, Raleigh.

1850 Mortality Census. 50 feet of 35 mm. microfilm. Loaned for filming by the State Library, Raleigh.

Script and stage directions for "The Silver Years," a dramatic script celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of Needham-Broughton High School, written by members of the Creative Writing Class of 1955. Mimeographed, 30 pages. Gift of Mrs. Phillip A. Griffiths, Jr., Raleigh.

Ledger from the Office of U. S. Marshal, Greensboro, N. C., September 24, 1888. Statement of Suspensions and Disallowances, 1888-1889. 1 volume. Gift of Mrs. William Hester, Reidsville.

Letter to Messrs. A. A. McKethan & Sons from R. Murchison, March 1, 1869, with envelope advertising campaign of 1868, Seymour and Blair. 2 items. Donor unknown.

The Projector, Volume I, Numbers 1-4, January-April, 1937. Published monthly by the State Office of the N. C. WPA Education Program, W. H. Jones, Editor. Mimeographed, 1 binder. Gift of Mr. W. H. Jones, Chapel Hill.

"Basic Documents Relating to the Founding of Greensboro, N. C. Compiled for its Sesquicentennial Celebration, May 2-10, 1958, by McDaniel Lewis and James G. W. MacClamroch." 1 sheet, printed. 4 copies. Gift of Mr. McDaniel Lewis, Greensboro.

Architects drawings of State Capitol Building, Raleigh. Atwood & Nash, Inc. Architects and Engineers, Chapel Hill, 1924. 9 items, negative photostats. Originals loaned for copying by Mr. J. C. Kirk, Property Control Division, Department of Administration.

Affidavit of one Benjamin Heron, Master of the ship "Heron." [December 2, 1752]. Photostat, 2 pages. Gift of Mr. Benjamin F. L. Heron, Panama City, Florida.

Navy Department papers. Ships' histories and miscellaneous papers, correspondence, reports. 1 black box. Gift of Director, Division of Naval History, Washington, D. C.

"Akte van 12 febr. 1686 (inv. no. 5790 akte no. 31) betreffende een everenkomst tussen Sieur de Laforest enerzijds en Cornelis Jansz. Hogeboom en Adriaan Jansz. Kuijper anderzijds, in zake de bouw van een xoagmolen in Carolina." 4 pages, negative photostats. Purchased from Rijksarchieven in de Provincie Noordholland, Haarlem, The Netherlands.

Merchants National Bank Account Book, 1868-1869. 1 volume. Gift of Mr. E. A. Capps, Raleigh.

Unidentified Account Book, Raleigh. 1849-1866. 1 volume. Gift of Miss Mildred Morgan, Raleigh.

Account Book believed to be the property of Dr. Beverly Jones, Oak Grove, Forsyth County, 1864-1897. 1 volume. Transferred from N. C. State College Library, Raleigh.

APPENDIX XV

ADMINISTRATIVE HISTORIES AND INVENTORIES

Agencies Having Inventories Completed during Biennium:

Alcoholic Beverage Control, Board of
 Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program
 Blind, Commission for the
 Budget Division
 Conservation and Development, Department of
 Dorothea Dix Hospital
 Education, Board of
 Eugenics Board
 Funeral Directors and Embalmers, Board of
 John Umstead Hospital, Butner
 Justice, Department of
 Medical Examiners, Board of
 Merit System
 Murdoch School, Butner
 Public Welfare, Board of
 Purchase and Contract, Division of
 Secretary of State
 State Bureau of Investigation
 Treasurer, Department of the State
 Utilities Commission

Agencies Having Inventories in Process as of June 30, 1960:

Nurse Registration and Nursing Education, Board of
 Woman's College of the University of North Carolina, Greensboro
 During the biennium, amendments and/or revisions were adopted for inventories previously done for 17 State agencies.

APPENDIX XVI

RECORDS TURNOVER AT RECORDS CENTER

(Cubic Feet)

<i>Agency</i>	<i>Records Admitted</i>		<i>Records Removed</i>					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
Adjutant General, Department of	195	45					45	
Agriculture, Department of	72			1	1		2	
Alcoholic Beverage Control, Board of	7		5	2			7	
Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program	17							
Archives and History, Department of	476		15				15	
Auditor, Department of the State	12		12				12	
Banking Department		40			5		45	
Blind, Commission for the	88							
Budget Division	424		109	25	2		136	
Burial Association Commission	17		17				17	
Conservation and Development, Dept. of	1					1	1	
Dorothea Dix Hospital	109					9	9	
Education, Board of	751	865	171	28	9		1073	
Employment Security Commission	1598	1437			5	28	1470	
Eugenics Board	20		18				18	
Funeral Directors and Embalmers, Board of	16							
Health, Board of	178	77	2	25	1	20	125	
Highway Commission	1635		395	546	4	26	971	
Industrial Commission	1217	759					759	
Justice, Department of	12			10	2		12	
Local Government Commission	51							
Merit System	56	56					56	
Motor Vehicles, Department of	621	257	13				270	
Paroles, Board of	117	3			1		4	
Prison Department	87		144		1		145	
Probation Commission	14	14					14	
Public Instruction, Department of	244	111	70	57	35	21	294	
Public Welfare, Board of	111		18	10	2		30	
Purchase and Contract, Division of	183							
Retirement System, Teachers' and State Employees'	184		152				152	
Revenue Department	4058	2391	61				2452	
Secretary of State	111	10		79	3		92	
State Bureau of Investigation	39	9					9	
Supreme Court	453					96*	96	
Totals	13,174	6,074	1,197	790	78	192	8,331	

- (1) Destroyed under provisions of schedules
- (2) Destroyed after being microfilmed
- (3) Destroyed after being weeded
- (4) Preserved for Archives
- (5) Returned to agency
- (6) Total removed for all reasons
 - * Microfilmed before being returned

APPENDIX XVII

USE OF RECORDS AT RECORDS CENTER

<i>Agency</i>	<i>Number of Times Records Serviced by Records Center Staff</i>	<i>Number of Times Records Used by Agency Personnel</i>	<i>Total</i>
Adjutant General, Department of	51	10	61
Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program		1	1
Auditor, Department of the State		1	1
Banking Department		4	4
Burial Association Commission	9	3	12
Conservation and Development, Dept. of		12	12
Dorothea Dix Hospital	3		3
Education, Board of	35	32	67
Employment Security Commission		922	922
Health, Board of	8	68	76
Highway Commission	76	56	132
Industrial Commission	4	215	219
Medical Care Commission		2	2
Motor Vehicles, Department of	1,263	37	1,300
Paroles, Board of	436	2	438
Prison Department	24	1	25
Public Instruction, Department of	11	16	27
Public Welfare, Board of	44	1	45
Purchase and Contract, Division of	3		3
Retirement System, Teachers' and State Employees'	16	8	24
Revenue Department	12	52	64*
State Bureau of Investigation		1	1
Supreme Court	22		22
Wildlife Resources Commission	5	1	6
	Total	2,022	3,467

* In addition, the Revenue Department sent an employee to the Records Center to use Revenue records several hours each day

APPENDIX XVIII

STATE RECORDS MICROFILMED

<i>Agency</i>	<i>Images</i>	<i>Reels*</i>
Adjutant General, Department of	293,979	54
Archives and History, Department of	61,455	10
Auditor, Department of the State	34,335	7
Budget Division	357,555	69
Burial Association Commission	121,942	12
Dorothea Dix Hospital	80,048	20
Education, Board of	1,214,759	107
Eugenics Board	30,371	8
Health, Board of	4,630	2
Highway Commission	1,003,807	177
Motor Vehicles, Department of	29,814	6
Prison Department	262,674	60
Public Instruction, Department of	248,959	84
Public Welfare, Board of	32,603	5
Retirement System, Teachers' and State Employees'	469,249	85
Revenue, Department of	115,720	58
State Bureau of Investigation	115,506	45
Supreme Court	127,821	34
Treasurer, Department of the State	3,589,011	350
Totals	8,194,238	1,193

* Two copies of all reels were made with the exception of filming done for the State Treasurer and 13 reels of that done for the Department of Public Instruction. This means that 2,023 rolls of film were used. The Department also furnished 327 rolls of film to the Employment Security Commission under an arrangement whereby the actual filming of certain records is done by that agency, though the film is checked and labeled by the Records Center staff. Thus, a grand total of 2,350 rolls of film was used during the biennium.

APPENDIX XIX

ACTIVITIES OF THE LOCAL RECORDS SECTION

Quarter	Visits To Counties	County Records Laminated*	County Records Processed**	County Records Microfilmed***	County Records Proofread	Microfilm Spliced
July-Sept., 1958	9		48			
Oct.-Dec., 1958	53		54			
Jan.-Mar., 1959	39		68			
Apr.-June, 1959	8		88			
Jul.-Sept., 1959	37	11,558	175	363	181	17
Oct.-Dec., 1959	27	13,414	97	1,224	429	368
Jan.-Mar., 1960	21	12,324	190	886	570	107
Apr.-June, 1960	27	9,996	223	1,124	478	98
Totals	221	47,292*	943	3,597	1,658	590

* Pages Laminated.

** Boxes evaluated, arranged, boxed, labeled, cataloged, and shelved.

*** Volumes and boxes.

APPENDIX XX

COUNTY RECORDS MICROFILMED

Months	Wake Vols.	Reels	Chatham Vols.	Reels	Wilson Vols.	Reels	Chowan Vols.	Reels	Currituck Vols.	Reels	Camden Vols.	Reels	Pasquotank Vols.	Reels
Aug. '59	98	50												
Sept. '59	265	147												
Oct., '59	467	258												
Nov., '59	382	142												
Dec. '59	98	44	277	104										
Jan., '60			239	105										
Feb., '60		35*	15	8	141	73								
Mar., '60	54**	5			344	141	193	84						
Apr., '60				8*	266	101	74	30	28	14				
May, '60					154	105***			136	72				
Jun., '60			42**	9	60**	16	4*				140	63	224	142
Totals	1,364	681	573	234	965	436	267	118	164	96	140	63	224	142

* Retake reels (correction of errors in initial work).

** Boxes of marriage bonds and licenses on 16 mm. film.

*** Including 33 retake reels.

APPENDIX XXI

NEW HISTORICAL MARKERS ERECTED DURING THE BIENNIUM

DISTRICT A: Bertie, Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Gates, Hertford, Pasquotank, and Perquimans counties:

Barker House (home), Chowan County

Thomas Child (home site), Chowan County

Dr. Walter Reed (home), Hertford County

George W. Brooks (home site), Pasquotank County

DISTRICT B: Beaufort, Dare, Hyde, Martin, Tyrrell, and Washington counties:

Siege of Washington (site), Beaufort County

Trinity School (site), Beaufort County

Collington Island (site), Dare County

Confederate Forts (sites), Hyde County

DISTRICT C: Carteret, Craven, Jones, Onslow, and Pamlico counties:

Core Sound Meeting (site), Carteret County

Tryon Palace, Craven County

Lot Ballard House (home site), Onslow County

Onslow Raid (site), Onslow County

Richlands of New River Chapel (site), Onslow

DISTRICT D: Brunswick, Columbus, New Hanover, and Pender counties:

Beery's Shipyard (site), New Hanover County

John N. Maffitt (grave), New Hanover County

DISTRICT E: Edgecombe, Franklin, Halifax, Nash, Northampton, and Warren counties:

Henry T. Clark (grave), Edgecombe County

Moses A. Hopkins (site), Franklin County

Boon's Mill (site), Northampton County

"Bridle Creek" (home site), Warren County

DISTRICT F: Duplin, Greene, Lenoir, Pitt, Wayne, and Wilson counties:

General W. D. Pender (home site), Wilson County

Toisnot Church (site), Wilson County

DISTRICT G: Alamance, Caswell, Durham, Granville, Orange, Person, and Vance counties:

Snow Camp (site), Alamance County

William L. Poteat (home), Caswell County

Jacob Thompson (home), Caswell County

Harris Meeting House (site), Granville County

J. G. A. Williamson (home site), Person County

The Glass House (site), Vance County

DISTRICT H: Chatham, Harnett, Johnston, Lee, and Wake counties:

Rocky River Church, Chatham County

Averasboro (site), Harnett County

Sherman's March (site), Johnston County

William Boylan (home), Wake County

Central Prison, Wake County

Medical Society of North Carolina (site), Wake County
 Oakwood Cemetery, Wake County
 John S. Ravenscroft (grave), Wake County
 Wake Forest College (site), Wake County

DISTRICT I: Bladen, Cumberland, Hoke, Robeson, Sampson, and Scotland counties:

Rev. James Campbell (grave), Cumberland County
 McPhaul's Mill (site), Hoke County
 Ashpole Church, Robeson County
 Raft Swamp (site), Robeson County
 Pineland College-Edwards Military Institute, Sampson County
 Temperance Hall, Scotland County

DISTRICT J: Forsyth, Guilford, Rockingham, and Stokes counties:

Wm. Cyrus Briggs (home), Forsyth County
 Nazareth Church, Forsyth County
 Wake Forest College, Forsyth County

DISTRICT K: Anson, Davidson, Montgomery, Moore, Randolph, and Richmond counties:

Floria Maedonal (home site), Montgomery County

DISTRICT L: Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Rowan, Stanly, and Union counties:

Maxwell Chambers House, Rowan County
 Francis Locke (home site), Rowan County
 Matthew Locke (grave), Rowan County
 Old Stone House, Rowan County

DISTRICT M: Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Davie, Iredell, Surry, Wilkes, and Yadkin counties:

Brantley York (grave), Alexander County
 Hinton Helper (home site), Davie County

DISTRICT N: Avery, Burke, Caldwell, McDowell, Mitchell, Watauga, and Yancey counties:

Stoneman's Raid (site), Watauga County

DISTRICT O: Catawba, Cleveland, Gaston, Lincoln, Polk, and Rutherford counties:

Claremont College (site), Catawba County
 Grave Evangelical Lutheran Church, Catawba County
 Bunker Hill Covered Bridge, Catawba County
 John Fulenwider (grave), Gaston County
 "Old Bill" Williams (home site), Polk County

DISTRICT P: Buncombe, Haywood, Henderson, Madison, and Transylvania counties:

Joseph Lane (home), Buncombe County
 Sulphur Springs (site), Buncombe County
 "Cataloochee Trail" (site), Haywood County
 George A. Trenholm (home), Henderson County

DISTRICT Q: Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Jackson, Macon, and Swain counties:

William H. Thomas (home site), Jackson County

APPENDIX XXII

MUSEUM ITEMS ACCESSIONED

Bells:

School bell which belonged to Mr. W. L. Creech of Pine Level. Donor: Mrs. C. L. Futrell, Cary.

Dinner bell which was used as a warning device in a German concrete machine-gun nest of World War I. Donor: Mr. R. Leroy Rollins, Farmville.

Books:

The Ladies Birthday Almanac; small book of the New Testament; *The Sunday School Primer*; *The Sabbath Library*; *The Little Teacher*; *Songs for the Wee Ones*; *Soldier's Handbook*; *The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser*; two copies of Doan's Directory of the United States; *Pictorial Annual for 1887*; two small advertising almanacs; *English Grammar*; *Graded Lessons in English*; *Arithmetic by Grades*; *The New York Reader*, no. 2; *The Third Reader*; *First Lessons in Our Country's History*; *First Book of History, Combined with Geography*; *Word-Book of English Spelling*; *Complete Spelling Book*; speller covered with checked cotton; *Common Sense Speller*; *The New American Primary Speller*; *Diamond Pronouncing Dictionary of the English Language*. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

The Bubbling Teapot; *Barnes Complete Geography*; *Maury's Manual of Geography*; *Mitchell's New School Atlas*; *Maury's Geographical Series of the World We Live In*; *Barnes Elementary Geography*; *Harper's Introductory Geography*; *The Complete Algebra*; *Beginning French*; *The Beginner's Book in French*. Donor: Mrs. W. H. Trentman, Raleigh.

Abstract of Infantry Tactics, Including Exercises and Manoeuvres of Light Infantry and Riflemen, for the Use of the Militia of the United States, 1829. Donor: Mr. A. H. Craft, Kinston.

New Second Reader; *Holmes Third Reader*; *The Sunday School Primer*. Donor: Mrs. Fanny Memory Blackwelder, Raleigh.

Manuscript arithmetic with cloth cover. Museum Collection.

Family Bible of the Andrew Johnson family. Depositor: Mrs. Margaret Patterson Bartlett, Greeneville, Tennessee.

Fourth Reading Book; *The Fifth Reader*. Donor: Mr. John L. Aycock, Evanston, Illinois.

Bible of Captain John Phifer Young, C.S.A.; *Pocket Dictionary*, 1831; Book with secret compartment. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Buttons:

Twenty-two buttons from Davis Military School uniform. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Eleven State Militia buttons; two brass buttons from Horner School; six large brass buttons of the North Carolina State Militia. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Cameras:

Kodak camera, Premoette Junior, in carrying case. Donor: Mrs. C. L. Futrell, Cary.

Photography tripod made by Eastman Kodak Company, 1897. Donor. Mr. R. H. Martindale, Greensboro.

Kodak Autographic Camera and carrying case, 1913. Donor: Mrs. Christopher Crittenden, Raleigh.

Communications:

Documentary film by W. Kerr Scott on the importance of the Tobacco Industry. Transferred from the Archives.

Edison phonograph in a red mahogany cabinet; walnut record cabinet containing ninety-five records. Donor: Mrs. Bessie Rogers Rewis, Raleigh.

Tape recording of speeches of the five North Carolina gubernatorial candidates. Donor: Raleigh Public Relations Society, Raleigh.

Costumes:

Baby's white satin bib; two white satin baby caps; three white cotton baby caps; baby's white cotton sun bonnet; girl's natural straw bonnet; girl's grey felt bonnet; child's brown felt hat; child's white hat; child's natural straw hat; child's black felt hat; baby's white wool sacque; baby's white wool sweater; little boy's dress; child's white pique short jacket; child's dark print jacket; little girl's white cotton dress; girl's white cotton dress with blue print; girl's print pinafore; girl's white cotton sleeveless dress; girl's cotton dress; girl's white cotton dress; girl's black and white wool dress; girl's cotton print dress; girl's plaid wool dress; girl's blue silk dress; girl's pink silk dress; girl's cotton coat; girl's cotton print dress; girl's blue and white striped silk dress; little boy's white wool sailor suit; little boy's two-piece suit; boy's three-piece black wool dress suit; boy's cotton pants; boy's brown checked pants; boy's brown pants; boy's tan and brown pants; girl's white kid slippers; girl's white kid shoes; child's tan kid shoes; baby's white linen undershirt; five baby's petticoats; little girl's cotton panties; little girl's white cotton pantaloons; little girl's white underskirt; man's gold brocade vest; man's white taffeta vest; lady's blue and white crocheted reticule; lady's black velvet reticule; lady's black purse; lady's purse of taffeta ribbon; lady's blue and black beaded purse; lady's purple beaded purse; lady's small beaded purse; lady's silver mesh purse; flowered carpet bag; two white silk aprons; black silk apron; two pairs of white cotton undersleeves; summer cape; lady's pink and black satin reversible evening coat; net jabot; white linen jabot; eight white collars; three white shawl collars;

black beaded collar; tortoise-shell comb inlaid with gold; leaf-shaped shell comb; three tortoise-shell combs; four celluloid combs; beige silk dress, 1775; girl's dress with pink quilted underskirt; lady's beige brocade wedding gown, early 1880's; lady's white satin bodice; girl's maroon print cotton dress; lady's cotton print dress; lady's cream-colored wedding gown, 1840; lady's brown cotton reversible gown, 1850; lady's navy-blue wool riding habit; lady's blue plaid taffeta dress, 1850; lady's brown and black taffeta dress, 1860; lady's grey taffeta dress; lady's yellow silk dress; lady's white and red cotton print dress; lady's grey striped silk bodice, 1840; lady's green striped taffeta bodice; lady's black satin bodice, 1840; lady's white silk bodice, 1860; lady's blue faille dress, 1870; lady's purple faille dress, 1870; lady's brown taffeta dress, 1870; lady's green taffeta dress, 1875; lady's faille wedding gown; lady's white organdy bridesmaid's dress, 1884; lady's pink brocade jacket, 1870; lady's black taffeta dress, 1890; lady's brown wool dress, 1890; lady's black taffeta dress, 1890; lady's red and cream striped evening gown; lady's blue and white striped silk evening gown; lady's pink striped faille Gibson-Girl dress; lady's mauve silk dress; lady's white satin wedding gown, 1910; lady's black silk dress; lady's green silk dress; lady's black lace dress, 1920; lady's black lace dress, 1920; lady's champagne-colored lace evening gown; lady's green faille dress; two ivory folkling fans; white feather fan with ivory handle; lady's brown kid gloves; lady's tan kid gloves; lady's black lace mitts; lady's white crocheted mitts; white silk handkerchief; white linen handkerchief; white chiffon handkerchief; white cotton handkerchief; lady's white ruffled pique cap; lady's white cotton cap; lady's white cotton bonnet with shirred insets; black silk quilted bonnet; brown silk quilted bonnet; grey silk print quilted bonnet; beige faille bonnet; beige and black plaid calash; white silk bonnet; green silk bonnet; brown satin bonnet; brown velvet bonnet; tan straw bonnet; brown silk bonnet; pink and black feather hat, 1888; black velvet hat with ostrich plumes and red flowers; black velvet hat; yellow straw hat; natural straw hat; silk stockings; silk ribbed stockings; cotton stockings; cotton stockings with open-work design; small black umbrella with carved handle; small black umbrella with folding handle; white satin umbrella; black wool shawl with paisley border; light blue silk scarf; black silk mourning veil; green silk scarf; white organdy sash; maroon grosgrain and velvet ribbon sash; pink plaid taffeta sash; maroon silk sash; pair of bronze slippers; pair of black leather and suede slippers; pair of black suede high-heel shoes; pair of lavender cloth slippers; pair of blue kid high-top shoes; pair of light blue taffeta shoes; pair of black satin slippers; pair of white satin slippers; pair of white satin slippers with bow and lace on toe; pair of net pantaloons; pair of white cotton pantaloons; white cotton quilted camisole; three white cotton camisoles; white cotton nightgown; white cotton nightgown with lace yoke. Donor: Mrs. Sidney Howell, Upper Montclair, New Jersey.

Girl's pink silk dress; lady's purple beaded purse; lady's black and white beaded purse; lady's white cotton blouse; lady's white linen blouse; lady's net skirt with lace insets; lady's black lace shawl; lady's white embroidered corset cover; lady's white cotton teddies; lady's pink silk teddies; lady's white cotton slip. Donor: Miss Sadie McKeithan, Darlington, South Carolina.

Little girl's black velvet coat. Donor: Mrs. Dorothy Andrews Jackson, Raleigh.

Lady's black velvet double-breasted jacket. Donor: Mr. R. H. Martindale, Greensboro.

Pair of white satin wedding slippers. Donor: Miss Elizabeth Blacklock Watson, Norfolk, Virginia.

Net jabot attached to collar. Donor: Mrs. Thomas Stamps, Raleigh.

Pair of black satin high-top shoes. Donor: Mrs. Russell Sherrill, Raleigh.

Maroon plush coat which belonged to Mrs. W. H. Schaub. Donor: Dean I. O. Schaub, Raleigh.

Shawl which belonged to Mrs. Thomas Hogg. Donor: Mrs. George E. Carleton, Gardensville.

Wedding gown and satin wedding slippers of Mrs. Florence Hall Highsmith. Donor: Mrs. Carl C. Bank, Redlands, California.

Purple and white knit reticule; pair of white silk stockings; pair of white cotton pantaloons; white cotton gown; white cotton robe. Donor: Mrs. Fay J. Farmer, Raleigh.

Cane made of orange wood from Jefferson Davis's orchard in Florida. Depositor: Mr. John Cotton Englehard, Louisville, Kentucky.

Lady's white silk dress; lady's tan linen dress; lady's brown pouch-type bag; lady's pink calf slippers; lady's white cotton petticoat. Donor: Mrs. Louise Woodard, Raleigh.

Cane with carved ivory handle. Donor: Mr. J. E. Mewborn, Snow Hill.

Two white cuffs for man's shirt; man's white dress shirt; man's white vest; man's three-piece wool dress suit. Donor: Mrs. W. H. Trentman, Raleigh.

Pair of black faille pumps, pair of black watered faille pumps; pair of white satin pumps. Donor: Dr. Christopher Crittenden, Raleigh.

Pair of white voile sleeves with lace insets; black lace shawl which belonged to Mrs. Andrew Johnson; cap of lace over ecru net which belonged to Mrs. Johnson; white lace cap; pair of black mitts which belonged to Mrs. Johnson; tucking comb which belonged to Mrs. Johnson; brown leather pocketbook which belonged to Andrew Johnson; black top hat. Depositor: Mrs. Margaret Patterson Bartlett, Greeneville, Tennessee.

Lady's dark print silk dress; lady's white cotton dress; lady's white organdy shirtwaist; lady's white cotton shirtwaist; lady's white linen shirtwaist; lady's white cotton skirt; lady's white dress;

lady's black silk dress; collapsible bustle frame; small wire bustle; white cotton padded bustle; lady's white cotton waist pincher; lady's white cotton corset; lady's white cotton nightgown; two white petticoats; white cotton pantalettes; white cotton slip; pair of black high heel slippers; metal shoe-button hook; black silk mourning veil; man's black umbrella; lady's white cotton cap; lady's natural straw hat; lady's lavender straw hat; lady's gold hat; lady's purple straw hat; lady's black velvet hat; lady's white linen hat; lady's white ribbon hat; lady's navy-blue felt hat; lady's yellow felt hat; lady's navy-blue straw hat; lady's pink straw hat; lady's dark brown felt hat; lady's light brown felt hat; lady's white straw hat; three navy-blue straw hats; pair of white cotton gloves; pair of long white silk mitts; pair of grey silk gloves; lady's stiff collar; lady's shoulder cape; lady's black wool jacket; lady's ribbon belt; lady's white linen belt; lady's embroidered belt and cuffs; lady's ascot; black cotton apron; white cotton apron; man's undersuit; man's white linen suit; boy's football uniform; boy's short white trousers; boy's hat; man's high stiff hat; man's black top hat; three military-school belts; black leather cartridge case on white belt; brown leather shoulder holster and belt; hat box for man's top hat. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Raleigh.

Lady's black silk dress; black wool skirt; black and white striped blouse; black wool blouse; black silk blouse; black and white cotton print blouse; black and white print batiste blouse; purple print cotton blouse; black cotton print blouse; black and white batiste shirtwaist; black silk overblouse; black and white checked cotton shirtwaist; black faille suit; black silk dress with white print; short black peplum; black silk bodice; black faille bodice; white silk dress; green straw hat; black silk hat; black velvet hat; black silk hat; black fur-felt hat; three black ostrich plumes; large black velvet hat; small black silk scarf; black shoulder cape; white cotton undershirt; white cotton camisole. Donor: Mrs. Julia F. Coke, Raleigh.

Part of a white pique christening robe, 1816; white cotton baby dress. Donor: Mrs. E. C. Rhue, Palmdale, California.

Gold-headed cane with inscription "Governor Charles B. Aycock from I. L. C." Donor: Mr. John L. Aycock, Evanston, Illinois.

Lady's jacket covered with jet beading. Donor: Mrs. Florence Drinker, Black Mountain.

Peach silk nightgown; four white cotton nightgowns; white cotton wrapper; white cotton teddies. Donor: Mrs. Nellie Moore McGeachey, Raleigh.

Three pairs of white cotton pantaloons; white cotton petticoat; two white cotton nightgowns; one white linen nightgown. Donor: Reverend W. S. Patterson, High Point.

White cotton nightgown. Donor: Mrs. Christopher Crittenden, Raleigh.

Pale green silk gown made of silk brought into North Carolina in the 1770's. Donor: Mrs. Charles E. Johnson, Raleigh.

Black faille dress, 1885. Donor: Mrs. R. C. Curtis, Franklinton.

Wool cape, black lace dress, black mitts, ecru dress which belonged to Mrs. Angus W. McLean. Donor: Mrs. Scott Shepherd, Lumberton.

Three button hooks for gloves or shoes; two leather wallets; wire hoop-skirt frame. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Cutlery:

Three-tine fork with bone handle. Donor: Mr. Bill Walker, Raleigh.

Wooden salad spoon and fork combination; two three-tine, bone handle forks; meat fork with bone handle; knife sharpener with bone handle; wooden salad fork with silver fil'gree design on handle. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Dishes:

Part of a ceramic medicine spoon with graduated measure. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Two china shaving mugs. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Documents:

Receipt for purchase of a negro slave, 1848; receipt for five negro slaves, 1864; Christmas card, 1918. Donor: Miss Sadie McKeithan, Darlington, South Carolina.

Small campaign card, James J. Murphy, candidate for Constable, 1875. Donor: Miss Jimmie Rivers, Raleigh.

Newspaper, *The Washington Chronicle*, June 17, 1865; letter mentioning each member of the Andrew Johnson family; two checks signed by Andrew Johnson; newspaper, *The Greenville Intelligence*, December 11, 1874; two tickets to the Andrew Johnson impeachment trial. Depositor: Mrs. Margaret Patterson Bartlett, Greenville, Tennessee.

Appointment of William H. Martin as Corporal, U. S. Army, March 21, 1864; copy of *The New York Herald*, April 15, 1865, containing the account of the assassination of Abraham Lincoln; ticket, "U. S. Senate, Impeachment of the President, May 7, 1868." Depositor: Miss Ethel Martin Burne, Atlanta, Georgia.

Commission of John C. Gilmore as Second Lieutenant, May 11, 1866; invitation to the opening of exhibit, "Plantation Scenes from Life;" map of Bogue Banke; map of Bogue Sound and Fort Macon; progress map of Beaufort Harbor. Museum Collection.

Invitation to the celebration of the City of Raleigh's 100th Anniversary; bill announcing a Musical and Literary Entertainment at Morrisville Academy; program of Commencement at Morrisville Collegiate Institute; program of the Celebration of the Washington and Jefferson Literary Societies of Davis School; program of concert by the University of North Carolina Glee Club, 1893; letter to Mrs.

M. E. Pugh concerning a receipt from the Horner Military School, 1902; fifteen trading cards with advertising; two decorated calling cards; card telling about the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, 1904; bill from the Davis Military School, 1896; section of *The News and Observer* with portraits of great men of the time; section of *The Daily State Chronicle* with an account of the death of Governor Fowle; advertisement of Duke Cigarettes; section of *The Farmer and Mechanic* with story of the celebration of Easter by the Moravians; clipping from newspaper, "Songs and Recitations;" "Nowitzky's Monthly, The Tarheel Magazine;" "Electra," Magazine of Literature, 1885; "McClure's Magazine," 1898; small advertising booklet; program of "The Easter Alleluia," 1916. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Portion of a magazine with story about North Carolina, 1835; portion of a magazine with description of North Carolina, 1847; portion of magazine, "Scribner's Monthly," 1874. Purchased from Mrs. Cora M. Wilson, Hanover, New Hampshire.

Two small envelopes, 1882. Donor: Mrs. Fay J. Farmer, Raleigh.

Liggett and Myers Tobacco Company redeemable coupon, 1916; two American Tobacco Company redeemable coupons; certificate of Award for Bronze Medal from the Sesqui-Centennial International Exposition, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 1926, to the Department of Public Instruction for Effective Portrayal of Work of Negroes in North Carolina. Transferred from the Archives.

Fourteen World War I Posters. Donor: Mr. William Howell, Greensboro.

Eighteen documents pertaining to Mr. Gurney P. Hood's service as North Carolina Commissioner of Banks; copy of Goldsborough's first charter, January 1847. Donor: Mr. Gurney P. Hood, Raleigh.

Sheet music, "Carolina," written by Mrs. Herbert A. Rust and Mrs. Elsie M. Rose. Donor: Mrs. Herbert A. Rust, Greensboro.

Hand-written copy of William Gaston's "The Old North State Forever." Donor: Mrs. Sarah Lord Munson, San Francisco, California.

Bill of sale for a slave, 1865, Wilmington, North Carolina. Donor: Miss Mary Henderson, Chapel Hill.

Games:

Phoebe Snow game board; board for Backgammon and Checkers; twenty-five checker men; two dice boxes; one die; two round disks. Donor: Mrs. W. H. Trentman, Raleigh.

Gavels:

Gavel made of wood from the original building of St. John's College, Oxford, North Carolina. Donor: Mr. Earley W. Bridges, Greensboro.

Gavel made from a limb of a tree which stood in the yard of the Wiley Jones home in Halifax, North Carolina. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Glassware:

Large clear glass bottle. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Small glass perfume bottle. Donor: Mrs. Fay Farmer and Dr. Mary Lynch Johnson, Raleigh.

One bottle from Vollmer's grapewine, E. G. Vollmer, Tryon, North Carolina. Donor: Dr. Christopher Crittenden, Raleigh.

Glass match or toothpick holder. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Heating:

Small wood-burning heating stove; small round coal-oil heating stove. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Implements:

Two wooden shoe lasts used by Bob Parrish, shoemaker. Donor: Mr. Kirby S. Gupton, Louisburg.

Two cobbler's rasps. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Wooden-handled froe used in Old Salem for splitting shingles. Depositor: Wachovia Museum, Winston-Salem.

Hand-made auger; hand-made plane; hand-made shoemaker's awl; carpenter's file; cobbler's hammer; two grooving implements, made from files with hand-made handles; small boring instrument with ivory handle. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Implements, Textile:

Metal skirt measure for hems; wooden sleeve board; two cotton cards. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Two cotton cards; wooden darning egg. Donor: Miss Sadie McKeithan, Darlington, South Carolina.

Wooden weaving shuttle; two wool cards. Transferred from the Archives.

Pair of hand-made metal shears which belonged to Sally Grice Holland; pair of unidentified metal shears. Donor: Miss Nellie Holland Russell, Brookhaven, Long Island, New York.

Set of three steel knitting needles in wooden case; set of two large wooden knitting needles; metal pattern marker with wooden handle; celluloid holder for knitting yarn; silver tatting bobbin; celluloid tatting bobbin; four netting shuttles; block for netting shuttles; set of fluting irons. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Indians:

Portion of a human skull, three small gaming stones, and one large

gaming stone found in an Indian mound near Franklin. Donor: Mrs. Thomas W. Porter, Franklin.

Stone arrow head; hammerstone; unfinished stone axe; pottery bowl. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Jewelry:

Gold pin; diamond-shaped jewelry box. Donor: Mrs. C. L. Futrell, Cary.

Andrew Johnson's gold collar button; gold watch from the Andrew Johnson family; gold locket containing pictures of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson; two gold brooches; gold handkerchief ring. Depositor: Mrs. Margaret Patterson Bartlett, Greeneville, Tennessee.

Gold watch fob. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Hair necklace which belonged to Miss Mary Cattie Smith of Floral College, North Carolina, 1858; ring made from the hair of Paisley Smith of Floral College, North Carolina, 1858. Donor: Mrs. Cornelia S. MacMillan, Red Springs.

Black hat pin; blue and white enamel hat pin. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Kitchen Utensils:

Small funnel; cast iron ice tongs; cast iron griddle; cast iron fire-place tongs; small metal bucket; metal strainer; cast iron wash pot; metal oven for top of a cooking stove. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Large metal mould; round metal cheese press; metal angel-food cake pan; cast iron lemon squeezer; small metal nutmeg grater; cast iron meat hook. Donor: Miss Sadie McKeithan, Darlington, South Carolina.

Large coffee grinder with drawer. Donor: Mrs. A. J. Fletcher, Raleigh.

Nutmeg grater. Donor: The Estate of Dr. Leon Franklin Williams, Raleigh.

Metal frying pan handle. Depositor: Mrs. Charles W. Keck, Burlington.

Two iron fireplace trivets. Donor: Mr. William West, Burlington.

Jar opener; wooden pie edger; wafer iron; metal broiler for open fireplace; early pressure cooker; small tin cup; metal sauce pan; roasting pan with cover; six cake pans. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Lighting:

Scissor-type candle snuffer. Donor: The Estate of Dr. Leon Franklin Williams, Raleigh.

Betty lamp. Depositor: Mrs. Charles W. Keck, Burlington.

Tin container for surplus candles; small brass candle holder. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Linen:

Two table scarves. Donor: Miss Sadie McKeithan, Darlington, South Carolina.

White cotton table cover. Donor: Mrs. Sidney Howell, Upper Montclair, New Jersey.

Patch-work pillow; two white cotton pillow cases. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Hand-stitched quilt top made by Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Squires Hayes. Donor: Miss Mabel McDade Baker, Raleigh.

Two white bedspreads woven by Martha T. Farmer, ca. 1875. Donor: Mrs. Fanny Memory Blackwelder, Raleigh.

Masonry:

Two pieces of pan tile found at Clarendon Plantation, Brunswick County. Transferred from the Division of Historic Sites.

Medals:

Ribbon badge from the Pioneer Council #52, D or L, High Point, North Carolina. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Ribbon badge of the Executive Committee, National Dental Association, 1908. Donor: Buffalo Historical Society, Buffalo, New York.

"Willie P. Mangum" medal which was presented to Charles B. Aycock, 1880. Donor: Mr. John Lee Aycock, Evanston, Illinois.

Bronze Medal from the Sesqui-Centennial International Exposition, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 1926, to the Department of Public Instruction for Effective Portrayal of Work of Negroes in North Carolina. Transferred from the Archives.

Medicine:

Pair of leather saddle bags with glass fittings which were used by William Calvin Tompkins, Webster, North Carolina in his medical practice during the Civil War. Donor: Dr. Deane H. Vance, Norfolk, Virginia.

Medicine cup used in the Livingston Johnson home about 1900. Donor: Mrs. Fay J. Farmer and Dr. Mary Lynch Johnson, Raleigh.

Metalwork:

Metal bottle stopper. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Large metal lock and key. Donor: Mrs. Lucy R. Williams, Gatesville.

Metal frame for picture or mirror. Donor: The Estate of Dr. Leon Franklin Williamson, Raleigh.

Three mining tools found near Franklin about 1876. Donor: Mrs. Thomas W. Porter, Franklin.

Metal skirt holder with chain. Donor: Mrs. Sidney Howell, Upper Montclair, New Jersey.

Square-cut nail; hand-made iron blind hook; two metal nut crackers. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Miscellaneous:

Stick found between the weather boarding and plastering in the Henry Best home which is believed to have been a switch used for correcting slaves. Donor: Mr. J. E. Mewborn, Snow Hill.

Calendar with dates on rollers; brown ceramic spittoon; peacock feather duster; metal bed pan with lid; green metal can with stopper; large funnel; small wooden bird cage; wooden folding easel; wooden chamber stool, folding lawn chair. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Lock of Andrew Johnson's hair. Depositor: Mrs. Margaret Patterson Bartlett, Greeneville, Tennessee.

Pair of lead knucks; two liquor jars, ca. 1865; hunting knife with brown bone handle. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Money:

One \$500 Confederate bond, 1863; one \$100 Confederate bond, 1861; Confederate fifty-cent bill, 1863; Confederate \$1 bill, 1862; Confederate \$2 bill, 1862; Confederate \$2, 1864; Confederate \$100 bill, 1864; Confederate \$100, 1863; Confederate \$100, 1862; Confederate \$500, 1864; State of North Carolina five-cent bill, 1861; State of North Carolina ten-cent bill, 1861; State of North Carolina ten-cent bill, 1863; State of North Carolina twenty-five cent bill, 1861; State of North Carolina twenty-five cent bill, 1863; State of North Carolina twenty-five cent bill, 1864; State of North Carolina twenty-five cent bill, 1862; State of North Carolina fifty-cent bill, 1861; State of North Carolina fifty-cent bill, 1862; State of North Carolina \$1 bill, 1862; State of North Carolina \$1 bill, 1863; State of North Carolina \$2 bill, 1861. Donor: Miss Sadie McKeithan, Darlington, South Carolina.

Bank of Fayetteville \$10 bill, 1849. Donor: Miss Fannie Nicholson, Raleigh.

Bank of Yanceyville \$3 bill, 1853. Donor: Mr. Gurney P. Hood, Raleigh.

Carolina gold dollar made by Bechtler; \$1 gold piece made at the United States Mint at Charlotte, 1855. Donor: Mr. Earley W. Bridges, Greensboro.

National Bank of Chicago \$10 note, 1864; United States \$5 bank note, 1863. Transferred from the Archives.

Bank of Wilmington \$5 note, 1855; Bank of Cape Fear \$4, 1857. Donor: Dean I. O. Schaub, Raleigh.

Eight Confederate \$100 bills; thirty-five Confederate \$50 bills; seven Confederate \$20 bills; fifty-eight Confederate \$10 bills; eighty-four Confederate \$5 bills; one Confederate \$2 bill; four Confederate \$1

bills; one North Carolina \$10 bill; twenty-five North Carolina \$3 bills; one North Carolina fifty-cent bill; two North Carolina twenty-five cent bills; one North Carolina ten-cent bill; five North Carolina five-cent bills. Donor: Mr. Jonathan Daniels, Raleigh.

Thirty shillings, North Carolina Proclamation Money, 1748. Donor: Miss Mary Henderson, Chapel Hill.

Mortars and Pestles:

Metal spice mortar and pestle; porcelain mortar and pestle. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Musical Instruments:

Banjo belonging to Joseph John Anderson. Donor: Mrs. Leon Anderson, Roanoke Rapids.

Office Equipment:

Smith Premier Typewriter, ca. 1900. Museum Collection.

Oliver Typewriter, 1909. Donor: North Carolina State College, Raleigh.

Pictures:

Photographs of James Thomas Pugh (3); Davis Military School; Davis Military School Football Team, 1903; Bingham School Bible Class, Mebane, 1904-1905; students and faculty of The University of North Carolina, class of 1893-1894 (2); John Pugh with group of unknown men (2); C. C. Pugh with B. S. Commercial Class of 1904-1905; R. R. Ferrell, roommate of C. C. Pugh; E. F. Frost in military school uniform; streets in down-town Raleigh covered with snow. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Photographs of President Roosevelt during a visit to Fayetteville; Governor Broughton and Alice Broughton as she christens a Raleigh Flyer. Donor: Mr. John Park, Raleigh.

Colored photographs of an old mill, probably in Dillsboro (3); colored picture postcards of Pack Square and Patton Avenue, Asheville; French Broad River scenes, Asheville (2); Tar River Falls, Rocky Mount; Heidleberg and Highland Lake, Flat Rock; below the "Narrows", Green River; Highland Lake bridge, Hendersonville; Rhododendron Lake, Laurel Park, Hendersonville; In the Heart of the Mountains, North Carolina mountains; Mount Pisgah and the Rat, Asheville; ox teams on South Main Street, Black Mountain; Toe River, Unaka Mountains, Clinchfield Route; Sloan's Mill, Iredell County; Old Mill, Cherokee; Hayes Mill, Sylva. Donor: Minnesota Historical Society, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Photographs of Dr. William Calvin Tompkins, Webster, 1819-1895 (2). Donor: Dr. Deane H. Vance, Norfolk, Virginia.

Lithograph of John Haywood; photographs of Samuel T. Patterson, Kemp D. Battle, David A. Jenkins and Donald W. Bain; pencil and

charcoal drawing of John W. Wheeler; pastels of Jonathan Worth, William Sloan, John M. Worth and Samuel McDonald Tate. Transferred from the Treasury Department, Raleigh.

Photographs of Major Reuben Wilson, First Battalion of North Carolina; Theodosia Burr, Elizabeth City; first Moravian Church, Old Salem. Donor: Montana Historical Society.

Photographs of ships (14); colored photographs of paintings of John Paul Jones; Admiral Mahan. Donor: Naval History Division.

Picture postcards of troop train "Express" from Montair to St. Nazaire; noon mess line at Camp Guthrie, World War I, Company of Robert Brimley. Transfer: State Museum of Natural History.

Photograph of railroad station, Monroe, 1892. Donor: Mr. Kenon W. Parham, Raleigh.

Photograph of camp ground market on Kanuga Road, site of Old Boiling Springs Camp Ground. Donor: Mrs. Sadie Patton, Hendersonville.

Photograph of Colonel Joseph Hyde Pratt, Chapel Hill. Donor: Mr. McDaniel Lewis, Greensboro.

Newspaper photographs from "Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper" and "Harper's Weekly" during the Civil War in North Carolina (54). Purchase: Mrs. Cora M. Wilson, The Book and Print Shop, Hanover, New Hampshire.

Photographs of Union soldiers, Civil War (2). Depositor: Miss Ethel Martin Burne, Atlanta, Georgia.

Oil paintings by Mrs. Mary Lyde Hicks Williams, depicting negro life (28). Depositor: Mr. Virginius F. Williams, Faison.

Photographs of New Bern's Firemen's Museum (13). Donor: Firemen's Museum, New Bern.

Picture postcards of Round Knob Railroad, Asheville, 1906; view of Asheville from Beaumont, 1908. Donor: Detroit Historical Commission, Detroit, Michigan.

Photograph album of pictures of Linville Falls; miscellaneous pictures of hunting, camping, farming woodmaking, road construction, flood devastation, water falls, streams and rivers, and mountain scenery near Linville Falls (316). Donor: Mrs. G. J. Christianson, Long Beach, California.

Miscellaneous pictures of the 30th Division in Europe during World War II (1236). Transfer: Adjutant General's office, Raleigh.

Photographs of House in the Horseshoe, including the marker, rail fence; well; fireplace; hunt board; gate-leg table; small desk; corner cupboard; table and buffet; Queen Anne table; chest desk; front porch and door; back porch and door; fireplace, Raney House (2); Old Salem Pump, Winston-Salem; Vogler House, Old Salem; Reception Center, Old Salem; furniture made by William Little, a North Carolina cabinet maker in the late 1700's (5); two photostats showing the making of Indian arrowheads and axes; photographs of formal opening of special exhibit of oil paintings (3); Andrew Johnson Tailor

Shop (4); logging haul on Mt. Mitchell; old monument on Mt. Mitchell (2); Professor A. Guyot; Reverend Elisha Mitchell; Big "Tom" Wilson; Watauga Club, 1957; Mr. Herschell V. Rose. Museum Collection.

Photographs of William Little banquet table (4). Donor: Mrs. J. F. Stanback, Mount Gilead.

Photograph of famous figures in the Aycock Monument, Capitol Square—Robert E. Lee, Thomas Edison, Pasteur, Bethoven, Sir Walter Raleigh, Joan d'Arc, Columbus, Dante, Caesar, Socrates and Homer; letter of explanation. Donor: Dr. Clarence Poe, Raleigh.

Colored photograph of yellow pick-up truck with soil samples from Hoke County; photographs of Charles B. Aycock and staff; birthplace of Charles B. Aycock; working model of part of Aycock Monument, Capitol Square (3); Charles B. Aycock; Charles B. Aycock with signature; photograph of painting of Charles B. Aycock; photographs of Edenton Tea Party House; presentation of Army-Navy E award to Firestone Mills, Gastonia (4); Calvin Graves; Senator W. Kerr Scott (3); Secretary of Interior McKay; group meeting of Patriots of North Carolina, Alamance Chapter; fishing trawler, "The Sea Dog"; Mount Mitchell; Presbyterian Church, Hawfield (4); bridge on Roanoke River; bridge at Murfreesboro (6); bridge damaged in flood (3); flood scene on Roanoke River (3); highway equipment in Brunswick County (4); Neuse Road (2); railroad construction; group around marker for the grave of Richard Caswell, including Colonel Fred A. Olds; aerial photographs of 100 counties of North Carolina from files of the Highway Commission. Transfer: Archives.

Photographs of ships (2); students of Wake Forest College, class of 1923; group picture of Southern Forest Congress, July 11-15, 1916, Battery Park, Asheville; marker at Bentonville Battleground; James Moore home (3); Dr. J. B. Seavey home (2); Mary Seavey Moore; articles used in first grist mill at saw mill; original mill stone brought over from England, used as a monument over grave of founder of House's Mill; original timber of House's Mill; Hardy Holmes home; stall stable; barn with split-board roof; drawing of first Pettigrew's Chapel, Scuppernon; photograph of drawing of Pettigrew's Chapel; Visitor's Center, Moore's Creek, during formal opening (2). Transfer: Division of Historic Sites.

Stereographs of the City of Wilmington; Dismal Swamp; turpentine barrels; rosin barrels; Blue Ridge Mountains; burning charcoal in mountains. Donor: Buffalo Historical Society, Buffalo, New York.

Photographs of "Pembroke Hall," Rosenear House, Edenton; Leary House, Edenton; "Athol," Edenton (5). Donor: Mr. Houghton Ehringhaus, Edenton.

Photographs of Governor Luther Hodges, Mrs. Hodges and their family (5). Donor: "The News and Observer," Raleigh.

Photograph of Dr. Christopher Crittenden delivering a speech at

the Visitor's Center, Moore's Creek. Donor: Mr. Vivian Whitfield, Burgaw.

Photograph of William Dunn Moseley, Lenoir County representative in General Assembly. Donor: Mr. Charles Holloman, Raleigh.

Miscellaneous pictures of the State Banking Commission; Gurney P. Hood, N. C. Commissioner of Banks; North Carolina Bankers Conference; birthplace of Charles B. Aycock; Junior Order of United American Mechanics; miscellaneous (218). Donor: Mr. Gurney P. Hood, Raleigh.

Group photograph made at American Association for State and Local History Convention, including Dr. Christopher Crittenden. Donor: Mrs. Charles E. Hughes, Jr., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Group photograph made at unveiling of tablet at Flat Rock, including Dr. Christopher Crittenden and Mrs. E. A. Anderson. Donor: Mrs. E. A. Anderson, Charlotte.

Picture postcards of Presbyterian Church, Marion; graded school, Marion; "Mountain Express", Marion; high school, High Point; post office, High Point. Donor: Vermont Historical Society, Montpelier, Vermont.

Picture postcards of Andrew Johnson as a young man; Eliza McCordle Johnson as a young woman. Donor: Mrs. Margaret Patterson Bartlett, Greeneville, Tennessee.

Photograph of Mr. William A. Johnson, Engineer, turning on steam to start engine in blanket mill, Draper, for the first time June 22, 1906. Donor: Fieldcrest Mills, Inc., Spray

Seals:

Notary Public Seal for Lessie Pugh. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Silverware:

Silver pitcher and two goblets engraved with inscription " Presented by the Engineers and Mechanics of the N. C. R. R. to T. E. Roberts, Esquire, M. M. March 10, 1860." Donor: Mrs. Mary L. Puls, Arlington, Virginia.

Silver salt spoon made by C. B. Root. Donor: Miss Mary F. Henderson, Chapel Till.

Sterling card case, 1875; silver pen knife. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Spectacles:

Pair of gold-framed reading glasses. Donor: Mrs. C. L. Futrell, Cary.

Pair of reading glasses in silver frames; pince-nez glasses; pair of sun glasses; spectacles case. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Stamps and Envelopes:

Two envelopes from Tryon Palace Restoration with cancellation honoring the opening celebration of the Palace. Museum Collection.

Textiles:

Piece of beige dress lace; piece of white nylon lace; three pieces of white nylon lace edging; three pieces of white nylon lace insertion. Donor: Oxford Fabrics Company, Oxford.

Remnant of blanket woven by slave labor. Donor: Miss Marguerite Barrett, Hollins, Virginia.

Piece of white embroidered linen. Donor: Reverend W. S. Patterson, High Point.

Tobacco:

Thirty-three packages of different brands of cigarettes manufactured in North Carolina; fourteen packages of different brands of smoking tobacco manufactured in North Carolina; nineteen packages of different brands of chewing tobacco and snuff manufactured in North Carolina. Transferred from the Archives.

Blank for a tobacco pipe. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Toilet Articles:

Toothbrush with sterling silver handle; shaving mug; electric curling iron; razor strap. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Straight-edge razor with bone handle; gentleman's traveling case. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Toys:

Child's paint box; small magic lantern. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Wooden cup-and-ball toy. Donor: Miss Sadie McKeithan, Darlington, South Carolina.

Three large marbles. Donor: Mrs. W. H. Trentman, Raleigh.

Doll buggy. Donor: Mrs. Julia F. Coke, Raleigh.

Transportation:

Single ox yoke. Donor: Job P. Wyatt & Sons Company, Raleigh.

Lady's leather saddle; man's leather saddle. Donor: Mrs. Julia F. Coke, Raleigh.

Trunks:

Two brown leather hat boxes. Donor: Mrs. W. H. Trentman, Raleigh.

Small brown leather satchel; small wooden trunk; large trunk. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Leather stage coach trunk; round metal hat box. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

War Relics:

Confederate battle flag. Purchased.

Silk service flag; wool service flag. Donor: Mrs. Harold Pegram, Selma.

Two Kentucky-style percussion rifles; Revolutionary-period leather war bag; powder horn; Manhattan Navy revolver, 1864. Purchased from Mr. H. B. Garden, Rockingham.

Pocket-model Colt pistol, 1849; pocket-model Colt, 1849; pocket-model Colt, 1872; three flintlock pistols, 1841, 1838, 1760; Whitney revolver; pin-fire revolver; percussion cannon pistol; Gallager breech-loading rifle, 1860; Sharps carbine, 1859; Wesson & Leavitt revolving rifle; U. S. musket, 1830; U. S. Springfield, 1878; Springfield rifle, 1839; percussion rifle, 1863; percussion musket, 1863; Enfield percussion rifle, 1863; Fayetteville musket, 1864; Springfield carbine, 1860; Springfield percussion rifle, 1860; percussion rifle; Springfield percussion rifle, 1851; Plains rifle; six Kentucky rifles; three war bags, five powder horns; copper powder flask; bayonet and sheath; U. S. bayonet, 1900; home-made bowie knife; bullet mold. Depositor: Mr. W. C. Elder, Burlington.

Colt pocket revolver, 1849. Depositor: Mr. Harold McQuaig, Brinston, Ontario, Canada.

Colt Frontier six shooter. Donor: Mr. P. N. Walker, Raleigh.

U. S. rifle calibre .30 M 1; 1903 Springfield rifle. Donor: United States Marine Corps, Washington, D. C.

Percussion rifle, 1852; flintlock rifle; English-made shotgun; bolt-action rifle, 1877; Kentucky rifle; Spencer repeating rifle; two copper powder flasks; leather powder flask; powder horn. Transferred from the State Museum of Natural History.

Union officer's cavalry sword and scabbard. Donor: Mr. Alvis M. Rich, Burlington.

Six lead shot which were plowed up near the Alamance Battleground Monument. Depositor: Mr. Charles W. Keck, Burlington.

Brass sword guard. Donor: Mr. William R. West, Burlington.

Insignia of a general officer of the Army of the Confederate States of America. Transferred from the Archives.

Ball and powder flask; cartridge case; English telescope; two Spanish-American War belts; officer's red sash and sword knot, Civil War period; Revolutionary War sash; Confederate battle flag; shell made at the Charlotte Navy Yard; dispatch box; eight items of decoration for uniform of an Inspector General of the North Carolina Militia; dress hat of an Inspector General of the North Carolina Militia; Spanish-American War spurs; collar ornament of the North Carolina Artillery. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Weights and Measures:

Kitchen scales; one-fourth-pound weight; one-half-pound weight; one-pound weight; two-pound weight. Donor: Mrs. Thomas Stamps, Raleigh.

Surveyor's hand level in wooden case; physician's scales in case. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Woodwork:

Block of wood taken from the original building of St. John's College, Oxford, North Carolina. Donor: Mr. Earley W. Bridges, Greensboro.

Basket carved from a walnut shell; nutcrackers carved in the form of a man; hand-carved wooden jar. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

Writing:

Slate; cast iron ink set; ink well for desk. Donor: The Estate of Mr. J. M. Pugh, Morrisville.

Portable writing desk; square glass inkwell. Donor: Mrs. W. H. Trentman, Raleigh.

Gold pen which belonged to Andrew Johnson. Depositor: Mrs. Margaret Patterson Bartlett, Greeneville, Tennessee.

Lap desk used during the Mexican War. Donor: Mrs. Wilbur H. Royster, Raleigh.

Mother-of-pearl pen; lady's lap desk; four small metal pencils. Transferred from the University of North Carolina Library.

APPENDIX XXIII

REGISTRATION AT THE HALL OF HISTORY BY STATE
AND FOREIGN COUNTRY, 1958-1960*From the United States*

Alabama	41	Nevada	1
Alaska	4	New Hampshire	2
Arkansas	10	New Jersey	46
California	107	New Mexico	8
Colorado	58	New York	141
Connecticut	25	North Carolina	84,179
Delaware	17	North Dakota	1
Florida	141	Ohio	67
Georgia	86	Oklahoma	24
Illinois	48	Oregon	10
Indiana	30	Pennsylvania	74
Iowa	21	Rhode Island	14
Kansas	17	South Carolina	59
Kentucky	23	Tennessee	46
Louisiana	13	Texas	59
Maine	9	Utah	2
Maryland	63	Vermont	1
Massachusetts	30	Virginia	194
Michigan	17	Washington	13
Minnesota	12	West Virginia	42
Missouri	21	Wisconsin	13
Mississippi	24	District of Columbia	42
Montana	7		
Nebraska	12	Total	85,874

From United States Territories and Foreign Countries

Australia	3	Morocco	1
Austria	2	Netherlands	1
Brazil	1	Norway	1
Canada	18	Pakistan	1
Chile	1	Portugal	1
China	1	Russia	1
Cuba	2	Sicily	1
Denmark	1	South America	3
England	10	Spain	1
France	1	Sweden	1
Germany	7	Tiawan	1
Holland	1	Turkey	1
India	1	Wales	1
Iran	1		
Italy	1	Total	67
Jamaica	1	Grand Total	85,941
Mexico	1		

APPENDIX XXIV

VOLUMES, PAMPHLETS, LEAFLETS, AND CHARTS MAILED PER QUARTER

1958	
July, August, September	1,872
October, November, December	5,991
1959	
January, February, March	7,147
April, May, June	6,976
July, August, September	1,715
October, November, December	6,764
1960	
January, February, March	13,281
April, May, June	13,960
Total	57,706

APPENDIX XXV

PAID-UP SUBSCRIPTIONS, NEW OR RENEWAL FOR *The North**Carolina Historical Review* PER QUARTER

1958	
July, August, September	289
October, November, December	386
1959	
January, February, March	287
April, May, June	284
July, August, September	370
October, November, December	447
1960	
January, February, March	159
April, May, June	282
Total	2,504

APPENDIX XXVI

COPIES OF *The North Carolina Historical Review* MAILED PER ISSUE

July, 1958, issue	1,249	October, 1959, issue	1,476
October, 1958, issue	1,354	January, 1960, issue	1,504
January, 1959, issue	1,319	April, 1960, issue	1,575
April, 1959, issue	1,408	Total	11,205
July, 1959, issue	1,321		

APPENDIX XXVII

BACK ISSUES OF *The North Carolina Historical Review*

MAILED PER QUARTER

1958

July, August, September	235
October, November, December	87

1959

January, February, March	117
April, May, June	97
July, August, September	111
October, November, December	150

1960

January, February, March	161
April, May, June	99
Total	1,057

APPENDIX XXVIII

ARTICLES PUBLISHED IN *The North Carolina Historical Review*

- "The Warrenton Female Academy of Jacob Mordecai, 1809-1818," by Stanley L. Falk (July, 1958)
- "John Branch and the Origins of the Whig Party in North Carolina," by William S. Hoffmann (July, 1958)
- "Educational Attitudes of North Carolina Baptists," by David L. Smiley (July, 1958)
- "The Era of the Opera House in Piedmont North Carolina," by Donald J. Rulfs (July, 1958)
- "French-American Trade During the Confederation, 1781-1789," by John F. Stover (October, 1958)
- "The Oconaluftee Valley, 1800-1860: A Study of the Sources for Mountain History," by Robert S. Lambert (October, 1958)
- "Appleton Oaksmith, Filibuster Agent," by John J. TePaske (October, 1958)
- "The Economic Status of the Town Negro in Post-Reconstruction North Carolina," by Frenise A. Logan (October, 1958)
- "The Outer Banks of North Carolina During the Revolutionary War," by Norman C. Delaney (January, 1959)
- "François X. Martin and His *History of North Carolina*," by W. B. Yearns (January, 1959)
- "Certain Aspects of Medical Practice in Ante-Bellum Burke County," by Edward W. Phifer (January, 1959)
- "An Aspect of Church and State Relations in the Confederacy: South-

- ern Protestantism and the Office of Army Chaplain," by W. Harrison Daniel (January, 1959)
- "The North Carolina Institute of Education, 1831-1834," by William Gordon Kornegay (April, 1959)
- "We've Come a Long Way: History and Historical Activities in North Carolina," by Christopher Crittenden (April, 1959)
- "Lest We Forget: North Carolina's Commemoration of the War Between the States," by Hugh Dortch (April, 1959)
- "Tweetsie," by Julian Scheer (April, 1959)
- "Belle-Lettres in North Carolina, 1957-1958," by James S. Purcell (April, 1959)
- "A Review of North Carolina Non-Fiction, 1957-1958," by Roy Parker, Jr. (April, 1959)
- "Education for the People," by D. J. Whitener (April, 1959)
- "The Most Mistreated of Presidents," by Harry S. Truman (April, 1959)
- "North Carolina Bibliography, 1957-1958," by William S. Powell (April, 1959)
- "North Carolina's Agricultural Journals, 1838-1861: A Crusading Press," by Wesley H. Wallace (July, 1959)
- "Eugene Clyde Brooks: Educational Journalist in North Carolina, 1906-1923," by Willard Badgette Gatewood, Jr. (July, 1959)
- "Furniture Making in High Point," by Charles H. V. Ebert (July, 1959)
- "The North Carolina Records Management Program," by Fannie Memory Blackwelder (July, 1959)
- "The Theater in Asheville from 1879 to 1931," by Donald J. Rulfs (October, 1959)
- "President Garfield and the 'Solid South,'" by Vincent P. De Santis (October, 1959)
- "Problems of Writing a College History," by Francis B. Dedmond (October, 1959)
- "A North Carolina Gaelic Bard," by Charles W. Dunn (October, 1959)
- "Opinion in North Carolina Regarding the Acquisition of Texas and Cuba, 1835-1855," by George H. Gibson (January-April, 1960)
- "Money, Banking, and Burke County in the Ante-Bellum Era," by Edward W. Phifer (January, 1960)
- "The Appalachian National Park Movement, 1885-1901," by Charles Dennis Smith (January, 1960)
- "North Carolina's Role in the Establishment of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park," by Willard Badgette Gatewood, Jr. (April, 1960)
- "A Ten-Year Plan for North Carolina," by Henry Belk (April, 1960)
- "Aycock and Universal Education," by Robert B. House (April, 1960)
- "North Carolina Fiction, Drama, and Verse, 1958-1959," by Daniel W. Patterson (April, 1960)
- "A Look at North Carolina Non-Fiction, 1958-1959," by John Paul Lucas, Jr. (April, 1960)

- "Culture in North Carolina Today," by Richard Walser (April, 1960)
 "Commitments and Choices," by John A. Krout (April, 1960)
 "North Carolina Bibliography, 1958-1959," by William S. Powell
 (April, 1960)

APPENDIX XXIX

DOCUMENTS OR LETTERS PUBLISHED IN *The North Carolina
Historical Review*

- "A Letter Concerning a Visit to Ocracoke," by C. A. Weslager (July, 1958)
 "The Fort Fisher and Wilmington Campaign: Letters from Rear Admiral David D. Porter," by James M. Merrill (October, 1958)
 "With Calvin H. Wiley in Tennessee through Unpublished Letters," by Mary C. Wiley (January, 1959)
 "Civil War Letters of E. N. Boots from New Bern and Plymouth," edited by Wilfred W. Black (April, 1959)
 "The Journal of Ebenezer Hazard in North Carolina, 1777 and 1778," edited by Hugh Buckner Johnston (July, 1959)
 "The Road to Gettysburg—The Diary and Letters of Leonidas Torrence of the Gaston Guards," edited by Haskell Monroe (October, 1959)
 "Reuben Knox Letters, 1849-1851," edited by Charles W. Turner (January-April, 1960)

APPENDIX XXX

COPIES OF *Carolina Comments* MAILED PER ISSUE

July, 1958, issue	2,092	September, 1959, issue	2,400
September, 1958, issue	2,110	November, 1959, issue	2,427
November, 1958, issue	*	January, 1960, issue	2,512
January, 1959, issue	2,245	March, 1960, issue	2,581
March, 1959, issue	2,295	May, 1960, issue	2,517
May, 1959, issue	2,215	Total	25,817
July, 1959, issue	2,343		

* This issue was combined with the January, 1959, issue.

